Public Service Commission of South Carolina
Tariff Summary Sheet as of December 22, 2011

Frontier Communications of the Carolinas, Inc.

Tariff Service: Access

This document is the complete version of the tariff on file and contains the following approved revisions. Detailed information is available for each revision on the Commission's E Tariff website (http://etariff.psc.sc.gov).

Revision	Date Filed	Effective Date	# of Pages
E2011-391	12/19/11	1/1/12	5
Summary: Introduce a tariff section on Identification and Rating of VoIP-PSTN Traffic in accordance with FCC Order dated November 18, 2011.			
E2011-249	8/31/11	10/1/11	4
Summary: The purpose of this filing is to update the Company name and to make changes to the Expedited Order Charge for access service.			

Regulations, Rates and Charges
applying to the provision of Access Services
for connection to communications facilities
for customers within the operating territories
of the Company

Access Services are provided by means of wire, fiber optics, radio or any other suitable technology or a combination thereof.

Whenever in this Tariff the names New Communications of the Carolinas Inc. d/b/a/ Frontier, Verizon South Inc., Verizon South Inc. d/b/a/ Verizon South Carolina, Verizon South Inc. South Carolina, Contel of South Carolina, Inc. d/b/a GTE (South Carolina) or GTE South Incorporated South Carolina , Company appears, that reference shall be deemed to refer to Frontier Communications of the Carolinas Inc. (C) (C)

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CONCURRING CARRIERS

NO CONCURRING CARRIERS

CONNECTING CARRIERS

NO CONNECTING CARRIERS

OTHER PARTICIPATING CARRIERS

NO OTHER PARTICIPATING CARRIERS

REGISTERED SERVICE MARKS	REGISTERED TRADEMARKS
NONE	NONE

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS

(C) - To signify changed regulation
(D) - To signify discontinued rate or regulation
(I) - To signify increase
(M) - To signify matter relocated without change
(N) - To signify new rate or regulation
(R) - To signify reduction
(S) - To signify reissued matter
(T) - To signify a change in text but no change in rate or regulation
(Z) - To signify a correction

EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS

ac - Alternating current
AML - Actual Measured Loss
ANI - Automatic Number Identification
AP - Program Audio
ASR - Access Service Request
AT&T - American Telephone and Telegraph Company
BD - Business Day
BHMC - Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity
CAROT - Centralized Automatic Reporting on Trunks
CCS7 - Common Channel Signaling System 7
CI - Changes Interface
CO - Central Office
COCTX - Central Office Centrex
Cont'd - Continued
CPE - Customer Provided Equipment
Ctx - Centrex
dB - decibel
dBrnC - Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting
dBrnCO - Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighted O
dBv - Decibel(s) Relative to 1 Volt (Reference)
dBvl - Decibel(s) Relating to 1 Volt (Reference)
dc - direct current
EDD - Envelope Delay Distortion
ELEPL - Equal Level Echo Path Loss
EML - Expected Measured Loss
EPL - Echo Path Loss
ERL - Echo Return Loss
ESS - Electronic Switching System
ESSX - Electronic Switching System Exchange
f - frequency

EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS (Cont'd)

FID	- Field Identifier
FCC	- Federal Communications Commission
FX	- Foreign Exchange
HC	- High Capacity
Hz	- Hertz
IC	- Interexchange Carrier
ICB	- Individual Case Basis
ICL	- Inserted Connection Loss
Kbps	- Kilobits per second
KHZ	- Kilohertz
LATA	- Local Access and Transport Area
Ma	- Milliamperes
Mbps	- Megabits per second
MF	- Multifrequency
MHz	- Megahertz
MMUC	- Minimum Monthly Usage Charge
MRC	- Monthly Recurring Charge
MT	- Metallic
MTS	- Message Telecommunications Service(s)
NPA	- Numbering Plan Area
NRC	- Nonrecurring Charge
NTS	- Non-Traffic Sensitive
NXX	- Three-Digit Central Office Code
OTPL	- Zero Transmission Level Point
PBX	- Private Branch Exchange
PCM	- Pulse Code Modulation
PLP	- Private Line Ringdown
POT	- Point of Terminations
rms	- root-mean-square
RSM	- Remote Switching Modules
RSS	- Remote Switching Systems
SS7	- Signaling System 7
SRL	- Singing Return Loss
SSN	- Switched Service Network
STP	- Signal Transfer Point
SWC	- Serving Wire Center
TES	- Telephone Exchange Service(s)
TLP	- Transmission Level Point
TSP	- Telecommunications Service Priority
TSPS	- Traffic Service Position System
TV	- Television
VG	- Voice Grade
V & H	- Vertical & Horizontal
WA	- Wideband Analog
WATS	- Wide Area Telecommunications Service(s)
WD	- Wideband Data

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1. Application of Tariff

1.1 This tariff contains regulations, rates and charges applicable to the provision of Carrier Common Line, End User Access, Lifeline Assistance, Universal Service Fund, Switched Access and Special Access Services, and other miscellaneous services, hereinafter referred to collectively as service(s), provided by New Communications of the Carolinas, Inc., hereinafter referred to as the Telephone Company, to customers.

The provision of such services by the Telephone Company as set forth in this tariff does not constitute a joint undertaking with the customer for the furnishing of any service.

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2. General Regulations

2.1 Undertaking of the Telephone Company

2.1.1 Scope

(A) The Telephone Company does not undertake to transmit messages under this tariff.

(B) The Telephone Company shall be responsible only for the installation, operation and maintenance of the services it provides.

(C) The Telephone Company will, for maintenance purposes, test its services only to the extent necessary to detect and/or clear troubles.

(D) Services are provided 24 hours daily, seven days per week, except as set forth in other applicable sections of this tariff.

(E) The Telephone Company does not warrant that its facilities and services meet standards other than those set forth in this tariff.

2.1.2 Limitations

(A) The customer may not assign or transfer the use of services provided under this tariff; however, where there is no interruption of use or relocation of the services, such assignment or transfer may be made to:

(1) another customer, whether an individual, partnership, association or corporation, provided the assignee or transferee assumes all outstanding indebtedness for such services, and the unexpired portion of the minimum period and the termination liability applicable to such services, if any; or

(2) a court-appointed receiver, trustee or other person acting pursuant to law in bankruptcy, receivership, reorganization, insolvency, liquidation or other similar proceedings, provided the assignee or transferee assumes the unexpired portion of the minimum period and the termination liability applicable to such services, if any.

In all cases of assignment or transfer, the written acknowledgment of the Telephone Company is required prior to such assignment or transfer which acknowledgment shall be made within 15 days from the receipt of notification. All rates, regulations and conditions contained in this tariff shall apply to such assignee or transferee.

The assignment or transfer of services does not relieve or discharge the assignor or transferor from remaining jointly or severally liable with the assignee or transferee for any obligation existing at the time of the assignment or transfer.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.1 Undertaking of the Telephone Company (Cont'd)

2.1.2 Limitations (Cont'd)

(B) The services offered herein will be provided to customers on a first-come, first-served basis, except as outlined in (D) following.

(C) When an end office is scheduled to be converted to an equal access end office, and a shortage of facilities exists, the Telephone Company will allocate available resources to participating ICs as set forth in 5.1.5(A) following.

2.1.3 Liability

(A) The Telephone Company's liability, if any, for its willful misconduct is not limited by this tariff. With respect to any other claim or suit, by a customer or by any others, for damages associated with the installation, provision, preemption, termination, maintenance, repair or restoration, of service, and subject to the provisions of (B) through (H) following, the Telephone Company's liability if any, shall not exceed an amount equal to the proportionate charge for the service for the period during which the service was affected. This liability for damages shall be in addition to any amounts that may otherwise be due the customer under this tariff as a Credit Allowance for a Service Interruption.

(B) The Telephone Company shall not be liable for any act or omission of any other carrier or customer providing a portion of a service, nor shall the Telephone Company for its own act or omission hold liable any other carrier or customer providing a portion of a service.

(C) The Telephone Company is not liable for damages to the customer premises resulting from the furnishing of a service, including the installation and removal of equipment and associated wiring, unless the damage is caused by the Telephone Company's negligence.

(D) The Telephone Company shall be indemnified, defended and held harmless by the IC or end user against any claim, loss or damage arising from the IC or end user's use of services offered under this tariff, involving:

(1) Claims for libel, slander, invasion of privacy, or infringement of copyright arising from the IC or end user's own communications.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.1 Undertaking of the Telephone Company (Cont'd)

2.1.3 Liability (Cont'd)

(D) (Cont'd)

(2) Claims for patent infringement arising from the customer's acts combining or using the service furnished by the Telephone Company in connection with facilities or equipment furnished by the IC or end user or;

(3) All other claims arising out of any act or omission of the IC or end user in the course of using services provided pursuant to this tariff.

(E) The Telephone Company does not guarantee or make any warranty with respect to its services when used in an explosive atmosphere. The Telephone Company shall be indemnified, defended and held harmless by the customer from any and all claims by any person relating to such customer's use of services so provided.

(F) No license under patents (other than the limited license to use) is granted by the Telephone Company or shall be implied or arise by estoppel, with respect to any service offered under this tariff.

(G) The Telephone Company's failure to provide or maintain services under this tariff shall be excused by labor difficulties, governmental orders, civil commotions, criminal actions taken against the Telephone Company, acts of God and other circumstances beyond the Telephone Company's reasonable control, subject to the Credit Allowance for a Service Interruption as set forth in 2.4.4 following.

2.1.4 Provision of Services

The Telephone Company, to the extent that such services are or can be made available with reasonable effort, and after provision has been made for the Telephone Company's telephone exchange services, will provide to the customer upon reasonable notice services offered in other applicable sections of this tariff at rates and charges specified therein.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.1 Undertaking of the Telephone Company (Cont'd)

2.1.5 Installation and Termination of Services

The services provided under this tariff (A) will include any entrance cable or drop wiring and wire or intrabuilding cable to that point where provision is made for termination of the Telephone Company's outside distribution network facilities at a location at the customer-designated premises and (B) will be installed by the Telephone Company to such Point of Termination. The Telephone Company will work cooperatively with the customer to determine the location of the Point of Termination in accordance with the Telephone Company's standard operating procedures.

Each Access Service has only one Point of Termination per customer premises. Any additional terminations beyond such Point of Termination are the sole responsibility of the customer. Moves of the Point of Termination are handled as set forth in 6.5.4(C) and 7.2.1(D)(3) following.

2.1.6 Maintenance of Services

The services provided under this tariff shall be maintained by the Telephone Company. The customer or others may not rearrange, move, disconnect, remove or attempt to repair any facilities provided by the Telephone Company, other than by connection or disconnection to any interface means used, except with the written consent of the Telephone Company.

2.1.7 Changes, Substitutions and Rearrangements

Except as provided for equipment and systems subject to FCC Part 68 Regulations at 47 C.F.R Section 68.110(b), the Telephone Company may, where such action is reasonably required in the operation of its business;

(A) Substitute, change or rearrange any facilities used in providing service under this tariff, including but not limited to;
- (1) substitution of different metallic facilities,
- (2) substitution of carrier or derived facilities for metallic facilities used to provide other than metallic facilities, and
- (3) substitution of metallic facilities for carrier or derived facilities used to provide other than metallic facilities; and
- (4) change in the routing of access service traffic.

(B) Change minimum protection criteria;

(C) Change operating or maintenance characteristics of facilities or,

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.1 Undertaking of the Telephone Company (Cont'd)

2.1.7 Changes, Substitutions and Rearrangements (Cont'd)

(D) Change operations or procedures of the Telephone Company.

In case of any such substitution, change or rearrangement, the transmission parameters will be within the range as set forth in 6., 7. and 9. following. The Telephone Company shall not be responsible if any such substitution, change or rearrangement renders any customer furnished services obsolete or requires modification or alteration thereof or otherwise affects their use or performance. If such substitution, change or rearrangement materially affects the operating characteristics of the facility, the Telephone Company will provide reasonable notification to the customer in writing. Reasonable time will be allowed for any redesign and implementation required by the change in operating characteristics. The Telephone Company will work cooperatively with the customer to determine reasonable notification procedures.

2.1.8 Refusal and Discontinuance of Service

(A) Unless the provisions of 2.2.1(B) or 2.5 following apply, if a customer fails to comply with the regulations set forth in: 2.1.6; Maintenance of Service, 2.2.2; Unlawful Use, 2.3.1; Damages, 2.3.4; Availability for Testing, 2.3.5; Balance, and 2.4; Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances, or fails to make any payment to be made by it on the dates and times herein specified, the Telephone Company may, on thirty (30) days written notice by Certified U.S. Mail to the person designated by that customer to receive such notices of noncompliance:

(1) Refuse additional applications for service and/or refuse to complete any pending orders for service by the non-complying customer; and/or

(2) Discontinue the provision of the services to the noncomplying customer. In the case of such discontinuance, all applicable charges including termination charges shall become due.

If the Telephone Company does not refuse additional applications for service on the date specified in the thirty (30) days notice given pursuant to (1) above, or does not discontinue its provision of services involved on the date specified in the thirty (30) day notice given pursuant to (2) above and the customer's noncompliance continues, nothing contained herein shall preclude the Telephone Company's right to refuse additional applications for service to the non-complying customer without further notice.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.1 Undertaking of the Telephone Company (Cont'd)

2.1.8 Refusal and Discontinuance of Service (Cont'd)

(B) When access service is provided by more than one Telephone Company, the Companies involved in providing the joint service may individually or collectively deny service to a customer for nonpayment. Where the Telephone Company(s) affected by the nonpayment is incapable of effecting discontinuance of service without cooperation from the other joint providers of Switched Access Service, such other Telephone Company(s) will, if technically feasible, assist in denying the joint service to the customer. Service denial for such joint service will only include calls originating or terminating within, or transiting, the operating territory of the Telephone Companies initiating the service denial for nonpayment. When more than one of the joint providers must deny service to effectuate termination for nonpayment in cases where a conflict exists in the applicable tariff provisions, the tariff regulations of the end office Telephone Company shall apply for joint service discontinuance.

2.1.9 Limitation of Use of Metallic Facilities

Signals applied to a metallic facility shall conform to the limitations set forth in Technical Reference Publication AS No. 1. In the case of applications of dc telegraph signaling systems, the customer shall be responsible, at its expense, for the provision of current limiting devices to protect the Telephone Company facilities from excessive current due to abnormal conditions and for the provision of noise mitigation networks when required to reduce excessive noise.

2.1.10 Notification of Service-Affecting Activities

The Telephone Company will provide the customer reasonable notification of service-affecting activities that may occur in normal operation of its business. Such activities may include, but are not limited to, equipment or facilities additions, removals or rearrangements, routine preventative maintenance and major switching machine change-out. Generally, such activities are not individual customer service specific, they affect many customer services. No specific advance notification period is applicable to all service-affecting activities. The Telephone Company will work cooperatively with the customer to determine the notification requirements.

2.1.11 Coordination with Respect to Network Contingencies

The Telephone Company intends to work cooperatively with the customer to develop network contingency plans in order to maintain maximum network capability following natural or man-made disasters which affect telecommunications services.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.1 Undertaking of the Telephone Company (Cont'd)

2.1.12 Provision and Ownership of Telephone Numbers

The Telephone Company reserves the reasonable right to assign, designate or change telephone numbers, any other call number designations associated with Access Services, or the Telephone Company serving central office prefixes associated with such numbers, when necessary in the conduct of its business. Should it become necessary to make a change in such number(s), the Telephone Company will furnish to the customer 6 months notice, by Certified U.S. Mail, of the effective date and an explanation of the reason(s) for such change(s).

2.2 Use

2.2.1 Interference or Impairment

(A) The characteristics and methods of operation of any circuits, facilities or equipment provided by other than the Telephone Company and associated with the facilities utilized to provide services under this tariff shall not interfere with or impair service over any facilities of the Telephone Company, its affiliated companies, or its connecting and concurring carriers involved in its services, cause damage to their plant, impair the privacy of any communications carried over their facilities or create hazards to the employees of any of them or the public.

(B) Except as provided for equipment or systems subject to the FCC Part 68 Rules in 47 C.F.R Section 68.108, if such characteristics or methods of operation are not in accordance with (A) preceding, the Telephone Company will, where practicable, notify the customer that temporary discontinuance of the use of a service may be required; however, where prior notice is not practicable, nothing contained herein shall be deemed to preclude the Telephone Company's right to temporarily discontinue forthwith the use of a service if such action is reasonable under the circumstances. In case of such temporary discontinuance, the customer will be promptly notified and afforded the opportunity to correct the condition which gave rise to the temporary discontinuance. During such period of temporary discontinuance, credit allowance for service interruptions as set forth in 2.4.4 following is not applicable.

2.2.2 Unlawful Use

The service provided under this tariff shall not be used for an unlawful purpose.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the Customer

2.3.1 Damages

The customer shall reimburse the Telephone Company for damages to Telephone Company facilities utilized to provide services under this tariff caused by the negligence or willful act of the customer, or resulting from the customer's improper use of the Telephone Company facilities, or due to malfunction of any facilities or equipment provided by other than the Telephone Company. Nothing in the foregoing provision shall be interpreted to hold one customer liable for another customer's actions. The Telephone Company will, upon reimbursement for damages, cooperate with the customer in prosecuting a claim against the person causing such damage and the customer shall be subrogated to the right of recovery by the Telephone Company for the damages to the extent of such payment.

2.3.2 Ownership of Facilities and Theft

Facilities utilized by the Telephone Company to provide service under the provisions of this tariff shall remain the property of the Telephone Company. Such facilities shall be returned to the Telephone Company by the customer, whenever requested, within a reasonable period following the request in as good condition as reasonable wear will permit.

2.3.3 Equipment Space and Power

The customer shall furnish or arrange to have furnished to the Telephone Company, at no charge, equipment space and electrical power required by the Telephone Company to provide services under this tariff at the points of termination of such services. The selection of ac or dc power shall be mutually agreed to by the customer and the Telephone Company. The customer shall also make necessary arrangements in order that the Telephone Company will have access to such spaces at reasonable times for installing, testing, repairing or removing Telephone Company services.

2.3.4 Availability for Testing

The services provided under this tariff shall be available to the Telephone Company at times mutually agreed upon in order to permit the Telephone Company to make tests and adjustments appropriate for maintaining the services in satisfactory operating condition. Such tests and adjustments shall be completed within a reasonable time. No credit will be allowed for any interruptions involved during such tests and adjustments.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the Customer (Cont'd)

2.3.5 Balance

All signals for transmission over the services provided under this tariff shall be delivered by the customer balanced to ground except for ground start, duplex (DX) and McCulloh-Loop (Alarm System) type signaling and dc telegraph transmission at speeds of 75 baud or less.

2.3.6 Design of Customer Services

Subject to the provisions of 2.1.7 preceding, the customer shall be solely responsible, at its own expense, for the overall design of its services and for any redesigning or rearrangement of its services which may be required because of changes in facilities, operations or procedures of the Telephone Company, minimum protection criteria or operating or maintenance characteristics of the facilities.

2.3.7 References to the Telephone Company

The customer may advise End Users that certain services are provided by the Telephone Company in connection with the service the customer furnishes to End Users; however, the customer shall not represent that the Telephone Company jointly participates in the customer's services.

2.3.8 Claims and Demands for Damages

(A) With respect to claims of patent infringement made by third persons, the customer shall defend, indemnify, protect and save harmless the Telephone Company from and against all claims arising out of the combining with, or use in connection with, the services provided under this tariff, any circuit, apparatus, system or method provided by the customer.

(B) The customer shall defend, indemnify and save harmless the Telephone Company from and against any suits, claims, losses or damages, including punitive damages, attorney fees and court costs by third persons arising out of the construction, installation, operation, maintenance, or removal of the customer's circuits, facilities, or equipment connected to the Telephone Company's services provided under this tariff, including, without limitation, Workmen's Compensation claims, actions for infringement of copyright and/or unauthorized use of program material, libel and slander actions based on the content of communications transmitted over the customer's circuits, facilities or equipment, and proceedings to recover taxes, fines, or penalties for failure of the customer to obtain or maintain in effect any necessary certificates, permits, licenses, or other authority to acquire or operate the services provided under this tariff; provided, however, the foregoing indemnification shall not apply to suits, claims, and demands to recover damages for damage to property, death, or personal injury unless such suits, claims or demands are based on the tortuous conduct of the customer, its officers, agents or employees.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the Customer (Cont'd)

2.3.8 Claims and Demands for Damages (Cont'd)

(C) The customer shall defend, indemnify and save harmless the Telephone Company from and against any suits, claims, losses or damages, including punitive damages, attorney fees and court costs by the customer or third parties arising out of any act or omission of the customer in the course of using services provided under this tariff.

2.3.9 Coordination with Respect to Network Contingencies

The customer shall, in cooperation with the Telephone Company, coordinate in planning the actions to be taken to maintain maximum network capability following natural or man-made disasters which affect telecommunications services.

2.3.10 Sectionalization and Trouble Reporting

The customer will be responsible for reporting troubles sectionalized to Telephone Company facilities and/or equipment. When trouble cannot be clearly sectionalized to the Telephone Company facilities and/or equipment, the Telephone Company will test cooperatively or independently to assist in trouble sectionalization.

2.3.11 Identification and Rating Of VoIP-PSTN Traffic (N)

(A) Scope

(1) VoIP-PSTN Traffic is defined as traffic exchanged between the Telephone Company end user and the customer in time division multiplexing ("TDM") format that originates and/or terminates in Internet protocol ("IP") format. This section governs the identification of VoIP-PSTN Traffic that is required to be compensated at interstate access rates by the Federal Communications Commission in its Report and Order in WC Docket Nos. 10-90, etc., FCC Release No. 11-161 (Nov. 18, 2011) ("FCC Order"). Specifically, this section establishes the method of separating such traffic (referred to in this tariff as "Relevant VoIP-PSTN Traffic") from the customer's traditional intrastate access traffic, so that such Relevant VoIP-PSTN Traffic can be billed in accordance with the FCC Order.

(2) This section will be applied to the billing of switched access charges to a customer that is a local exchange carrier only to the extent that the customer has also implemented billing of interstate access charges for Relevant VoIP-PSTN Traffic in accordance with the FCC Order.

(B) Rating of VoIP-PSTN Traffic

The Relevant VoIP-PSTN Traffic identified in accordance with this tariff section will be billed at rates equal to the Telephone Company's applicable tariffed interstate switched access rates as specified in the Telephone Company's applicable federal access tariff. (N)

Some material previously shown on this page now appears on Original Page 10.2. (N)

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the Customer (Cont'd)

2.3.11 Identification and Rating Of VoIP-PSTN Traffic (Cont'd) (N)

(C) Calculation and Application of Percent-VoIP-Usage Factor

The Telephone Company will determine the number of Relevant VoIP-PSTN Traffic minutes of use ("MOU") to which interstate rates will be applied under subsection (B), above, by applying a Percent VoIP Usage ("PVU") factor to the total terminating intrastate access MOU received by the Telephone Company from the customer. The PVU will be derived and applied as follows:

(1) The customer will calculate and furnish to the Telephone Company a factor (the "PVU") representing the percentage of the total intrastate and interstate access MOU that the customer terminates to the Telephone Company in the State that is sent to the Telephone Company and that originated in IP format. This PVU shall be based on information such as traffic studies, actual call detail, or other relevant and verifiable information.

(2) The Telephone Company will apply the PVU factor to the total terminating intrastate access MOU received from the customer to determine the number of Relevant VoIP-PSTN Traffic MOUs.

(3) If the customer does not furnish the Telephone Company with a PVU pursuant to the preceding paragraph 1, the Telephone Company will utilize a PVU equal to zero.

(D) Initial PVU Factor

If the PVU factor is not available and/or cannot be implemented in the Telephone Company's billing systems by January 1, 2012, once the factor is available and can be implemented the Telephone Company will adjust the customer's bills to reflect the PVU retroactively to January 1, 2012. This retroactive adjustment will be made to January 1, 2012, provided that the customer provides the factor to the Telephone Company no later than April 15, 2012; otherwise, it will set the initial PVU equal to zero, as specified in subsection (C)(1), above. (N)

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the Customer (Cont'd)

2.3.11 Identification and Rating Of VoIP-PSTN Traffic (Cont'd) (N)

(E) PVU Factor Updates

The customer may update the PVU factor quarterly using the method set forth in subsection (C)(1), above. If the customer chooses to submit such updates, it shall forward to the Telephone Company, no later than 15 days after the first day of January, April, July and/or October of each year, a revised PVU factor based on data for the prior three months, ending the last day of December, March, June and September, respectively. The revised PVU factor will apply prospectively and serve as the basis for billing until superseded by a new PVU.

(F) PVU Factor Verification

Not more than four times in any year, the Telephone Company may ask the customer to verify the PVU factor furnished to the Telephone Company. The party so requested shall comply, and shall reasonably provide the records and other information used to determine the PVU factors. (N)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (M)

2.4.1 Payment of Rates, Charges and Deposits

(A) Deposits

The Telephone Company will, in order to safeguard its interests, only require a customer which has a proven history of late payments to the Telephone Company or does not have established credit, to make a deposit prior to or at any time after the provision of a service to the customer to be held by the Telephone Company as a guarantee of the payment of rates and charges. No such deposit will be required of a customer which is a successor of a company which has established credit and has no history of late payments to the Telephone Company. Such deposit may not exceed the actual or estimated rates and charges for the service for a two month period. The fact that a deposit has been made in no way relieves the customer from complying with the Telephone Company's regulations as to the prompt payment of bills. At such time as the provision of the service to the customer is terminated, the amount of the deposit will be credited to the customer's account and any credit balance which may remain will be refunded. (M)

(M) Material moved from Page 10. (N)

2 . General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.1 Payment of Rates, Charges and Deposits (Cont'd)

(A) Deposits (Cont'd)

Such a deposit will be refunded or credited to the account when the customer has established credit or, in any event, after the customer has established a one-year prompt payment record at any time prior to the termination of the provision of the service to the customer. In case of a cash deposit, for the period the deposit is held by the Telephone Company, the customer will receive simple annual interest at the percentage rate specified in the Telephone Company General and/or Local Tariff. Should a deposit be credited to the customer's account, as indicated above, no interest will accrue on the deposit from the date such deposit is credited to the customer's account.

(B) Payment of Rates and Charges

The Telephone Company shall bill on a current basis all charges incurred by and credits due to the customer under this tariff attributable to services established or discontinued during the preceding billing period. In addition, the Telephone Company shall bill in advance charges for all services to be provided during the ensuing billing period except for charges associated with service usage and for the Federal Government which will be billed in arrears. The bill day (i.e., the billing date of a bill for a customer for Access Service under this tariff), the period of service each bill covers and the payment date will be as follows:

(1) For End User Access Service and Presubscription Service, the Telephone Company will establish a bill day each month for each end user account. The bill will cover End User Access Service charges for the ensuing billing period except for End User Access Service for the Federal Government which will be billed in arrears. Any applicable Presubscription Charges, any known unbilled charges for prior periods and any known unbilled adjustments for prior periods for End User Access Service and Presubscription Service will be applied to this bill. Such bills are due when rendered.

(2) For Switched Access Service, Special Access Service, and Miscellaneous Service charges, the Telephone Company will establish a bill day each month for each customer account. The bill will cover nonusage sensitive service charges for the ensuing billing period for which the bill is rendered, any known unbilled nonusage sensitive charges for prior periods and unbilled usage charges for the period after the last bill day through the current bill day. Any known unbilled usage charges for prior periods and known unbilled adjustments will be applied to this bill. Payment for such bills is due as set forth in (3) following. If payment is not received by the payment date, as set forth in (3) following in immediately available funds, a late payment penalty will apply as set forth in (C) following.

ISSUED: June 18, 2010
BY: Vice President
Rochester, New York

EFFECTIVE: July 1, 2010

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.1 Payment of Rates, Charges and Deposits (Cont'd)

(B) Payment of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(3) All bills dated as set forth in (2) preceding for service, provided to the customer by the Telephone Company are due 31 days (payment date) after the bill date or by the next bill date (i.e., same date in the following month as the bill date), whichever is the shortest interval, except as provided herein, and are payable in immediately available funds. If such payment date would cause payment to be due on a Saturday, Sunday or Holiday (i.e., New Year's Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, the first Tuesday in November and the day when Washington's Birthday, Memorial Day or Columbus Day is legally observed), payment for such bills will be due from the customer as follows:

If such payment date falls on Sunday or on a Holiday which is observed on a Monday, the payment date shall be the first non-Holiday day following such Sunday or Holiday. If such payment date falls on a Saturday or on a Holiday which is observed on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday, the payment date shall be the last non-Holiday day preceding such Saturday or Holiday.

(C) Late Payment Penalty

If any portion of the payment is received by the Telephone Company after the payment date as set forth in (B)(3)preceding, or if any portion of the payment is received by the Telephone Company in funds which are not immediately available to the Telephone Company, then a late payment penalty shall be due to the Telephone Company in addition to the outstanding amount. The late payment penalty shall be the portion of the payment not received by the payment date times 1% per month or 12% annually.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.1 Payment of Rates, Charges and Deposits (Cont'd)

(D) Billing Disputes

In the event that a billing dispute occurs concerning any charges billed to the customer by the Telephone Company the following regulations will apply.

(1) The date of the dispute shall be the date on which the customer furnishes the Telephone Company sufficient documentation to investigate the claim. Documentation must include, at the minimum, the account number under which the bill has been rendered, the date of the bill, the specific items on the bill being disputed, and, when possible, the applicable tariff section if the dispute is predicated on a tariff rate or regulation.

(2) The date of resolution shall be the date on which the Telephone Company completes its investigation of the dispute, notifies the customer of the disposition and applies a credit for the amount of the dispute resolved in the customer's favor or late payment penalty as appropriate. The Telephone Company will work cooperatively with any customer to resolve billing disputes.

(3) If a billing dispute is resolved in favor of the Telephone Company, any payments withheld pending resolution of the dispute shall be subject to the late payment penalty as set forth in (C) preceding.

(4) If the customer pays the total billed amount and disputes all or part of the amount, the Telephone Company will refund any overpayment and will apply a credit for a disputed amount penalty as set forth in (a) and (b) following.

(a) If a customer disputes a bill within ninety (90) days of the payment date established by the Telephone Company, and the billing dispute is resolved in favor of the customer, the customer will receive a credit for a disputed amount penalty from the Telephone Company for the period starting with the date of overpayment and ending on the date of resolution. The credit for a disputed amount penalty shall be an amount equal to the disputed amount resolved in the customer's favor times a penalty factor as set forth below.

(b) If a customer disputes a bill after ninety (90) days from the payment date established by the Telephone Company, and the billing dispute is resolved in favor of the customer, the customer will receive a credit for a disputed amount penalty from the Telephone Company for the period starting with the latter of the date of claim or date of overpayment and ending on the date of resolution. The credit for a disputed amount penalty shall be an amount equal to the disputed amount resolved in the customer's favor times 1% per month or 12% annually.

ISSUED: June 18, 2010
BY: Vice President
Rochester, New York

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.1 Payment of Rates, Charges and Deposits (Cont'd)

(E) Billing Adjustments and Rounding

Adjustments for the quantities of services established or discontinued in any billing period beyond the minimum period set forth for services in other sections of this tariff will be prorated to the number of days or major fraction of days based on a 30 day month. When a rate as set forth in this tariff is shown to more than two decimal places, the charges will be determined using the rate shown. The resulting amount will then be rounded to the nearest penny (i.e., rounded to two decimal places).

(F) Provision of Access Service Billing and Bill Verification

(1) The Telephone Company will, upon reasonable request and if available, furnish such detailed information as may be required for verification of any bill.

(2) The customer will receive its monthly bills in a standard paper format, or, at the customer's option, on magnetic tape in standard industry format for those access services for which the Telephone Company is technically capable of providing magnetic tape billing. Additional copies of the customer's bill may be provided in standard paper format at the rates and charges set forth in (3) following. When the customer requests a paper copy of the customer's bill in addition to the customer bill provided on magnetic tape, the rate set forth in (3) following shall apply per page.

		Rate
(3)	Additional copies of the customer's monthly bill or service and features record in standard paper format, per page	$0.10

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.2 Minimum Periods

The minimum period for which services are provided are for which rates and charges are applicable is one month except as otherwise specified. The minimum period for which service is provided and for which rates and charges are applicable for a Specialized Service or Arrangement provided on an individual case basis as set forth in 12 following, is one month unless a different minimum period is established which the individual case filing. When a service is discontinued prior to the expiration of the minimum period, charges are applicable, whether the service is used or not, as follows:

(A) When a service with a one month minimum period is discontinued prior to the expiration of the minimum period, a one month charge will apply at the rate level in effect at the time service is discontinued.

(B) When a service with a minimum period greater than one month is discontinued prior to the expiration of the minimum period, the applicable charge will be the lesser of:

(1) the Telephone Company's total non-recoverable costs less the net salvage value for the discontinued service, or

(2) the total monthly charges, at the rate level in effect at the time service is discontinued, for the remainder of the minimum period.

2.4.3 Cancellation of an Order for Service

Provisions for the cancellation of an order for service are set forth in Section 5.3.2 following.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.4 Credit Allowances for Service Interruption

(A) General

A service is interrupted when it becomes unusable to the customer because of failure of a facility component used to furnish service under this tariff or in the event that the protective controls applied by the Telephone Company result in the complete loss of service by the customer as set forth following. An interruption period starts when an inoperative service is reported to, or discovered by, the Telephone Company designated trouble reporting office and ends when the service is operative. The customer is responsible for sectionalizing trouble to the Telephone Company facilities and/or equipment as set forth in 2.3.10 preceding.

In case of an interruption to any service, allowance for the period of interruption, if not due to the negligence of the customer, shall be calculated as set forth in (B) and (C) following. Interruptions for which no credit allowance applies are set forth in (D) following.

The credit allowance for an interruption or for a series of interruptions shall not exceed the monthly rate and minimum monthly usage charge for the service interrupted in any one monthly billing period.

For purposes of this section of the tariff, "major fraction" is defined as that time period representing one-half or more of the incremental time period used to apply the credit allowance for those specific services listed in (B) following.

Service interruptions for Specialized Service or Arrangements provided under the provisions of 12. following shall be administered in the same manner as those set forth in this section (2.4.4) unless other regulations are specified with the individual case filing.

(B) Special Access Services

(1) For Special Access Services other than Program Audio and Video Services, and for Switched Access Entrance Facilities, Direct-Trunked Transport and Multiplexing services, no credit shall be allowed for an interruption of less than 30 minutes. The customer shall be credited for an interruption of 30 minutes or more at the rate of 1/1440 of the monthly charges for the facility or service for each period of 30 minutes or major fraction thereof that the interruption continues.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.4 Credit Allowances for Service Interruption (Cont'd)

(B) Special Access Services (Cont'd)

(1) (Cont'd)

The monthly charges used to determine the credit shall be as follows:

(a) For two point services, the monthly charge subject to credit shall be the total of all the monthly rate element charges associated with the service (i.e., two circuit terminations, circuit mileage and optional features and functions).

(b) For multipoint services, the monthly charge subject to credit shall be only the total of all the monthly rate element charges associated with that portion of the service that is inoperative (i.e., a circuit termination per customer premises, circuit mileage and optional features and functions).

(c) For multiplexed services, the monthly charge subject to credit shall be the total of all the monthly rate element charges associated with that portion of the service that is inoperative. When the facility which is multiplexed or the multiplexer itself is inoperative, the monthly charge shall be the total of all the monthly rate element charges associated with the service (i.e., the circuit termination, circuit mileage and optional features and functions, including the multiplexer on the facility to the hub, and the circuit terminations, circuit mileage and optional features and functions on the individual services from the hub). When the service which rides a circuit of the multiplexed facility is inoperative, the monthly charge shall be the total of all the monthly rate element charges associated with that portion of the service from the Hub to a customer premises (i.e., circuit termination, circuit mileage and optional features and functions).

(2) For Program Audio and Video Special Access Services, no credit shall be allowed for an interruption of less than 30 seconds. The customer shall be credited for an interruption of 30 seconds or more as follows:

(a) For two-point services, when monthly rates are applicable, the credit shall be at the rate of 1/8640 of the monthly charges for the service for each period of 5 minutes or major fraction thereof that the interruption continues.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.4 Credit Allowances for Service Interruption (Cont'd)

(B) Special Access Services (Cont'd)

(2) (Cont'd)

(b) For two-point services, when daily rates are applicable, the credit shall be at the rate of 1/288 of the daily charges for the service for each period of 5 minutes or major fraction thereof that the interruption continues.

(c) For multipoint services, when monthly rates are applicable, the credit shall be at the rate of 1/8640 of the monthly charges for each circuit termination, circuit mileage and optional features and functions that is inoperative for each period of 5 minutes or major fraction thereof that the interruption continues.

(d) For multipoint services, when daily rates are applicable, the credit shall be at the daily rate of 1/288 of the daily charges for each circuit termination, circuit mileage and optional features and functions that is inoperative for each period of 5 minutes or major fraction thereof that the interruption continues.

(e) For multipoint services, the credit for the monthly or daily charges includes the charges for the distribution amplifier only when the distribution amplifier is inoperative.

(f) When two or more interruptions occur during a period of 5 consecutive minutes, such multiple interruptions shall be considered as one interruption.

(3) For certain Special Access services (Wideband Digital, WD1-3; Digital Data Access, DA1-4; and High Capacity, HC1), any period during which the error performance is below that specified for the service will be considered as an interruption.

(C) Switched Access Service

For Switched Access Service, other than Entrance Facilities, Direct-Trunked Transport and Multiplexing, no credit shall be allowed for an interruption of less than 24 hours. The customer shall be credited for an interruption of 24 hours or more at the rate of 1/30 of any applicable monthly charge, assumed usage, or minimum monthly usage charge for each period of 24 hours or major fraction thereof that the interruption continues.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.4 Credit Allowances for Service Interruption (Cont'd)

(D) When a Credit Allowance Does Not Apply

No credit allowance will be made for:

(1) Interruptions caused by the negligence of the customer.

(2) Interruptions of a service due to the failure of equipment or systems provided by the customer or others.

(3) Interruptions of service during any period in which the Telephone Company is not afforded access to the premises where the service is terminated.

(4) Interruptions of service when the customer has released that service to the Telephone Company for maintenance purposes, to make rearrangements, or for the implementation of an order for a change in the service during the time that was negotiated with the customer prior to the release of that service. Thereafter, a credit allowance as set forth in (B) preceding applies.

(5) Interruptions of a service which continue because of the failure of the customer to authorize replacement of any element of special construction. The period for which no credit allowance is made begins on the seventh day after the customer receives the Telephone Company's written notification of the need for such replacement and ends on the day after receipt by the Telephone Company of the customer's written authorization for such replacement.

(6) Periods when the customer elects not to release the service of testing and/or repair and continues to use it on an impaired basis.

(7) An interruption or a group of interruptions, resulting from a common cause, for amounts less than one dollar.

(E) Use of an Alternative Service Provided by the Telephone Company

Should the customer elect to use an alternative service provided by the Telephone Company during the period that a service is interrupted, the customer must pay the tariffed rates and charges for the alternative service used.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.4 Credit Allowances for Service Interruption (Cont'd)

(F) Temporary Surrender of a Service

In certain instances, the customer may be requested by the Telephone Company to surrender a service for purposes other than maintenance, testing or activity relating to a service order. If the customer consents, a credit allowance will be granted. The credit allowance will be 1/440 of the monthly rate for each period of 30 minutes or fraction thereof that the service is surrendered. In no case will the credit allowance exceed the monthly rate for the service surrendered in any one monthly billing period.

2.4.5 Re-establishment of Service Following Fire, Flood or Other Occurrence

(A) Nonrecurring Charges Do Not Apply

Charges do not apply for the re-establishment of service following a fire, flood or other occurrence attributed to an Act of God provided that:

(1) The service is of the same type as was provided prior to the fire, flood or other occurrence.

(2) The service is for the same customer.

(3) The service is at the same location on the same premises.

(4) The re-establishment of service begins within 60 days after Telephone Company service is available. (The 60 day period may be extended a reasonable period if the renovation of the original location on the premises affected is not practical within the allotted time period).

(B) Nonrecurring Charges Apply

Nonrecurring Charges apply for establishing service at a different location on the same premises or at a different premises pending re-establishment of service at the original location.

2.4.6 Title or Ownership Rights

The payment of rates and charges by Customers for the services offered under the provisions of this tariff does not assign, confer or transfer title or ownership rights to proposals or facilities developed or utilized, respectively, by the Telephone Company in the provision of such services.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.7 Access Services Provided by More Than One Telephone Company

The Telephone Company will perform the rating and billing of Access Services under this tariff where more than one Telephone Company is involved in the provision of Access Service as set forth in (A) or (B) following. The Single Company Billing arrangement as set forth in (A) following will be used for FGA and BSA-A Switched Access Services except where interconnection arrangements between the telephone companies involved permit the use of the Multiple Company Billing arrangement as set forth in (B) following. The Telephone Company will notify the customer of the billing arrangement when the customer orders FGA or BSA-A service. The Multiple Company Billing arrangement, as set forth in (B) following, will be used for all FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D, 800/877/888 Access, and 900 Access Switched Access Services and Special Access Services.

(A) Single Company Billing

The Telephone Company receiving the order from the customer as specified in 5.2(A) following will arrange to provide the service, determine the applicable charges and bill the customer for the entire service in accordance with its Access Services tariff.

(B) Multiple Company Billing

(1) For access services subject to Multiple Company Billing, the customer will be billed in accordance with the Exchange Carrier Standards Association's Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing Guidelines (MECAB) and Multiple Exchange Carrier Ordering and Design Guidelines (MECOD). One of the following methods will be used:

Single Bill - The customer will receive a single bill for all access services provided by multiple Telephone Companies. The single bill will include all rate elements applicable to the access service provided under one billing account.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.7 Access Services Provided by More Than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(B) Multiple Company Billing (Cont'd)

(1) Multiple Bill -The customer will receive a bill from each Telephone Company providing the access service. Multiple bills will include all charges applicable to the individual portion of the access service provided by each Telephone Company. Such bills will include the following information in accordance with the MECAB Guidelines:

- Billing Account Reference (BAR)
- Billing Account Cross Reference (BACR)
- Billing Account Number (BAN)
- End Office NPA/NXX or End Office CLLI Code
- Common EC Circuit Identifiers (Special Access)
- Billing Percentages as listed in NECA Tariff No. 4
- Percent Interstate Usage (PIU)
- Usage "from" and "through" dates

The choice of billing method shall be determined by the Telephone Companies involved. The Telephone Company will notify the customer which method applies when the customer orders access service and will provide the customer thirty days' notice in the event that the billing method is changed.

(2) For Switched Access Tandem-Switched Transport Services, the Telephone Company will determine the applicable charges as follows:

(a) Determine the distance in airlines miles using the V&H method set forth in National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff FCC No. 4, between the Telephone Company's end office switch and the customer's serving wire center or between the access tandem and the end office switch if Direct-Trunked Transport is ordered directly to the tandem.

(b) The airline distance in miles developed in (a) preceding will be multiplied by the Tandem-Switched Transport Facility rate times the number of access minutes of use times the billing percentage to determine the appropriate Local Transport Mileage charges. The billing percentage is that portion of local transport to be billed by each company and is mutually agreed upon by the Telephone Companies involved in providing Access Services to the customer. Billing percentages are listed in National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff FCC No. 4.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.7 Access Services Provided by More Than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(B) Multiple Company Billing (Cont'd)

(2) (Cont'd)

(c) The total Local Transport charge shall be the Tandem-Switched Transport Facility charge as determined in (b) preceding plus the Tandem-Switched Transport Termination rate times the number of access minutes of use times the number of terminations.

Where the Tandem-Switched Transport-Facility is provided by more than one telephone company, the Tandem-Switched Transport-Termination rate applies for the termination at the Telephone Company end of the Tandem-Switched Transport (i.e., the first point of switching or the end office serving the end user) at the Telephone Company end of the Tandem-Switched Transport. The Switched Transport Termination rate will not apply when the Telephone Company is the intermediate provider of the Switched Transport Facility.

(d) All other appropriate recurring and nonrecurring charges in each Telephone Company's access tariff are applicable. The Nonrecurring Charges for Switched Access, as set forth in 6.5.4 following, apply in full.

(3) For Special Access Services and Switched Access Direct-Trunked Transport, the Telephone Company will determine the applicable charges as follows:

(a) Determine the distance in airline miles using the V&H method set forth in National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff No. 4 between the locations involved; i.e., the serving wire center associated with a customer designated premise and a Telephone Company hub, or two Telephone Company hubs, a hub to an end office, or hub to a tandem.

(b) The airline distance in miles developed in (a) preceding will be multiplied by the Special Access Circuit Mileage-Per Mile or Switched Access Direct-Trunked Transport Mileage rate element times the billing percentage to determine the appropriate Circuit Mileage-Per Mile charges. The billing percentage is that portion of circuit mileage to be billed by each company involved in providing Access Services to the customer. Billing percentages are listed in National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff FCC No. 4.

(c) For Special Access, the total Circuit Mileage charges shall be the Circuit Mileage-Per Mile charge determined in (b) preceding plus the Circuit Mileage-Fixed charges. The Circuit Mileage-Fixed charge is always applied in full, once per circuit mileage facility, whether the Telephone Company provides one, or more than one, circuit mileage facility termination(s). The Circuit Mileage-Fixed rate does not apply when the Telephone Company provides an intermediate portion of a circuit mileage facility and no circuit mileage terminations.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.7 Access Services Provided by More Than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(B) Multiple Company Billing (Cont'd)

(3) (Cont'd)

(d) For Switched Access, the total Direct-Trunked Transport charges shall be the Direct-Trunked Transport Mileage charge determined in (b) preceding plus the Direct-Trunked Transport - Fixed charges. The Fixed charge is always applied in full, once per Direct-Trunked Transport facility whether the Telephone Company provides one, or more than one, facility termination(s). The Fixed charge does not apply when the Telephone Company provides an intermediate portion of a Direct-Trunked Transport facility and no terminations.

(e) All other appropriate recurring and nonrecurring charges in each Telephone Company's access tariff are applicable. The Special Access Nonrecurring Charge for circuit installation applies in full once per Circuit Termination provided by the Telephone Company.

(4) The Interconnection Charge for Switched Transport shall be billed by the Telephone Company in whose territory the end office is located.

2.5 Connections

Equipment and Systems (i.e., terminal equipment, multiline terminating systems and communications systems) may be connected with Switched and Special Access Service furnished by the Telephone Company where such connection is made in accordance with the provisions specified in Technical Reference Publication AS No. 1 and in 2.1 preceding.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions

Certain terms used herein are defined as follows:

Access Area

The term "Access Area" denotes a specific calling area serviced by one or more Central Offices associated with the various Switched Access Services offered under this tariff. The size and configuration of the Access Area a customer obtains is dependant upon the Feature Group type and the specific characteristics of the Central Office or Access Tandem Network in which the connection is made.

Access Code

The term "Access Code" denotes a uniform seven digit code assigned by the Telephone Company to an individual customer. The seven digit code has the form 101XXXX or 950-XXXX.

Access Minutes

The term "Access Minutes" denotes that usage of exchange facilities in interstate or foreign service for the purpose of calculating chargeable usage. On the originating end of an interstate or foreign call, usage is measured from the time the originating end user's call is delivered by the Telephone Company to and acknowledged as received by the customer's facilities connected with the originating exchange. On the terminating end of an interstate or foreign call, usage is measured from the time the call is received by the end user in the terminating exchange. Timing of usage at both originating and terminating ends of an interstate or foreign call shall terminate when the calling or called party disconnects, whichever event is recognized first in the originating and terminating exchanges, as applicable.

Access Tandem

The term "Access Tandem" denotes a Telephone Company switching system that provides a concentration and distribution function for originating and/or terminating traffic between end offices and a customer's premises.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Access Tandem Network

The term "Access Tandem Network" denotes the network of trunk groups that provide a concentration and distribution function for originating and/or terminating Switched Access traffic between a single access tandem and Telephone Company subtending end offices.

Agent

The term "Agent," as used in Section 8.5 of this tariff, is defined as that person or entity that the Telephone Company acknowledges as the possessor of authority to make decisions pertaining to instrument placement, subscription authorization, and access or usage control of Public or Semipublic Pay Telephone Service or, that person or entity duly authorized to act in that capacity by the owner of the premises.

Answer Message

The term "Answer Message" denotes an SS7 message sent in the backward direction to indicate that the call has been answered.

Answer/Disconnect Supervision

The term "Answer/Disconnect Supervision" denotes the transmission of the switch trunk equipment supervisory signal (off-hook or on-hook) to the customer's point of termination as an indication that the called party has answered or disconnected.

Attenuation Distortion

The term "Attenuation Distortion" denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified.

Balance (100 Type) Test Line

The term "Balance (100 Type) Test Line" denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for balance and noise testing.

Basic Service Element

The term "Basic Service Element (BSE)" denotes an unbundled service option available only with Basic Serving Arrangements.

Basic Serving Arrangement

The term "Basic Serving Arrangement (BSA)" denotes a category of Switched Access Service differentiated by technical characteristics, e.g., line side versus trunk side connection at the Telephone Company's first point of switching.

Bit

The term "Bit" denotes the smallest unit of information in the binary system of notation.

Business Day

The term "Business Day" denotes the times of day that a company is open for business. Generally, in the business community, these are 8:00 or 9:00 A.M. to 5:00 or 6:00 P.M., respectively, with an hour for lunch, Monday through Friday, resulting in a standard forty (40) hour work week. However, Business Day hours for the Telephone Company may vary based on company policy, union contract and location. To determine such hours for an individual company, or company location, contact the issuing officer at the address shown on Title Page 1.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC)

The term "Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC)" denotes the customer specified maximum amount of Switched Access Service access minutes the customer expects to be handled in an end office switch during any hour in an 8:00 A.M. to 11:00 P.M. period for the Switched Access Arrangement ordered. This customer furnished BHMC quantity is the input data the Telephone Company uses to determine the number of transmission paths or facility requirements for the Switched Access Arrangement ordered.

Call

The term "Call" denotes a customer attempt for which the complete address code (e.g., 0-, 911, or 10 digits) is provided to the serving dial tone office.

Carrier or Common Carrier

See Interexchange Carrier.

CCS

The term "CCS" denotes a hundred call seconds, which is a standard unit of traffic load that is equal to 100 seconds of usage or capacity of a group of servers (e.g., trunks).

Cellular Mobile Carrier (CMC)

The term "Cellular Mobile Carrier (CMC)" denotes a Common Carrier authorized by the Federal Communications Commission to provide cellular mobile radio telecommunications services.

Central Office

The term "Central Office" denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to trunks.

Central Office Prefix

The term "Central Office Prefix" denotes the first three digits (NXX) of the seven digit telephone number assigned to a customer's Telephone Exchange Service when dialed on a local basis.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Centralized Automatic Reporting on Trunks Testing

The term "Centralized Automatic Reporting on Trunks Testing" denotes a type of testing which includes the capacity for measuring operational and transmission parameters.

Circuit(s)

The term "Circuit(s)" denotes an electrical or photonic, in the case of fiber optic-based transmission systems, communications path between two or more points of termination.

Channel Service Unit

The term "Channel Service Unit" denotes customer premises equipment which performs one or more of the following functions: termination of a digital facility, regeneration of digital signals, detection and/or correction of signal format error, and remote loop back.

Channelize

The term "Channelize" denotes the process of multiplexing-demultiplexing wider bandwidth or higher speed channels into narrow band-width or lower speed channels.

C-Message Noise

The term "C-Message Noise" denotes the frequency weighted average noise within an idle voice channel. The frequency weighing, called C-message, is used to simulate the frequency characteristic of the 500-type telephone set and the hearing of the average subscriber.

C-Notched Noise

The term "C-Notched Noise" denotes the C-message frequency weighted noise on a voice channel with a holding tone, which is removed at the measuring end through a notch (very narrow band) filter.

Coin Station

The term "Coin Station" denotes a location where Telephone Company equipment is provided in a public or semipublic place where Telephone Company customers can originate telephone communications and pay the applicable charges by inserting coins into the equipment.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Common Channel Signaling System 7 Network (CCS7)

The term "Common Channel Signaling System 7 Network (CCS7)" denotes a dedicated out-of-band signaling network which utilizes Signaling System 7 (SS7) protocol to provide call handling and data base access services.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Common Line

The term "Common Line" denotes a line, trunk, pay telephone line or other facility provided under the general and/or local exchange service tariffs of the Telephone Company, terminated on a central office switch. A common line-residence is a line or trunk provided under the residence regulations of the general and/or local exchange service tariffs. A common line-business is a line provided under the business regulations of the general and/or local exchange service tariffs.

Communications System

The term "Communications System" denotes channels and other facilities which are capable of communications between terminal equipment provided by other than the Telephone Company.

Customer(s)

The term "Customer(s)" denotes any individual, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust corporation, or governmental entity or other entity which subscribes to the services offered under this tariff, including both Interexchange Carriers (ICs) and End Users.

Data Transmission (107 Type) Test Line

The term "Data Transmissions (107 Type) Test Line" denotes an arrangement which provides for a connection to a signal source which provides test signals for one-way testing of data and voice transmission parameters.

Decibel

The term "Decibel" denotes a unit used to express relative differences in power, usually between acoustic or electric signals, equal to ten (10) times the common logarithm of the ratio of two signal powers.

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting

The term "Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting" denotes noise power measurements with C-Message Weighting in decibels relative to a reference 1000 Hz tone of 90 dB below 1 milliwatt.

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Referenced to 0

The term "Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Referenced to 0" denotes noise power in "Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighing" referred to or measured at a zero transmission level point.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling

The term "Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling" denotes a type of signaling that is an optional feature of Switched Access Feature Group A or BSA-A. It may be utilized when Feature Group A or BSA-A is being used in the terminating direction (from the point of termination with the customer to the local exchange end office). An office arranged for Dual Tone Multifrequency Signaling would expect to receive address signals from the customer in the form of Dual Tone Multifrequency signals.

Echo Control

The term "Echo Control" denotes the control of reflected signals in a telephone transmission path.

Echo Path Loss

The term "Echo Path Loss" denotes the measure of reflected signal at a 4-wire point of interface without regard to the send and receive Transmission Level Point.

Echo Return Loss

The term "Echo Return Loss" denotes a frequency weighted measure of return loss over the middle of the voiceband (approximately 500 to 2500 Hz), where talker echo is most annoying.

Effective 2-Wire

The term "Effective 2-Wire" denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous transmission in both directions over a channel, but it is not possible to insure independent information transmission in both directions. Effective 2-wire channels may be terminated with 2-wire or 4-wire interfaces.

Effective 4-Wire

The term "Effective 4-Wire" denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous independent transmission of information in both directions over a channel. The method of implementing effective 4-wire transmission is at the discretion of the Telephone Company (physical, time domain, frequency-domain separation or echo cancellation techniques). Effective 4-wire channels may be terminated with a 2-wire interface at the customer's premises. However, when terminated 2-wire, simultaneous independent transmission cannot be supported because the two wire interface combines the transmission paths into a single path.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

End Office Switch

The term "End Office Switch" denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to trunks. Included may be Remote Switching Modules and Remote Switching Systems served by a host office in a different wire center.

End User

The term "End User" denotes any customer of interstate or foreign telecommunications service that is not a carrier, except that a carrier shall be deemed to be an "end user" to the extent that such carrier uses a telecommunications service for administrative purposes, without making such service available to others, directly or indirectly.

Entry Switch

See First Point of Switching.

Envelope Delay Distortion

The term "Envelope Delay Distortion" denotes a measure of the linearity of the phase versus frequency of a channel.

Equal Level Echo Path Loss

The term "Equal Level Echo Path Loss" (ELEPL) denotes the measure of Echo Path Loss (EPL) at a 4-wire interface which is corrected by the difference between the send and receive Transmission Level Point (TLP). [ELEPL = TLP (send) + TLP (receive)]

Exchange

The term "Exchange" denotes a unit generally smaller than a local access and transport area, established by the Telephone Company for the administration of communications service in a specified area which usually embraces a city, town or village and its environs. It consists of one or more central offices together with the associated facilities used in furnishing communications service within the area. One or more designated exchanges comprise a given local access and transport area.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Exit Message

The term "Exit Message" denotes an SS7 message sent to an end office by the Telephone Company tandem switch to mark the Carrier Connect Time when the Telephone Company's tandem switch sends an Initial Address Message to an Interexchange Customer.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Expected Measured Loss

The term "Expected Measured Loss" denotes a calculated loss which specifies the end-to-end 1004-Hz loss on a terminated test connection between two readily accessible manual or remote test points. It is the sum of the inserted connection loss and test access loss including any test pads.

Extended Area Service

The term "Extended Area Service" denotes a telephone exchange service in which a customer in one exchange can call a local number in another exchange that is part of the extended area without paying a toll charge.

Field Identifier

The term "Field Identifier" denotes two to four characters that are used on service orders to convey specific instructions. Field Identifiers may or may not have associated data. Selected Field Identifiers are used in Telephone Company billing systems to generate nonrecurring charges.

First Come - First Served

The term "First Come - First Served" denotes a procedure followed by the Telephone Company to process fully completed Access Orders according to the sequence in which they are received.

First Point of Switching

The term "First Point of Switching" denotes the first Telephone Company location at which switching occurs on the terminating path of a call proceeding from the customer premises to the terminating end office and, at the same time, the last Telephone Company location at which switching occurs on the originating path of a call proceeding from the originating end office to the customer premises.

Frequency Shift

The term "Frequency Shift" denotes the change in the frequency of a tone as it is transmitted over a channel.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Grandfathered

The term "Grandfathered" denotes Terminal Equipment, Multiline Terminating Systems and Protective Circuitry directly connected to the facilities utilized to provide services under the provisions of this tariff, and which are considered grandfathered under Part 68 of the F.C.C.'s Rules and Regulations.

Host Office

The term "Host Office" denotes an electronic switching system which provides call processing capabilities for one or more Remote Switching Modules or Remote Switching Systems.

Immediately Available Funds

The term "Immediately Available Funds" denotes a corporate or personal check drawn on a bank account and funds which are available for use by the receiving party on the same day on which they are received and include U.S. Federal Reserve bank wire transfers, U.S. Federal Reserve notes (paper cash), U.S. coins, U.S. Postal Money Orders and New York Certificates of Deposit.

Impedance Balance

The term "Impedance Balance" denotes the method of expressing Echo Return Loss and Singing Return Loss at a 4-wire interface whereby the gains and/or loss of the 4 wire portion of the transmission path, including the hybrid, are not included in the specification.

Impulse Noise

The term "Impulse Noise" denotes any momentary occurrence of the noise on a channel over a specified level threshold. It is evaluated by counting the number of occurrences which exceed the threshold.

Individual Case Basis

The term "Individual Case Basis" denotes a condition in which the regulations, if applicable, rates and charges for an offering under the provisions of this tariff are developed based on the circumstances in each case.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Initial Address Message (IAM)

The term "Initial Address Message (IAM)" denotes an SS7 message sent in the forward direction to initiate trunk set up with the busying of an outgoing trunk which carries the information about that trunk along with other information relating to the routing and handling of the call to the next switch.

Inserted Connection Loss

The term "Inserted Connection Loss" denotes the 1004 H2 power difference (in dB) between the maximum power available at the originating end and the actual power reaching the terminating end through the inserted connection.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Interexchange Carrier (IC) or Interexchange Common Carrier

The terms "Interexchange Carrier" (IC) or Interexchange Common Carrier" denotes any individual, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust, governmental entity or corporation engaged for hire in interstate or foreign communications by wire or radio, between two or more exchanges.

Intermodulation Distortion

The term "Intermodulation Distortion" denotes a measure of the nonlinearity of a channel. It is measured using four tones, and evaluating the ratios (in dB) of the transmitted composite four-tone signal power to the second-order products of the tones (R2), and the third-order products of the tones (R3).

Interstate Communications

The term "Interstate Communications" denotes both interstate and foreign communications.

Intrastate Communications

The term "Intrastate Communications" denotes any communications within a state subject to oversight by a state regulatory commission as provided by the laws of the state involved.

Line Side Connection

The term "Line Side Connection" denotes a connection of a transmission path to the line side of a local exchange switching system.

Local Access and Transport Area

The term "Local Access and Transport Area" (LATA) denotes a geographic area established by the Telephone Company for the provision and administration of its communications service. It encompasses one or more Telephone Company designated exchanges which are configured in relative proximity to one another and may be reconfigured by the Telephone Company in the normal operation of its business. As used herein, the term LATA refers only to these Telephone Company designated exchanges and does not necessarily have any predetermined association with the term LATA used by other exchange carriers.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Loop Around Test Line

The term "Loop Around Test Line" denotes an arrangement utilizing a Telephone Company central office to provide a means to make certain two-way transmission tests on a manual basis. This arrangement has two central office terminations,each reached by means of separate telephone numbers and does not require any specific customer premises equipment. Equipment subject to this test arrangement is at the discretion of the customer.

Loss Deviation

The term "Loss Deviation" denotes the variation of the actual loss from the designed value.

Message

The term "Message" denotes a "call" as defined preceding.

Milliwatt (102 Type) Test Line

The term "Milliwatt (102 Type) Test Line" denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides a 1004 Hz tone at 0 dBm0 for one-way transmission measurements towards the customer's premises from the Telephone Company end office.

Mobile Telephone Switching Office (MTSO)

The term "Mobile Telephone Switching Office (MTSO)" denotes a Cellular Mobile Carrier (CMC) Switching System that is used to originate or terminate calls on the CMC network, or originate or terminate calls between the CMC and the public switched telephone network.

Network Control Signaling

The term "Network Control Signaling" denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status, and charge signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identifications, rate of flow, service selection error control and audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating re-order or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of the telecommunications system.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Nonsynchronous Test Line

The term "Nonsynchronous Test Line" denotes an arrangement in step-by-step end offices which provides operational tests which are not as complete as those provided by the synchronous test lines, but can be made more rapidly.

North American Numbering Plan

The term "North American Numbering Plan" denotes a three digit area (Numbering Plan Area) code and a seven-digit telephone number made up of a three-digit Central office code plus a four-digit station number.

Off-hook

The term "off-hook" denotes the active condition of Switched Access or a Telephone Exchange Service Line.

On-hook

The term "On-hook" denotes the idle condition of Switched Access or a Telephone Exchange Service line.

Open Circuit Test Line

The term "Open Circuit Test Line" denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides an ac circuit termination of a trunk or line by means of an inductor of several Henries.

Originating Direction

The term "Originating Direction" denotes the use of access service for the origination of calls from an End User Premises to an IC Premises.

Pay Telephone

The term "Pay Telephone" denotes Telephone Company provided instruments and related facilities that are available to the general public for public convenience and necessity, including public and semipublic telephones, and coinless telephones.

Phase Jitter

The term "Phase Jitter" denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Point of Termination

The term "Point of Termination" denotes the point of demarcation at a customer-designated premises at which the Telephone Company's responsibility for the provision of Access Service ends.

Premises

The term "Premises" denotes a building or buildings on continuous property (except Railroad Right-of-Way, etc.) not separated by a public highway.

Release Message

The term "Release Message" denotes an SS7 Message sent in either direction to indicate that a specific circuit is being released.

Remote Switching Modules and/or Remote Switching Systems

The term "Remote Switching Modules and/or Remote Switching Systems" denotes remotely controlled electronic end office switches which obtain their call processing capability from an ESS-type Host Office. The Remote Switching Modules and/or Remote Switching Systems cannot accommodate direct trunks to an IC.

Return Loss

The term "Return Loss" denotes a measure of the similarity between the two impedances at the junction of two transmission paths. The higher the return loss, the higher the similarity.

Registered Equipment

The term "Registered Equipment" denotes the customer's premises equipment which complies with and has been approved within the Registration Provisions of Part 68 of the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

Serving Wire Center

That Telephone Company designated wire center serving the customer's designated premises and used for mileage measurement to determine local transport or circuit mileage charges for Access Service.

Seven Digit Manual Test Line

The term "Seven Digit Manual Test Line" denotes an arrangement which allows the Customer to select balance, milliwatt and synchronous test lines by manually dialing a seven digit number over the associated access connection.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Shortage of Facilities or Equipment

The term "Shortage of Facilities or Equipment" denotes a condition which occurs when the Telephone Company does not have appropriate cable, switching capacity, bridging or, multiplexing equipment, etc., necessary to provide the Access service requested by the customer.

Short Circuit Test Line

The term "Short Circuit Test Line" denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for an ac short circuit termination of a trunk or line by means of a capacitor of at least four microfarads.

Signal-to-C-Notched Noise Ratio

The Term "Signal-to-C-Notched Noise Ratio" denotes the ratio in dB of a test signal to the corresponding C-Notched Noise.

Signaling System 7 (SS7)

The term "Signaling System 7 (SS7)" denotes the layered protocol used for standardized common channel signaling in the United States.

Signal Transfer Point (STP)

The term "Signal Transfer Point (STP)" denotes a packet switch which provides access to the Telephone Company's SS7 network and performs SS7 message signal routing and screening. The technical interface specifications, transmission specifications, and diversity requirements for interconnecting to the Telephone Company's SS7 network at the STP are as described in Bellcore Technical Reference Publication TR-TSV-000905.

Signal Transfer Point (STP Port

The term "Signal Transfer Point (STP) Port" denotes the physical point of termination and interconnection to the STP.

Singing Return Loss

The term "Singing Return Loss" denotes the frequency weighted measure of return loss at the edges of the voiceband (200 to 500 Hz and 2500 to 3200 Hz), where singing (instability) problems are most likely to occur.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Subtending End Office of an Access Tandem

The term "Subtending End Office of an Access Tandem" denotes an end office that has final trunk group routing through that tandem.

Synchronous Test Line

The term "Synchronous Test Line" denotes an arrangement in an end office which performs marginal operational tests of supervisory and ring-tripping functions.

Terminating Direction

The term "Terminating Direction" denotes the use of Access Service for the completion of calls from an IC premises to an End User Premises.

Transmission Measuring (105 Type) Test Line/Responder

The term "Transmission Measuring (105 Type) Test Line/Responder" denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides far-end access to a responder and permits two-way loss and noise measurements to be made on trunks from a near end office.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Transmission Path

The term "Transmission Path" denotes an electrical path capable of transmitting signals within the range of the service offering, e.g., a voice grade transmission path is capable of transmitting voice frequencies within the approximate range of 300 to 3000 Hz. A transmission path is comprised of physical or derived facilities consisting of any form or configuration of plant typically used in the telecommunications industry.

Trunk

The term "Trunk" denotes a communications path connecting two switching systems in a network, used in the establishment of an end-to-end connection.

Trunk Group

The term "Trunk Group" denotes a set of trunks which are traffic engineered as a unit for the establishment of connections between switching systems in which all of the communications paths are interchangeable.

Trunk Side Connection

The term "Trunk Side Connection" denotes the connection of a transmission path to the trunk side of a local exchange switching system.

Two-Wire to Four-Wire Conversion

The term "Two-Wire to Four-Wire Conversion" denotes an arrangement which converts a four-wire transmission path to a two-wire transmission path to allow a four-wire facility to terminate to a two-wire entity (e.g., a central office switch).

Uniform Service Order Code

The term "Uniform Service Order Code" denotes a three or five character alphabetic, numeric, or an alphanumeric code that identifies a specific item of service or equipment. Uniform Service Order Codes are used in the Telephone Company billing system to generate recurring rates and nonrecurring charges.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

V&H Coordinates

The term "V and H Coordinates Method" denotes a method of computing airline miles between two points by utilizing an established formula which is based on the vertical and horizonal coordinates of the two points.

WATS Serving Office

"WATS Serving Office" denotes a Telephone Company switching office capable of performing the optional screening functions used in Combined Access Service Arrangements.

Wire Center

The term "Wire Center" denotes (1) a building in which one or more central offices, including end office switches, used for the provision of Telephone Exchange Services, are located, or (2) in the case of a centralized equal access tandem arrangement,a building in which Telephone Company access facilities are located for purposes of interconnection to customer premises.

3. Carrier Common Line Access Service

The Telephone Company will provide Carrier Common Line Access Service (Carrier Common Line Access) to customers in conjunction with Switched Access Service provided in Section 6. of this tariff.

The Switched Access Service associated with Carrier Common Line Access shall be ordered by the customer in accordance with regulations set forth in Section 5 following.

3.1 General Description

Carrier Common Line Access provides for the use of end users' Telephone Company provided common lines by customers for access to such end users to furnish Intrastate Communications at rates and charges set forth in 3.7.1 following. The customer facilities at the premises of the ordering customer shall provide the necessary on-hook and off-hook supervision.

A Special Access Surcharge will apply to intrastate interLATA special access service provided by the Telephone Company to a customer, in accordance with rates and regulations as set forth in 7.2.1(E) following.

3.2 Limitations

3.2.1 Exclusions

Neither a telephone number nor detail billing are provided with Carrier Common Line Access. Additionally, directory listings and intercept arrangements are not included in the rates and charges for Carrier Common Line Access.

3.2.2 Access Groups

All line side connections provided in the same access group will be limited to the same features and operating characteristics. All trunk side connections provided in the same access group will be limited to the same features and operating characteristics.

3. Carrier Common Line Access Service (Cont'd)

3.2 Limitations (Cont'd)

3.2.3 Switched Access Interface Arrangements (WATS Access Lines)

Where Switched Access Services are connected with Special Access Services [Switched Access Interface Arrangements as set forth in 6.3.2(T) following] at Telephone Company Designated WATS Serving Offices for the provision of WATS or WATS-type Services, Switched Access Service minutes which are carried on that end of the service (i.e., originating minutes for outward WATS and WATS-type services and terminating minutes for inward WATS and WATS-type services) shall not be assessed Carrier Common Line Access charges.

3.3 Determination of Usage Subject to Carrier Common Line Access Charges

Except as set forth herein, all Switched Access Service provided to the customer will be subject to Carrier Common Line Access charges.

3.3.1 Determination of Jurisdiction

The Switched Access Service provided by the Telephone Company includes the Switched Access Service provided for both interstate and intrastate communications. When the customer reports interstate and intrastate use of Switched Access Service, the associated Carrier Common Line Access used by the customer for interstate will be determined as set forth in 3.6.3 following (Percentage Interstate Use-PIU).

3.3.2 Case Involving Usage Recording By the Customer

Where Feature Group C end office switching is provided without Telephone Company recording and the customer records minutes of use used to determine Carrier Common Line Access charges (i.e., Feature Group C operator, and calls such as pay telephone sent-paid, operator-DDD, operator-person, collect, credit-card, third number and/or other like calls), the customer shall furnish such minutes of use detail to the Telephone Company in a timely manner. If the customer does not furnish the data, the customer shall identify all Switched Access Services which could carry such calls in order for the Telephone Company to accumulate the minutes of use through the use of special Telephone Company measuring and recording equipment.

3. Carrier Common Line Access Service (Cont'd)

3.3 Determination of Usage Subject to Carrier Common Line Usage Charges (Cont'd)

3.3.3 Local Exchange Access and Enhanced Services Exemption

Where access to the local exchange is required to provide a customer service (e.g., MTS/WATS-type, telex, Data, etc.) that uses a resold private line service, Switched Access Service Rates and Regulations, as set forth in Section 6 following will apply, except when such access to the local exchange is required for the provision of an enhanced service. Carrier Common Line Access rates and charges as set forth in Section 3.7.1 following apply in accordance with the resale rate regulations as set forth in Section 3.4.4 following.

3.4 Resold Services

3.4.1 Scope

Where the customer is reselling MTS and/or MTS-type service(s) on which the Carrier Common Line and Switched Access charges have been assessed, the customer may, at the option of the customer, obtain Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, BSA-A, BSA-B or BSA-D Switched Access Service under this tariff as set forth in Section 6 following for originating and/or terminating access in the local exchange. Such access group arrangements whether single lines or trunks or multiline hunt groups or trunk groups will have Carrier Common Line Access charges applied as set forth in Section 3.7.1.

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3. Carrier Common Line Access Service (Cont'd)

3.4 Resold Services (Cont'd)

3.4.3 Resale Documentation Provided By the Customer

When the customer utilizes Switched Access Service, the Telephone Company may request a certified copy of the customer's resold MTS or MTS-type usage billing from either the customer or the provider of the MTS-type Service. Request for billing will relate back no more than 12 months prior to the current billing period.

3. Carrier Common Line Access Service (Cont'd)

3.4 Resold Services (Cont'd)

3.4.4 Rate Regulations Concerning the Resale of MTS and MTS-type Services (Cont'd)

(B) Same State/Telephone Company/Exchange Limitation

In order for the rate regulations to apply, the access groups or BSAs and the resold MTS and/or MTS-type services must be provided in the same state (except when the same extended area service arrangement is provided in two different states by the same telephone company) in the same exchange, provided by the same Telephone Company and connected directly or indirectly. For those exchanges that encompass more than one state, the customer shall report the information by state within the exchange.

(C) Direct and Indirect Connections

Each of the access group arrangements or BSAs used by the customer in association with the resold MTS and/or MTS-type services must be connected either directly or indirectly to the customer designated premises at which the resold MTS and/or MTS-type services are terminated. Direct connections are those arrangements where the access groups or BSAs and resold MTS and/or MTS-type services are terminated at the same customer designated premises.

Indirect originating connections are those arrangements where the access groups or BSAs and the resold originating MTS and/or MTS-type services are physically located at different customer designated premises in the same exchange. Such different customer designated premises are connected by facilities that permit a call to flow from access groups to resold MTS and/or MTS-type services.

Indirect terminating connections are those arrangements where the access groups and resold terminating MTS and/or MTS-type services are physically located at different customer designated premises in the same exchange. Such different customer designated premises are connected by facilities that permit a call to flow from resold terminating MTS and/or MTS-type services to access groups or BSAs.

(D) Conversion of Billed Usage to Minutes

When the MTS and/or MTS-type usage is shown in hours, the number of hours shall be multiplied by 60 to develop the associated MTS and/or MTS-type minutes of use. If the MTS and/or MTS-type usage is shown in a unit that does not show hours or minutes, the customer shall provide a factor to convert the shown units to minutes.

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3. Carrier Common Line Access Service (Cont'd)

3.6 Rate Regulations

3.6.1 Billing and Charges

Carrier common Line charges will be billed to each Switched Access Service provided under this tariff in accordance with the regulations as set forth in (Determination of Carrier common Line Charges) except a set forth in (Resale) and (PIU).

3.6.2 Measuring and Recording of Call Detail

When access minutes are used to determine Carrier Common Line charges, they will be accumulated using call detail recorded by Telephone Company equipment except Feature Group C operator and automated operator services systems call detail such as pay telephone sent-paid, operator-DDD, operator-person, collect, credit-card, third number and/or other like calls recorded by the customer. The Telephone Company measuring and recording equipment will be associated with end office or local tandem switching equipment and will record each originating and terminating access minute where answer on a line by line basis, by line group or by end office, whichever type of account is used by the Telephone Company, for each customer and then rounded to the nearest minute.

3.6.3 Percent Interstate Use (PIU)

When the customer reports interstate and intrastate use of in-service Switched Access Service, Carrier Common Line Charges will be billed only to intrastate Switched Access Service access minutes based on the data reported by the customer as set forth in 6.5.5 (H) following except where the Telephone Company is billing according to actuals by jurisdiction. Intrastate Switched Access Service access minutes will be used to determine Carrier common Line Charges as set forth in 3.7.1 following.

The customer will provide a report indicating separate common line information for 500, 700, 800, 888 and 900 access minutes, at a statewide level and by jurisdiction. This report shall also include the Applicable Access Customer Name Abbreviation (ACNA).

3. Carrier Common Line Access Service (Cont'd)

3.7 Rates and Charges

3.7.1 Carrier Common Line Access Service

(A) The monthly rate for Carrier Common Line Service is:

InterLATA and IntraLATA Rate	Monthly Rate
(1) Per access line	0.00

(B) Flat Rate Charge Development

C = Annual non-traffic sensitive costs.

Qtot = Mid-test year total number of access lines applicable to NTS charge. For purposes of this calculation, "access line" will be defined as message telephone cost loops per Parts 67 and 69 of the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

$$\text{Monthly Charge per Access Line} = \frac{C}{(Qtot * 12)}$$

(C) Allocation of Access Lines Among Carriers

For purposes of application of the monthly charge per access line, the total number of access lines must be allocated among all carriers.

MOU_x = Total access minutes of use for carrier X.

MOU_{tot} = Total access minutes of use for all carriers.

Number of Access Line for Carrier X =

$$\frac{MOU_x}{MOU_{tot}} * Qtot$$

(This step is to be completed for each carrier).

This process will be performed monthly based on the relationship of each carrier's minutes of use to the total minutes of use from the previous month.

4. End User Access Service

The Telephone Company will provide End User Access Service (End User Access) to end users who obtain local exchange service from the Telephone Company under its general and/or local exchange tariffs.

4.1 General Description

End User Access provides for the use of an End User Common Line (EUCL).

4.2 Limitations

(A) Exclusions

Neither a telephone number nor detail billing is provided with End User Access. Directory listings and Intercept arrangements are not included with End User Access.

4.3 Undertaking of the Telephone Company

The Telephone Company will provide End User Access at rates and charges as set forth in 4.7.1 through 4.7.4 following, as follows:

- Use of an EUCL by an end user in connection with interstate Access Services provided under this tariff. Such use will be provided when the end user obtains local exchange service.

- The Telephone Company will be responsible for contacts and arrangements with customers for the billing of End User Access charges.

4.4 Obligations of Radio Common Carriers

When the end user is a Radio Common Carrier (RCC) or provider of paging service, such end users shall designate whether the local exchange service they are provided by the Telephone Company is used as an access line for RCC or paging services, or used as an administrative line.

4. End User Access Service (Cont'd)

4.5 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances

4.5.1 Minimum Period

The minimum period for which EUCL End User Access is provided to an end user and for which charges are applicable is the same as that in the general and/or local exchange tariffs for the associated local exchange service.

4.5.2 Cancellation of Orders

End User Access is canceled when the order for the associated local telephone exchange service is canceled. No cancellation charges apply.

4.5.3 Changes to Orders

When changes are made to orders for the local exchange service associated with End User Access, any necessary changes will be made for End User Access. No charges will apply.

4.5.4 Allowance for Interruptions

When there is an interruption to an EUCL, requested End User Access credit allowances for interruptions will be provided as set forth for credit allowance for interruptions in 2.4.4 preceding.

4.5.5 Temporary Suspension of Service

When an end user temporarily suspends its local exchange service which is associated with EUCL, one-half of the EUCL per month charge will be temporarily suspended for the time period the local exchange service is suspended.

4.6 Rate Regulations

4.6.1 Who is Billed

EUCL per month charges will be billed to the end user of the associated Local Exchange Service.

4.6.2 Multiparty Service

The EUCL charge for each multiparty subscriber shall be assessed as if such subscriber had subscribed to single party service.

4. End User Access Service (Cont'd)

4.6 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

4.6.3 Semi-Public Service

For the purposes of the EUCL charge, a semi-public service shall be deemed to be the same as a business line if the subscriber pays a rate that is not described as a residential rate in the local exchange tariff.

4.6.4 Business Services

(A) Single Line Service

When an end user is provided a single local business exchange service in a state, semi-public service and multiparty service included, and when this local business exchange service is provided under the general and/or local exchange service tariffs, the EUCL Single Line Business - Individual line or trunk rate as set forth in 4.7.2 following, applies to each such business individual line or trunk. In the case of multiparty service each party is deemed to be a user of an EUCL.

(B) Multiline Service

When an end user is provided more than one local business exchange service in a state by the same Telephone Company, semi-public service and multiparty service included, and when a local exchange service is provided under the general and/or local exchange service tariffs that is not covered by (C) following (Centrex), the EUCL Multiline Business - Individual line or trunk rate as set forth in 4.7.4 following, applies to each such Multiline Business individual line or trunk. In the case of multiparty service each party is deemed to be a user of an EUCL.

(C) Centrex CO and Centrex CO-like Services

For business Centrex CO and business Centrex CO-like service lines or trunks, the EUCL-Centrex CO rate as set forth in 4.7.4 following applies to each business line or trunk

Centrex CO is a service that (1) uses a portion of a Telephone Company switch located at the Telephone Company central office to meet the customer's internal needs and serves as the customer's interface with the local and interexchange networks and (2) links the customer's main stations to the Telephone Company switch with subscriber loops.

4. End User Access Service (Cont'd)

4.6 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

4.6.4 Business Services (Cont'd)

(C) Centrex CO and Centrex CO-like Services (Cont'd)

Centrex CO-like services are services (e.g., ESSX, Centron, Centraflex, Airport Service, Hotel-Motel Service) that operate in a manner that is substantially the same as Centrex CO and (1) are provided using switches located at Telephone Company central offices and (2) link customer main stations to the Telephone Company switch with subscriber loops.

Centrex CO and CO-like service provided to a college, university or school may serve both the college, university or school offices and the student or faculty dormitory (residential) quarters. When provided to a residential quarters, the residential portion of the service is commonly known as dormitory service. Residential charges will apply to lines to the student faculty dormitory (residential) quarters as set forth in 4.7.3 following. Business charges for lines to the university, college or school offices will apply as set forth in 4.7.4 following. Charges shall be based on the number of residence and business lines reported to the Telephone Company by the end user.

4.6.5 Radio Common Carriers

End User Access charges do not apply for each local exchange service used only as a path for the transmission of Radio Common Carrier (RCC) traffic between the Telephone Company serving wire center and the RCC's radio equipment.

End User Access Charges will apply to the Radio Common Carrier's local exchange service used for administrative purposes. This shall also include those Radio Common Carriers providing maritime service under Part 81 of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

A Radio Common Carrier is described as a common carrier engaged in the provision of Public Mobile Service, (as defined in Part 22 of the FCC Rules and Regulations), which is not also in the business of providing landline local exchange telephone service.

4.6.6 Remote Call Forwarding

End User Access charges do not apply for each local exchange service provided as Remote Call Forwarding (RCF) residential or business service, under the general and/or local exchange service tariffs.

4. End User Access Service (Cont'd)

4.6 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

4.6.7 Residence Services

(A) Single Line and Multiline Service

When an end user is provided local residence exchange service(s) in a state, semi-public service and multiparty service included, and when the local residence exchange service is provided under the general and/or local exchange service tariffs, the EUCL Residence - Individual line or trunk rate as set forth in 4.7.1 following, applies to each such local residence exchange service. In the case of multiparty service each party is deemed to be a user of an EUCL. These rates may be reduced as set forth in (Telephone Lifeline Assistance).

(B) Centrex CO and CO-Like Dormitory Service

Regulations concerning the application of EUCL charges to student or faculty dormitory (residential) quarters served by Centrex CO or CO-like service are set forth in 4.6.4(C) preceding.

4.7 Rates and Charges

4.7.1 End User Common Line (EUCL) Residence

Per Individual Line or Trunk Monthly Rate	$0.00

4.7.2 End User Common Line (EUCL) Single Line Business

Per Individual Line or Trunk Monthly Rate	$0.00

4.7.3 End User Common Line (EUCL) Centrex CO and CO-Like Dormitory Service

Per Individual Line or Trunk Monthly Rate	$0.00

4.7.4 End User Common Line (EUCL) Multiline Business Including Centrex CO and CO-Link Service

Per Individual Line or Trunk Monthly Rate	$0.00

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service

This section sets forth the regulations and order related charges for Access Orders for Switched and Special Access Services. These charges are in addition to other applicable charges as set forth in other sections of this tariff.

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements

An Access Service Request (ASR) is used by the Telephone Company to provide the customer with Switched Access Service as set forth in 6. following, and Special Access Service as set forth in 7. following or to provide changes to existing services.

When placing an order for Access Services, the customer must complete a Telephone Company Access Service Request and shall provide the information as required in 5.1.1, 5.1.2, and 5.1.3 following.

5.1.1 General

A customer may order any number of services of the same type and between the same premises on a single Access Service Request. All details for services for a particular order must be identical except for those for multipoint service.

A customer may order access service on behalf of the customer's end user. The customer must provide the Telephone Company all the necessary information as set forth in this section.
The customer shall provide all information necessary for the Telephone Company to provide and bill for the requested service. In addition to the order information required in 5.1.2 and 5.1.3 following, the customer must also provide:

- Customer name and premises address(es)

- Billing name and address (when different from customer name and address).

- Customer contact name(s) and telephone number(s) for the following provisioning activities: order negotiation, order confirmation, interactive design, installation and billing.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements (Cont'd)

5.1.2 Switched Access Ordering Requirements

Switched Access Service may be ordered by the customer on the basis of line-side or trunk - side access connections at Telephone Company locations. Trunk side ordering regulations are as set forth in 5.1.2(A) following. Line side ordering regulations are as set forth in 5.1.2(B) following.

(A) Trunk Side Access Services

FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D, 500, 800, 877, 888 and 900 Access services are provided by the Telephone Company via trunk side connections. Trunk side connections shall be established via orders for Entrance Facilities, Direct-Trunked Trasnport or Tandem-Switched Transport. 500 and 900 Access Service Trunks are provided only at Telephone Company designated switches capable of performing the customer identification function for 500 and 900 service. All 900 NXX code assignments and administration shall be in accordance with the North American Numbering Plan (NANP). 800/877/888 Access Service Trunks are offered only in conjunction with the 800/877/888 customer identification function as described in 6.2.5(A) (1) and in conjunction with 800/877/888 Data Base Query Service as described in 6.2.10(D). Customers may request 800/877/888 access connections to suitably equipped end offices and access tandem offices. A list of those offices will be provided upon request. All 800/877/888 number assignments shall be administered by the Number Administration Service Center (NASC) through the Service Management System (SMS). When direct routing of 500, 800, 877, 888 or 900 Access Service traffic via 500, 800, 887, 888 or 900 Access Service trunks is desired, or when the customer's 500, 800, 877, 888 or 900 Access Service traffic is combined in the same trunk group arrangement with the customer's FGC, FGD, BSA-C or BSA-D traffic, the customer must complete an Access Service Request as set forth in (1) or (2) following.

(1) Local Transport Entrance Facilities and Direct-Trunked Transport

ASRs for Entrance Facilities and Direct-Trunked Transport must specify the customer designated premises, type of service (e.g., Voice Grade, DS1 or DS3), the channel interface, and any options desired. In addition, ASRs for Direct-Trunked Transport must specify any Hubs involved and the end office, when direct routing to an end office is desired, or the access tandem if direct routing to an access tandem switch for purposes of obtaining Tandem-Switched Transport is desired.

ASRs for Direct-Trunked Transport must also specify the Feature Group, number of trunks at the end office or tandem, major traffic types and directionality. Originating traffic may be categorized into Domestic, 500, 800, 877, 888, 900, operator and IDDD when the customer wishes to further segregate their originating traffic.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements (Cont'd)

5.1.2 Switched Access Ordering Requirements

(A) Trunk Side Access Services (Cont'd)

(2) Tandem-Switched Transport

Customers may order FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C or BSA-D, 500, 800, 888 and 900 Tandem-Switched Transport Services by specifying the number of trunks desired between their premises and the access tandem switch or BHMCs between the customer's premises and the end office and the Local Transport and Local Switching Options desired. When ordering by trunk quantities rather than BHMC quantities to an access tandem, the customer must also provide to the Telephone Company an End Office Detail Form specifying an estimate of the amount of traffic it will generate to and/or from each end office subtending the access tandem to assist the Telephone Company in its own efforts to project further facility requirements. The major traffic types and directionality must also be specified to enable efficient provisioning and billing functions.

There are two major traffic types identified as Originating and Terminating traffic. Because some customers will wish to further segregate their originating traffic into separate trunk groups, originating traffic may be further categorized into Domestic, 500, 800, 888, 900, operator and IDDD.

When a customer orders FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D, 500, 800, 888 or 900 Tandem-Switched Transport Service in trunks, the customer is responsible to assure that sufficient access facilities have been ordered to handle this traffic.

Customers may order FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D, 500, 800, 888 or 900 Tandem Switched Access Service by specifying the number of busy hour minutes of capacity (BHMC) from the customer's premises to the end office by Switched Access arrangement and by type of BHMC. This information is used to determine the number of transmission paths as set forth following. The customer then specifies the Local Transport and Local Switching options desired, and for FGB and BSA-B the manner in which intrastate communications shall be completed.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements (Cont'd)

5.1.2 Switched Access Ordering Requirements (Cont'd)

(A) Trunk Side Access Services (Cont'd)

(2) Tandem-Switched Transport (Cont'd)

The BHMC may be determined by the customer in the following manner. For each day (8 am to 11 pm, Monday through Friday, excluding national holidays), the customer shall determine the highest number of minutes of use for a single hour (e.g., 55 minutes in the 10-11 am hour). The customer shall, for the same hour period (i.e., busy hour) for each of twenty consecutive business days, pick the twenty consecutive business days in a calendar year which add up to the largest number of minutes of use. Both originating and terminating minutes shall be included. The customer shall then determine the average busy hour minutes of capacity (i.e., BHMC) by dividing the largest number of minutes of use figure for the same hour period for the consecutive twenty business day period by 20. This computation shall be performed for each end office the customer wishes to serve. These determinations thus establish the forecasted BHMC for each end office.

BHMCs are differentiated by type and directionality of traffic carried over a Switched Access Service arrangement. Differentiation of traffic among BHMC types is necessary for the Telephone Company to properly design Switched Access Service to meet the traffic carrying capacity requirement of the customer. There are two major BHMC categories identified as Originating and Terminating. Because some customers will wish to further segregate their originating traffic into separate trunk groups, originating BHMCs are further categorized into Domestic, 800, 888, 900, Operator and IDDD.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements (Cont'd)

5.1.2 Switched Access Ordering Requirements (Cont'd)

(A) Trunk Side Access Services (Cont'd)

(3) 900 NXX Code Activation/Deactivation

900 Access Service NXX Code Activation shall be ordered by the customer for an entire Telephone Company serving area, state within a serving area, or LATA associated with a Telephone Company serving area. The customer must specify in its Access Service Request, the 900 NXX codes to be activated or deactivated and the service area desired. The Telephone Company will activate or deactivate the requested NXX codes in all Telephone Company switches which perform the customer identification function for 900 Access Service within the service area ordered by the customer.

When a customer's 900 Access Service traffic originates from a Telephone Company end office which is not capable of performing the customer identification function the customer may be required, upon reasonable notice, to provide the Telephone Company an estimate of the amount of traffic it will generate from the end office to assist the Telephone Company in its own efforts to project future facility requirements.

For additions and/or deletions of 900 Access Service NXX(s) subsequent to the initial order for service, the customer shall place an Access Service Request for such additions and/or deletions at least 30 days prior to the effective date of the change in order to allow the Telephone Company sufficient time to implement the change. Calls originating in Telephone Company jurisdictions to NXXs which the customer has not ordered activated will be blocked in those end offices or access tandems which possess the technical capabilities to block such calls.

(4) Coin Services

An Access Service Request (ASR) is required from the customer to add 1+ coin traffic from an end office. At the customer's option, the ASR can be issued at a 1+ coin tandem or end office level. For an initial customer order at a 1+ coin tandem, the Telephone Company must receive the request at least 120 calendar days prior to the requested effective date. Standard provisioning intervals will apply to subsequent orders involving that 1+ coin tandem.

The customer must provide the Telephone Company with written notification stating that an order is being submitted pursuant to an agreement with a secondary service provider prior to the routing of 1+ interLATA coin traffic to a provider other than the customer.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements (Cont'd)

5.1.2 Switched Access Ordering Requirements (Cont'd)

(A) Trunk Side Access Services (Cont'd)

(5) Common Channel Signaling System 7 Services

When ordering SS7 Out of Band Signaling for FGD, BSA-D, 800, 888 or 900 Access Service, the ASR must specify the existing CCS7 Access Service facilities or a related ASR for CCS7 Access Service as described in the FCC Tariff FCC No. 4. The ASR must also include STP point codes, STP location identifier codes, FGD, BSA-D, 800, 888 or 900 Access Service trunk circuit identification codes, and switched type. All traffic carried by that FGD, BSA-D, 800, 888 or 900 Access Service will be equipped with Out of Band Signaling. The customer and the Telephone Company will work cooperatively to determine the number of CCS7 Access Service connections required to handle the customer's SS7 Out of Band Signaling traffic.

(6) When ordering FGD or BSA-D Switched Access with 950-XXXX Access as described in 6.3.2(AA), the customer shall provide an ASR specifying which 950-XXXX access code(s) are to be routed and the FGD or BSA-D Switched Access Service over which resulting originating 950-XXXX access code calls are to be routed.

(7) 500 NXX Code Activation/Deactivation

500 Access Service NXX Code Activation shall be ordered by the customer for an entire Telephone Company serving area, state within a serving area, or LATA associated with a Telephone Company serving area. The customer must specify on its Access Service Request, the 500 NXX codes to be activated or deactivated and the service area desired. The Telephone Company will activate or deactivate the requested NXX codes in all Telephone Company switches which perform the customer identification function for 500 Access Service within the service area ordered by the customer.

When a customer's 500 Access Service traffic originates from a Telephone Company end office which is not capable of performing the customer identification function the customer may be required, upon reasonable notice, to provide the Telephone Company an estimate of the amount of traffic it will generate from the end office to assist the Telephone Company in its own efforts to project future facility requirements.

For additions and/or deletions of 500 Access Service NXX(s) subsequent to the initial order for service, the customer shall place an Access Service Request for such additions and/or deletions at least 30 days prior to the effective date of the change in order to allow the Telephone Company sufficient time to implement the change. Calls originating in Telephone Company jurisdictions to NXXs which the customer has not ordered activation will be blocked in those end offices or Telephone Company access tandems which possess the technical capabilities to block such calls.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements (Cont'd)

5.1.2 Switched Access Ordering Requirements (Cont'd)

(B) Line Side Access Services

Feature Group A and BSA-A Access service is provided by the Telephone Company via line-side connections. All customers shall provide the ordering requirements as follows:

For FGA or BSA-A Switched Access Service, the customer shall specify the number of lines and the first point of switching (i.e., dial tone office), the type of Local Transport Entrance Facility and Direct-Trunked Transport, the Local Transport options and Local Switching options desired, and the manner in which interstate communications shall be completed. In addition, the customer shall also specify which lines are to be arranged in multiline hunt group arrangements and which lines are to be provided as single lines.

When FGA or BSA-A is ordered the customer shall specify whether or not the terminating traffic is to be restricted to the FGA or BSA-A Access Area (local exchange calling area) as set forth in 6.2.1(A)(7) following or allowed to extend beyond the FGA or BSA-A Access area but within the LATA. When FGA or BSA-A traffic is terminated beyond the Access Area but remains within the LATA, the rates for Switched Access as set forth in 6.5.8 following, will apply.

5.1.3 Special Access Services

When placing an order for Special Access Services, the customer must provide the requirements as follows:

For all Special Access Services, the customer must specify the customer designated premises or Hubs involved, the type of service, (e.g., Voice Grade, High Capacity, etc.) the channel interface, technical specification package and options desired. The customer must also indicate the jurisdiction of the circuit as set forth in 7.1.9 following. For multipoint services, the channel interface at each premises may, at the request of the customer, be different but all such interfaces shall be compatible.

Where the Special Access Service is exempt from the Special Access Surcharge, the customer shall furnish with the Access Service Request the certification as set forth in 7.2.1(E) following. Exemption certifications may be provided in writing or by use of an Access Service Request.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements (Cont'd)

5.1.4 Switched Access Interface

The Switched Access Interface optional features, as set forth in 6.3.2 following, is ordered by a customer in the provision of that customer's intrastate communications service (e.g., WATS, 800/877/888 or WATS-type services) to end users. Orders for the Switched Access Interface must specify the required information as set forth preceding for the appropriate Switched Access Service Feature Group or BSA and Voice Grade Special Access Service. The customer must also specify the Switched Access Interface Arrangement optional features, if any, the directionality of the service to be provided (i.e., originating, terminating, or two-way) and the type of Supervisory Signaling.

If the wire center that serves the customer's end user premises is not a WATS Serving Office (WSO) the Telephone Company will configure the Special Access portion of the service to the nearest wire center where the necessary functions exist.

5.1.5 Equal Access Conversions

When an office is scheduled to be converted to equal access, the IC must submit an Access Service Request for FGD or BSA-D service no later than 120 days prior to the end office equal access conversion date in order for the IC to participate in the presubscription process as described in 8.5 following.

Customers may request existing FGA, FGB, BSA-A or BSA-B services be converted to FGD or BSA-D upon the conversion of an office to equal access. Changes in Feature Group or BSA types are provided as set forth in 6.5.4(E) following.

(A) Feature Group D and BSA-D Facilities Shortages

In the event a shortage of FGD or BSA-D resources exists, the Telephone Company will make every reasonable effort to meet all Access Service Requests as of the equal access conversion date. In the event these efforts are unsuccessful, the Telephone Company will notify all ICs requesting FGD or BSA-D service that a shortage of facilities exist and allocation of available facilities among participating ICs is necessary.

The available resources are determined by the Telephone Company and represent the equipment and facility quantities necessary to provide FGD or BSA-D service, excluding intraLATA FGC or BSA-C and interLATA FGC or BSA-C terminating resources currently in service. If the interLATA FGC or BSA-C trunks are arranged to carry two-way traffic, one half will be considered available resources.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements (Cont'd)

5.1.5 Equal Access Conversions (Cont'd)

(A) Feature Group D and BSA-D Facilities Shortages (Cont'd)

FGD and BSA-D resources are allocated to each IC based on the percent of end users that are presubscribed to that IC as counted 30 days prior to the conversion date. For example, if 10% of end users in an end office, or a group of end offices served by a common access tandem, scheduled to be converted to equal access are presubscribed to a particular IC, 10% of the total available FGD or BSA-D services will be allocated to that IC.

The quantity of resources in service for each IC as determined by the allocation process will be adjusted on the basis of actual usage and blocking measurements. Actual usage adjustments will be made 90 days after conversion to equal access. If necessary, this reallocation process will continue at three month intervals until all initial service requests have been met.

5.1.6 Provision of Other Services

(A) Testing Service, Additional Labor, Restoration Priority and Special Facilities Routing shall be ordered with an Access Service Request or as set forth in (B) following. The rates and charges for these services, as set forth in other sections of this tariff, will apply in addition to the ordering charges set forth in this section and the rates and charges for the Access Service with which they are associated.

(B) Where possible, the Telephone Company will allow the services listed preceding to be subsequently added to an Access Service Request at any time, up to and including the service date for the Access Service. When added subsequently, charges for a design change as set forth in 5.3.1(C) following will apply when an engineering review is required.

(C) Additional Engineering is not an ordering option, but will be applied to an Access Service Request when the Telephone Company determines that Additional Engineering is necessary to accommodate a customer request. Additional Engineering conditions and charges are as set forth in 8.1 following and are in addition to the regulations, rates and charges specified in this section.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.1 Access Service Request Requirements (Cont'd)

5.1.7 Access Order Service Date Intervals

Access Service is provided with Service Date Intervals. The Service Date Interval is that period of time which the Telephone Company requires to properly provision the service and begins when the customer submits a completed Access Service Request for service, as set forth in 5.1 preceding. The Telephone Company shall publish and make available to all customers, upon reasonable request, a schedule of Service Date Intervals applicable for Switched and Special Access Services. The schedule shall specify the services and the quantities of services that can be provided in the Service Date Intervals. Service Date Interval schedules are provided during regular business days at Telephone Company offices at which the customer places an order for Access Service.

Access Services provided in a Service Date Interval will be installed during Telephone Company business days. If a customer requests that installation be done outside of scheduled work hours, and the Telephone Company agrees to this request, the customer will be subject to applicable Additional Labor Charges as set forth in 8.2. following.

5.1.8 Selection of Facilities For Access Order

When there are analog or digital high capacity facilities to a Hub on order or in service for the customer's use, the customer may request a specific channel or transmission path be used to provide the Switched or Special Access Service requested in an Access Service Request. The Telephone Company will make a reasonable effort to accommodate the customer request.

For all other Access Service Requests, the option to request a specific transmission path or channel is not provided except as provided for under Special Facilities Routing as set forth in 11. following.

5.1.9 Shared Use Facilities

Shared Use (i.e., Switched and Special Access Services provided over the same analog or digital high capacity facilities) is allowed. Shared use facilities to a Hub will be ordered and provided as either Switched or Special Access Service. While shared use is allowed, individual services utilizing these facilities must be ordered either as Switched Access Service or Special Access Service. When placing the order for the individual service(s), the customer must specify a channel assignment for each service ordered.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.2 Access Services Provided by More than One Telephone Company

The Telephone Company will provide Access Services under this tariff where more than one Telephone Company is involved in the provision of Access Service as set forth in (A), (B) or (C) following. The Single Company Billing arrangement as set forth in (A) following will be used for FGA and BSA-A switched access services except where interconnection arrangements between the telephone companies involved permit the use of the Multiple Company Billing arrangement as set forth in (B) following. The Telephone Company will notify the customer of the billing arrangement when the customer orders FGA or BSA-A service. The Multiple Company Billing arrangement, as set forth in (B) following, will be used for all FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D, 800/877/888 Access and 900 Access Services and Special Access Services.

(A) Single Company Billing

For FGA and BSA-A Switched Access Service the customer shall submit an ASR to the Telephone Company in whose territory the dial tone office is located. The Telephone Company receiving the order from the customer will arrange to provide the service and bill the customer as set forth in 2.4.7 (A) preceding.

For services ordered as set forth preceding, the customer shall provide a copy of the ASR containing all information as required in 5.1 preceding to any other Telephone Company involved in providing the service.

(B) Multiple Company Billing

Access services subject to Multiple Company Billing will be provided by the Telephone Companies involved in accordance with the Exchange Carrier Standards Association's Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing Guidelines (MECAB) and Multiple Exchange Carrier Ordering and Design Guidelines (MECOD).

For all Switched and Special Access Services, the customer shall submit an ASR to each Telephone Company involved in providing the service.

Each Telephone Company will provide the appropriate access service elements within its operating territory to a physical point of interconnection with the other involved Telephone Company(ies). The physical point of interconnection is the location where one Telephone Company's facilities connect with another Telephone Company's facilities.

Each Telephone Company that receives an order will bill the customer for the appropriate access service elements provided by each respective Telephone Company as set forth in 2.4.7 (B) preceding.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.2 Access Services Provided by More than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(C) EAS Arrangements

Where a customer utilizes FGA or BSA-A to originate and/or terminate calls within an Extended Area Service (EAS) calling area provided by more than one telephone company, as set forth in 2.4.7 (B) preceding, the customer shall submit as ASR for FGA or BSA-A service in the manner set forth in (A) preceding. The customer shall also provide a copy of the ASR to any other Telephone Company involved in providing the service within the EAS calling area.

5.3 Access Order Charges

5.3.1 Access Service Request Modifications

The customer may request a modification of its Access Service Request prior to the service date. The Telephone Company will make every effort to accommodate a requested modification when it is able to do so with the normal work force assigned to complete such an order within normal business hours. If the modification cannot be made with the normal work force during normal business hours, the Telephone Company will notify the customer. If the customer still desires the Access Service Request modification, the Telephone Company will schedule a new service date. All charges for Access Service Request modifications will apply on a per occurrence basis.

Any increase in the number of Special Access Service circuits, Switched Access Service Entrance Facility circuits, Direct-Trunked Transport circuits, lines, trunks or busy hour minutes of capacity will be treated as a new Access Service Request (for the increased amount only).

If order modifications are necessary to satisfy the transmission performance for a Special Access Service ordered by a customer, these changes will be made without order modification charges being incurred by the customer.

(A) Service Date Change Charge

Access Order service dates may be changed, but the new service date may not exceed the original service date by more than 30 calendar days. If the customer is unable to accept the service on the established service date and/or the customer requested service date is more than 30 calendar days after the original service date, the customer will have the option of (a) or (b) following:

(a) The original order will be canceled by the Telephone Company, and reissued with appropriate cancellation charges applied, for

(b) the billing will commence for the services ordered on the original ASR.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.3 Access Order Charges (Cont'd)

5.3.1 Access Service Request Modifications (Cont'd)

(A) Service Date Change Charge (Cont'd)

If the Telephone company determines it can accommodate the customer's request without delaying service dates for orders of other customers, a new service date may be established that is prior to the original standard or negotiated interval service date.

If the service date is changed to an earlier date, the customer will be notified by the Telephone Company that Expedited Order Charges as set forth in (C) following apply. Such charges will apply in addition to the Service Date Change Charge. (T)

A Service Date Change Charge will apply, on a per order occurrence basis, for each service date change after the Plant Test Date on the ASR. The applicable charge is:

	CHARGE
Service Date Change Charge, per order	$35.76

(B) Design Change Charge

The customer may request a design change to the service ordered. A design change is any change to an Access Service Request which requires engineering review. An engineering review is a review by Telephone Company personnel, of the service ordered and the requested changes to determine what changes in the design, if any, are necessary to meet the changes requested by the customer. Design changes include such things as the addition or deletion of optional features or functions or a change in the signaling arrangements associated with Switched Access Entrance Facility interface groups. Design changes do not include a change of Switched Access Entrance Facility type, and user premises, end office switch, Feature Group or BSA type or Special Access Service circuit type. Changes of this nature will require the issuance of a new order and the cancellation of the original order with appropriate cancellation charges applied.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.3 Access Order Charges (Cont'd)

5.3.1 Access Service Request Modifications (Cont'd)

(B) Design Change Charge (Cont'd)

The Telephone Company will review the requested change, notify the customer whether the change is a design change, if it can be accommodated and if a new service date is required. If the customer authorizes the Telephone Company to proceed with the design change, a Design Change Charge will apply. The Design Change Charge will apply on a per order per occurrence basis, for each order requiring a design change. The applicable charge is:

	Rate
Design Change Charge, per order	$56.90

If a change of service date is required, the Service Date Change Charge as set forth in (A) preceding will also apply.

(C) Expedited Order Charge

When placing an Access Service Request a customer may request a service date that is prior to the Telephone Company's published service date interval. If the Telephone Company determines that the service can be provided on the requested date, an Expedited Order Charge will apply. (C)

A customer may also request an earlier service date on a pending Access Service Request. If the customer's request can be accommodated, a Service Date Change Charge as described in Section 5.3.1(A) will apply in addition to the Expedited Order Charge.

If the Telephone Company is subsequently unable to meet an agreed upon expedited service date, the Expedited Order Charge will not apply.

In the event that the Telephone Company provides service on an expedited basis by customer request and the customer then delays service, an additional Service Date Change Charge as described in Section 5.3.1(A) will apply.

The Expedited Order Charge applies per order, based on the requested service date. A request to expedite service to be available the next day is a one day expedite, a request for service in two days is a two day expedite, and so on to a request for service a week from the request date is a seven day expedite. Expedited orders for same day service are not available. If the requested service date is at the published service date interval or later, no Expedited Order Charge will apply.

Rates for Expedited Order Charges are as follows:

One Day Expedite	$332.00
Two Day Expedite	320.00
Three Day Expedite	308.00
Four Day Expedite	295.00
Five Day Expedite	292.00
Six Day Expedite	290.00
Seven Day Expedite	288.00

(C)

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.3 Access Order Charges (Cont'd)

5.3.2 Cancellation of an Access Service Request

A customer may cancel an Access Service Request on any date after receipt of the Access Service Request by the Telephone Company and prior to the installation of service. The cancellation date is the date the Telephone Company receives written or verbal notice from the customer that the Access Service Request order is to be canceled. The verbal notice must be followed by written confirmation within 10 days. If written confirmation of the cancellation is not received by the Telephone Company, the verbal notice will not be considered a valid cancellation notice. When a customer cancels an Access Service Request for the discontinuance of service, no charges apply for the cancellation.

(A) Delay of Service Date by Customer

If a customer or a customer's end user is unable to accept Access Service within 30 calendar days after the original service date, the customer has the choice of the following options:

- The Access Service Request shall be canceled and charges set forth in (C) following will apply, or

- Billing for the service will commence.

In such instances, the cancellation date or the billing date, depending on which option is selected by the customer, shall be the 31st day beyond the original service date of the Access Service Request.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.3 Access Order Charges (Cont'd)

5.3.2 Cancellation of an Access Service Request (Cont'd)

(B) Delay of Service Date by Telephone Company

If the Telephone Company misses a service date by more than 30 days due to circumstances over which it has direct control (excluding, e.g., Acts of God, governmental requirements, work stoppages and civil commotions), the customer may cancel the Access Service Request without incurring cancellation charges.

(C) Cancellation Charge

When a customer cancels an Access Service Request prior to the service date, the Cancellation Charge specified in (1) or (2) following, shall apply.

(1) When as ASR for Special Access Service is canceled on or after the Application Date, the Cancellation Charge is calculated, on a per ASR basis, by multiplying the total nonrecurring charge for the quantity ordered by the number of business days elapsed since the Application Date, and dividing that figure by the number of days in the service interval (i.e. the number of business days between the Application Date and the last day of the service date interval).

(2) When an ASR for Switched Access is canceled on or after the Application Date, the Cancellation Charge is calculated, on a per ASR basis, by multiplying the total installation charge for the quantity ordered by the number of business days elapsed since the Application Date, and dividing that figure by the number of days in the service interval (i.e., the number of business days between the Application Date and the last day of the service date interval), and adding the Switched Access Ordering Charge.

(D) Partial Cancellation Charge

Any decrease in the number of ordered Special Access Service circuits or Switched Access Service lines, trunks or busy hour minutes of capacity on a pending ASR will be treated as a partial cancellation. The charge will be determined by multiplying the total switched access installation or special access nonrecurring charge for the canceled portion of the order by the number of business days elapsed since the order date and dividing that figure by the number of days in the service interval.

5. Ordering Switched and Special Access Service (Cont'd)

5.3 Access Order Charges (Cont'd)

5.3.3 Minimum Period Charges

(A) When Access Service is disconnected prior to the expiration of the minimum period, charges are applicable for the balance of the minimum period. A disconnect constitutes facilities being returned to available inventory.

For purposes of applying minimum period charges, the disconnect date shall be two business days after the date the Telephone Company receives written notification from the customer or the date the customer requests service be disconnected, whichever is the later date.

(B) The Minimum Period Charge for monthly billed services will be determined as follows:

For Switched Access Service, excluding Entrance Facility and Direct-Trunked Transport elements, the charge for a month or fraction thereof is equal to the sum of the applicable switched access rates times the actual or assumed usage for the month as set forth in 6.5.7(B) following.

For Special Access Service and Switched Access Entrance Facility and Direct-Trunked Transport services, the charge for a month or fraction thereof is the applicable monthly rates for the service as set forth in Section 6.6 and 7.2.3 following.

The Minimum Period Charge for part-time Television and Program Audio Services is the applicable daily rate for the service as set forth in 7.2.3 following.

6. Switched Access Service

6.1 General

Switched Access Service, which is available to customers for their use in furnishing their service to end users, provides a two-point electrical communications path between a customer's premises and end user's premises. It provides for the use of common terminating, switching and trunking facilities, dedicated trunking facilities, and common subscriber plant of the Telephone company. Switched Access Service provides for the ability to originate calls from an end user's premises to a customer's premises, and to terminate calls from a customer's premises to an end user's premises in the Access Area where it is provided. Specific descriptions of each Switched Access Service are provided in Section 6.2 following.

The Telephone Company, to the extent that such services are or can be made available with reasonable effort, and after provision has been made for the Telephone Company's telephone exchange services, will provide to the customer upon reasonable notice service offered in this section of this tariff at rates and charges specified therein.

6.1.1 Service Arrangements

Switched Access is provided in conjunction with either of two types of access services, bundled Feature Groups or unbundled Lineside, Trunkside and Dedicated Network Access Link (DNAL) Basic Serving Arrangements (BSAs). BSAs, described in 6.2.5, 6.2.6, 6.2.7 and 6.2.8, are provided in two basic categories differentiated by their technical characteristics and how they connect, line side or trunk side connection, to the Telephone Company's first point of switching. The trunk side BSA is further differentiated into three alternatives based upon how the end user accesses the trunk side BSA, with or without an access code. Feature Group A (FGA) and Basic Serving Arrangement A (BSA-A) are defined as line side connections to the Telephone Company's network. Feature Group B (FGB), Feature Group C (FGC), Feature Group D (FGD), Basic Serving Arrangement Alternative B (BSA-B), Basic Serving Arrangement Alternative C (BSA-C), and Basic Serving Arrangement Alternative D (BSA-D) are defined as trunk side connections to the Telephone Company's network. The use of a line side or trunk side switched access connection is dependent upon the switched access arrangement ordered by the customer.

Feature Groups and BSAs are arranged for either originating, terminating or two-way calling, based on the customer end office switching capacity ordered, while originating 500 Access Service, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service is arranged for originating calling only. Originating calling permits the delivery of calls from Telephone Exchange Service locations to customer's premises. Terminating calling permits the delivery of calls from the customer's premises to Telephone Exchange Service locations. Two-way calling permits the delivery of calls in both directions, but not simultaneously.

Switched Access will be provided as both Feature Groups and BSAs to Telephone Company end offices either directly routed or routed via an access tandem, except as set forth following:

- Feature Group and BSA trunk side equivalents (FGB and BSA-B, FGC and BSA-C, and FGD and BSA-D) may not be provided for the same Carrier Identification Code (CIC) and/or Billing Account Number (BAN) at Telephone Company end offices which subtend the same tandem. When a Telephone Company end office subtends multiple tandems, Feature Group and BSA trunk side equivalents may not be provided for the same CIC and/or BAN at any Telephone Company end office which subtends either tandem.
- Feature Group and BSA line side equivalents (FGA and BSA-A) may not be mixed in the same multiline hunt group.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.1 General (Cont'd)

6.1.1 Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

Switched Access Services are classified as either "line-side" connections or "trunk-side" connections. The type of access connection provided by the Telephone Company is dependent upon the Switched Access Arrangement ordered by the customer. Switched Access ordering regulations are detailed in Section 5.1 preceding.

Switched access feature groups and BSAs may be provided in conjunction with voice grade Special Access services in order to complete communications to and from the customer's location. A complete description of the Combined Access Service Arrangement is set forth following.

6.1.2 Technical Specifications

There are three specific transmission specifications (i.e., Types A, B and C) that have been identified for the provision of Switched Access Arrangements. The specifications provided are dependent on the Interface Group associated with the Local Transport Entrance Facility and the routing of the service, i.e., whether the service is routed directly to the end office or via an access tandem. The parameters for the transmission specifications and descriptions of the Interface Groups are set forth in Section 9. following.

6.1.3 Optional Features

There are various nonchargeable optional features available with the Switched Access Feature Group Arrangements. These additional optional features are provided as Local Transport, Common Switching or Transport Termination options. Nonchargeable optional features are identified in Sections 6.2.1, 6.2.2, 6.2.3, 6.2.4, 6.2.10, 6.2.11, 6.2.12 and 6.2.13.

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements

Following are detailed descriptions of each of the available Feature Groups, 500 Access Service, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service. Each is described in terms of its specific physical characteristics and calling patterns, the transmission specifications with which it is provided, and the optional features available for use.

Optional features are described in Section 6.3 following. Additional regulations pertaining to the provision of these arrangements are set forth in Section 6.4 following.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.1 Feature Group A (FGA)

(A) Description

(1) FGA is provided via a line side connection at Telephone Company electronic and electromechanical end office switches with an associated seven digit telephone number for the customer's use in originating communications to or terminating communications from an Interexchange Carrier's Intrastate Service or a customer provided intrastate communications capability. At the option of the customer, FGA is provided on a single or multiple line group basis and is arranged for originating calling only, terminating calling only, or two-way calling.

(2) FGA provides a line side termination at the first point of switching. The line side termination will be provided with either ground start supervisory signaling or loop start supervisory signaling. The type of signaling is at the option of the customer.

(3) The Telephone Company shall select the first point of switching, within the selected FGA Access Area, at which the line side connection is to be provided unless the customer requests a different first point of switching and Telephone Company facilities and measurement capabilities, where necessary, are available to accommodate such a request.

(4) A seven digit local telephone number assigned by the Telephone Company is provided for access to FGA switching in the originating direction. The seven digit local telephone number will be associated with the selected end office switch and is of the form NXX-XXXX.

If the customer requests a specific seven digit telephone number that is not currently assigned, and the Telephone Company can, with reasonable effort, comply with that request, the requested number will be assigned to the customer.

(5) FGA switching, when used in the terminating direction, is arranged with dial tone start-dial signaling. When used in the terminating direction FGA switching may, at the option of the customer, be arranged for dial pulse or dual tone multifrequency address signaling, subject to availability of equipment at the first point of switching. When FGA switching is provided in a hunt group or uniform call distribution arrangement, all FGA switching will be arranged for the same type of address signaling.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.1 Feature Group A (FGA) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(6) No address signaling is provided by the Telephone Company when FGA Switching is used in the originating direction. Address signaling in such cases, if required by the customer, must be provided by the customer's end user using inband tone signaling techniques. Such inband tone address signals will not be regenerated by the Telephone Company and will be subject to the ordinary transmission capabilities of the Local Transport provided.

(7) FGA Switching, when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access the Telephone Company specified set of valid NXXs within the FGA Access Area.

For FGA, the Access Area is defined as the local exchange calling area of the end office switch from which the FGA service is provided as set forth in the Telephone Company's local or general exchange service tariff.

Terminating access is also provided to local operator service (0- and 0+), Directory Assistance (411 where available and 555-1212) emergency reporting service (911 where available), exchange telephone repair (611 where available), time or weather announcement services of the Telephone Company, community information services of an information service provider, and other customers' services (by dialing the appropriate digits).

Charges for FGA terminating calls requiring operator assistance or calls to 611 or 911 will only apply where sufficient call details are available. Additional non-access charges will also be billed on a separate account for (1) an operator surcharge, as set forth in the local exchange tariffs, for local operator assistance (0- and 0+) calls, (2) calls to certain community information services, for which rates are applicable under Telephone Company exchange service tariffs, e.g., 976 (DIAL-IT) Network Services, and (3) calls from a FGA line to another customer's service in accordance with that customer's applicable service rates when the Telephone Company performs the billing function for that customer.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.1 Feature Group A (FGA) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(7) (Cont'd)

For calls to Directory Assistance additional non access charges may also be billed at the applicable rates under the Telephone Company local exchange tariffs.

(8) Feature Group A Switched Access Service is available with additional termination (i.e. extensions) of the service at different building(s) in the same or different local calling area. Application of rates for Feature Group A extension service is found in 6.5.8 following.

(9) When a FGA switching arrangement for an individual customer (a single line or entire hunt group) is discontinued at an end office, an intercept announcement is provided. This arrangement provides, for a limited period of time, an announcement that the service associated with the number dialed has been disconnected.

(10) Message Unit Credit

Calls from end users to the seven digit local telephone numbers associated with Feature Group A Switched Access Service are subject to Telephone Company local and/or general exchange service tariff charges (including message unit and toll charges as applicable). The monthly bills rendered to customers for their Feature Group A Switched Access Service will include a credit to reflect any message unit charges billed to their end users under the Telephone Company's local and/or general exchange service tariffs. The credit will apply for recorded originating usage or for assumed originating usage, as appropriate for the FGA service provided. When the credit is applied on assumed usage, such credit will not exceed the assumed levels of usage set forth in 6.6 following. No credit will apply for any terminating FGA access minutes. The message unit credit for originating access minutes will be based on the generally applicable message unit charges of the Telephone Company. All applicable message unit credits will be developed on an exchange specific basis only.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.1 Feature Group A (FGA) (Cont'd)

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Hunt Group Arrangement
(b) Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement
(c) Nonhunting Number for Use with Hunt Group Arrangement or Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement
(d) Call Denial
(e) Service Code Denial
(f) Switched Access Interface

(2) Transport Termination Optional Features

(a) Two-way operation with dial pulse address signaling and loop start supervisory signaling.
(b) Two-way operation with dial pulse address signaling and ground start supervisory signaling.
(c) Two-way operation with dual tone multifrequency address signaling and loop start supervisory signaling.
(d) Two-way operation with dual tone multifrequency address signaling and ground start supervisory signaling.
(e) Terminating operation with dial pulse address signaling and loop start supervisory signaling.
(f) Terminating operation with dial pulse signaling and ground start supervisory signaling.
(g) Terminating operation with dual tone multifrequency address signaling and loop start supervisory signaling.
(h) Terminating operation with dual tone multifrequency address signaling and ground start supervisory signaling.
(i) Originating operation with loop start supervisory signaling.
(j) Originating operation with ground start supervisory signaling.

(3) Local Transport Optional Features

(a) Supervisory Signaling
(b) Customer Specified Entry Switch Receive Level

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.1 Feature Group A (FGA) (Cont'd)

(B) Optional Features (Cont'd)

(4) Local Features

Certain other features which may be available in connection with Feature Group A are provided under the Telephone Company's local and/or general exchange service tariffs.

These are:

(a) Speed Calling
(b) Remote Call Forwarding
(c) Bill Number Screening
(d) IntraLATA extensions

(C) Transmission Specifications

FGA is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications. The specifications for the associated parameters are guaranteed to the first point of switching. Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1 and Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with FGA to the first point of switching. FGA Interface Groups and Codes are described further in 9 following. FGA Transmission specifications are described further in 9 following.

6.2.2 Feature Group B (FGB)

(A) Description

(1) FGB provides trunk side access to Telephone Company end office switches with an associated uniform access code for the customer's use in originating communications to and terminating communications from an Interexchange Carrier's Interstate Service or a customer - provided intrastate communications capability. FGB is provided by the Telephone Company directly to appropriately equipped Telephone Company electronic end offices or via Telephone Company designated electronic access tandem switches, which provides access to Telephone Company electronic and electromechanical end offices within that Access Tandem Network.

(2) FGB is provided as trunk side switching through the use of end office or access tandem switch trunk equipment. The switch trunk equipment is provided with wink start start-pulsing signals and answer and disconnect supervisory signaling.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.2 Feature Group B (FGB) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(3) FGB switching is provided with multifrequency address signaling in both the originating and terminating directions. Except for FGB switching provided with automatic number identification (ANI) or rotary dial station signaling arrangements as set forth in 6.3 following, any other address signaling in the originating direction, if required by the customer, must be provided by the customer's end user using inband tone signaling techniques. Such inband tone address signals will not be regenerated by the Telephone Company and will be subject to the ordinary transmission capabilities of the Local Transport provided.

(4) The access code for FGB switching is a uniform access code in the form of 950-XXXX or 1+950-XXXX for carriers. One uniform access code will be assigned to the customer for the customer's domestic communications and another will be assigned to the customer for its international communications, if required. These uniform access codes will be the assigned access numbers of all FGB switched access service provided to the customer by the Telephone Company.

(5) FGB switching, when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access valid NXXs in the FGB Access Area. When directly routed to an end office, the Access Area for FB includes only those valid NXX codes served by that end office. When routed through an access tandem the Access Area for FGB service includes only those valid NXX codes served by end offices subtending that access tandem.

Access is also available to time or weather announcement services of the Telephone Company, community information services of an information service provider and other customers' services (by dialing the appropriate digits).

The customer will also be billed additional non-access charges for calls to certain community information services for which rates are applicable under Telephone Company exchange service tariffs, e.g., 976 (DIAL-IT) Network Service. Additionally, non-access charges will also be billed for calls from a FGB trunk to another customer's service n accordance with that customer's applicable service rates when the Telephone Company performs the billing function for that customer.

Calls in the terminating direction will not be completed to 950-XXXX access codes, local operator assistance (0- and 0+), Directory Assistance (411 and 555-1212), service codes 611 and 911 or 101XXXX access codes. FGB may not be switched, in the terminating direction, to Switched Access Service Feature Groups B, C and D.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.2 Feature Group B (FGB) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(6) The Telephone Company will establish a trunk group or groups for the customer at end office switches or access tandem switches where FGB switching is provided. When required by technical limitations, a separate trunk group will be established for each type of FGB switching arrangement provided. Different types of FGB or other switching arrangements may be combined in a single trunk group at the option of the Telephone Company.

(7) When all FGB switching arrangements are discontinued at an end office and/or in a Access Area, an intercept announcement is provided. This arrangement provides, for a limited period of time, an announcement that the service associated with the number dialed has been disconnected.

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Automatic Number Identification (ANI)
(b) Up to Seven Digit Outpulsing of Access Digits to Customer
(c) Switched Access Interface

(2) Transport Termination Optional Features

(a) Rotary Dial Station Signaling

(3) Local Transport Optional Features

(a) Customer Specification of Local Transport Termination
(b) Supervisory Signaling
(c) Customer Specified Entry Switch Receive Level

(4) Local Features

Another feature, Bill Number Screening, which may be available in connection with FGB, is provided under the Telephone Company's local and/or general exchange service tariffs.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.2 Feature Group B (FGB) (Cont'd)

(C) Transmission Specifications

FGB is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications. The specifications for the associated parameters are guaranteed to the end office when routed directly or to the first point of switching when routed via an access tandem. Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1 and Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with FGB to the first point of switching.

6.2.3 Feature Group C (FGC)

(A) Description

(1) FGC, available to AT&T only, is provided at all Telephone Company end office switches on a direct trunk basis or via Telephone Company designated access tandem switches for AT&T's use in originating and terminating communications. FGC switching is provided to AT&T at an end office switch unless Feature Group D end office switching is provided in the same office. When FGD switching is available, FGC switching will not be provided.

(2) FGC is provided as trunk side switching through the use of end office or access tandem switch trunk equipment. The switch trunk equipment is provided with answer and disconnect supervisory signaling. Wink start start-pulsing signals are provided in all offices where available. In those offices where wink start start-pulsing signals are not available, delay dial start-pulsing signals will be provided, unless immediate dial pulse signaling is provided, in which case no start-pulsing signals are provided.

(3) FGC is provided with multifrequency address signaling except in certain electromechanical end office switches where multifrequency signaling is not available. In such switches, the address signaling will be dial pulse, revertive pulse, immediate dial pulse or panel call indicator signaling, whichever is available. Up to 12 digits of the called party number dialed by the customer's end user using dual tone multifrequency or dial pulse address signals will be provided by Telephone Company equipment to the customer's premises where the Switched Access Service terminates. Such called party number signals will be subject to the ordinary transmission capabilities of the Local Transport provided.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.3 Feature Group C (FGC) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Continued)

(4) No access code is required for FGC switching. The telephone number dialed by the customer's end user shall be a seven or ten digit number for calls in the North American Numbering Plan (NANP). For international calls outside the NANP, a seven to twelve digit number may be dialed. The form of the numbers dialed by the customer's end user is NXX-XXXX, 0 or 1+ NXX-XXXX, NPA + NXX-XXXX, 0 or 1 + NPA + NXX-XXXX, and, when the end office is equipped for International Direct Distance Dialing (IDDD), 01 + CC + NN or 011 + CC + NN.

(5) FGC switching, when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access valid NXXs in the FGC Access Area. When directly routed to an end office the FGC Access Area includes only those valid NXX codes served by that office. When routed through an access tandem, the FGC Access Area includes only those valid NXX codes served by offices subtending that access tandem.

Access is also available to time or weather announcement services of the Telephone Company, community information services of an information provider, and other customers' services (by dialing the appropriate codes) when the services can be reached using valid NXX codes.

Where measurement capabilities exist, the customer will also be billed additional non-access charges for calls to certain community information services, for which rates are applicable under Telephone Company exchange service tariffs, e.g., 976 (DIAL-IT) Network Services. Additionally, non-access charges will also be billed for calls from a FGC trunk to another customer's service in accordance with that customer's applicable service rates when the Telephone Company performs the billing function for that customer. Calls in the terminating direction will not be completed to 950-XXXX or 1+950-XXXX access codes, local operator assistance (0- and 0+), Directory Assistance service codes 611 and 911 or 101XXXX access codes. FGC may not be switched, in the terminating direction, to Switched Access Service Feature Groups B, C or D.

(6) The Telephone Company will establish a trunk group or groups for the customer at end office switches or access tandem switches where FGC switching is provided. When required by technical limitations, a separate trunk group will be established for each type of FGC switching arrangement provided. Different types of FGC or other switching arrangements may be combined in a single trunk group at the option of the Telephone Company.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.3 Feature Group C (FGC) (Cont'd)

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Automatic Number Identification (ANI)
(b) Service Class Routing
(c) Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(d) Revertive Pulse Address Signaling
(e) Delay Dial Start-Pulsing Signaling
(f) Immediate Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(g) Panel Call Indicator Address Signaling
(h) Alternate Traffic Routing
(i) Trunk Access Limitation
(j) Switched Access Interface

(2) Transport Termination Optional Features

Operator Trunks - i.e., Coin, Non-Coin and Combined Coin and Non-Coin. (Non-Coin Trunks are provided at Telephone Company electronic and electromechanical end offices. Coin and Combined Coin and Non-Coin are provided only at Telephone Company electronic end offices and other Telephone Company end offices where equipment is available).

(3) Local Transport Optional Features

Supervisory Signaling (as set forth in 6.3.1(A) following).

(C) Transmission Specifications

FGC is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or Type C is provided.

- When routed to an access tandem only Type B is provided.

- Type B or Type C is provided on the transmission path from the access tandem to the end office.

Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1 when routed directly to an end office. Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10, whether routed directly to an end office or to an access tandem.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.3 Feature Group C (FGC) (Cont'd)

(C) Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with FGC for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office, and Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the access tandem and between the access tandem and the end office when routed via an access tandem.

6.2.4 Feature Group D (FGD)

(A) Description

(1) FGD is provided at Telephone Company designated end office switches whether routed directly or via Telephone Company designated access tandem switches. The Telephone Company will designate the First Point(s) of Switching for FGD services where the Telephone Company elects to aggregate traffic at a central location. Those Telephone Companies providing FGD in a centralized equal access tandem arrangement are listed in this tariff.

(2) FGD is provided as trunk side switching through the use of end office or access tandem switch trunk equipment. The switch trunk equipment is provided with wink start start-pulsing signals and answer and disconnect supervisory signaling except for FGD provided with SS7 Out of Band Signaling.

(3) FGD switching is provided with multifrequency address signaling or SS7 Out of Band Signaling. FGD with SS7 Out of Band Signaling is provided at suitably equipped Telephone Company end office or access tandem switches. Up to 12 digits of the called party number dialed by the customer's end user using dual tone multifrequency or dial pulse address signals will be provided by Telephone Company equipment to the customer's premises where the Switched Access Service terminates. Such address signals will be subject to the ordinary transmission capabilities of the Local Transport provided.

(4) FGD switching, when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access valid NXXs in the FGD Access Area. When directly routed to an end office the FGD Access Area includes only those valid NXX codes served by that office. When routed through an access tandem the FGD Access Area includes only those valid NXX codes served by equal access end offices in the access tandem network.

Access is also available to time or weather announcement services of the Telephone Company, community information service of an information service provider, and other customers' services (by dialing the appropriate codes) when such services can be reached using valid NXX codes.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.4 Feature Group D (FGD) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(5) The Telephone Company will establish a trunk group or groups for the customer at the First Point(s) of Switching where FGD switching is provided. When required by technical limitations, a separate trunk group will be established for each type of FGD switching arrangement provided. Different types of FGD or other switching arrangements may be combined in a single trunk group at the option of the Telephone Company.

(6) No access code is required for calls to a customer over FGD Switched Access Service if the end user's telephone exchange service is arranged for presubscription to that customer, as set forth in 8.5 following. Where no access code is required, the number dialed by the customer's end user shall be a seven or ten digit number for calls in the North American Numbering Plan (NANP). For international calls outside the NANP, a seven to twelve digit number may be dialed. The form of the number dialed by the customer's end use is NXX-XXXX, 0 or 1 + NXX-XXXX, NPA + NXX-XXXX, 0 or 1 + NPA + NXX-XXXX, and, when the end office is equipped for International Direct Distance Dialing (IDDD), 01 + CC + NN or 011 + CC + NN.

The access code for FGD switching is uniform access code of the form 101XXXX. Technical limitations in certain end offices subtending a centralized Telephone Company equal access tandem will preclude the availability of a 101XXXX access code. These offices are identified in the National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff F.C.C. No. 4. A single access code will be the assigned number of all FGD access provided to the customer by the Telephone Company.

When the 101XXXX access code is used, FGD switching also provides for dialing the digit 0 for access to the customer's operator, 911 for access to the Telephone Company's emergency reporting service, or the end-of-dialing digit for cut-through access to the customer's premises. FGD provides for the dialing of digits 00 for access on a non-DDD basis to the customer's operator when the end user's service is designated to the customer.

In addition to the standard 101XXXX access code, the customer has the option to use 950-XXXX as an access code for FGD Switched Access Service. When the customer orders FGD Switched Access Service with 950-XXXX Access as described in 6.3.2(AA), FGD switched access calls may also be originated by using the customer's 950-XXXX access code(s). All such calls will be rated as FGD switched access calls.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.4 Feature Group D (FGD) (Cont'd)

(B) Optional Features (Cont'd)

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Automatic Number Identification (ANI)
(b) Service Class Routing
(c) Alternate Traffic Routing
(d) Call Gapping Arrangement
(e) Trunk Access Limitation
(f) International Carrier Option
(g) Non-Overlap Outpulsing
(h) Cut-Through
(i) Switched Access Interface
(j) Switched Data Service
(k) SS7 Out of Band Signaling
(l) FGD with 950 Access

(2) Transport Termination Optional Features

(a) Operator Trunk, Full Feature Arrangement

(3) Local Transport Optional Features

(a) Supervisory Signaling (as set forth in 6.3.1(A) following.

(C) Transmission Specifications

FGD is provided with either Type A, Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or C is provided.
- When routed to a Telephone Company access tandem only Type A is provided.
- Type A is provided on the transmission path from the Telephone Company access tandem to the end office.

Type C Transmission specifications are provided with Interface Group 1. Type A and Type B Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10.

Type DA Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the access tandem and between the access tandem and the end office. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with FGD for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.5 Basic Service Arrangement A (BSA-A)

(A) Description

(1) BSA-A is provided via a line side connection at Telephone Company electronic and electromechanical end office switches with an associated seven digit telephone number for the customer's use in originating communications to or terminating communications from an Interexchange Carrier's Interstate Service or a customer provided interstate communications capability. At the option of the customer, BSA-A is provided on a single or multiple line group basis and is arranged for originating calling only, terminating calling only, or two-way calling.

(2) BSA-A provides a line side termination at the first point of switching. The line side termination will be provided with either ground start supervisory signaling or loop start supervisory signaling. The type of signaling is at the option of the customer. BSA-A may also be provided with certain Basic Service Elements (BSEs) as shown in 6.2.14.

(3) The Telephone Company shall select the first point of switching, within the selected BSA-A Access Area, at which the line side connection is to be provided unless the customer requests a different first point of switching and Telephone Company facilities and measurement capabilities, where necessary, are available to accommodate such a request.

(4) A seven digit local telephone number assigned by the Telephone Company is provided for access to BSA-A switching in the originating direction. The seven digit local telephone number will be associated with the selected end office switch and is of the form NXX-XXXX.

If the customer requests a specific seven digit telephone number that is not currently assigned, and the Telephone Company can, with reasonable effort, comply with that request, the requested number will be assigned to the customer.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.5 Basic Service Arrangement A (BSA-A) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(5) BSA-A, when used in the terminating direction, is arranged with dial tone start-dial signaling. When used in the terminating direction BSA-A may, at the option of the customer, be arranged for dial pulse or dual tone multifrequency address signaling, subject to availability of equipment at the first point of switching. When BSA-A is provided in a Hunt Group or Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement as discussed in 6.2.14, all BSA-A will be arranged for the same type of address signaling.

(6) No address signaling is provided by the Telephone Company when BSA-A is used in the originating direction. Address signaling in such cases, if required by the customer, must be provided by the customer's end user using inband tone signaling techniques. Such inband tone address signals will not be regenerated by the Telephone Company and will be subject to the ordinary transmission capabilities of the Local Transport provided.

(7) BSA-A when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access the Telephone Company specified set of valid NXXs within the BSA-A Access Area.

For BSA-A, the Access Area is defined as the local exchange calling area of the end office switch from which the BSA-A service is provided as set forth in the Telephone Company's local or general exchange service tariff.

At the customer's option, Access is also provided for terminating BSA-A calls, established on a 1+ basis, to NXXs outside the BSA-A Access Area but remaining within the LATA. Switched Access Service rate elements will apply to such traffic as set forth in 6.5.8 following.

Terminating access is also provided to local operator service (0- and 0+), Directory Assistance (411 where available and 555-1212) emergency reporting service (911 where available), exchange telephone repair (611 where available), time or weather announcement services of the Telephone Company, community information services of an information service provider, and other customers' services (by dialing the appropriate digits).

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.5 Basic Service Arrangement A (BSA-A) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(7) (Cont'd)

Charges for BSA-A terminating calls requiring operator assistance or calls to 611 or 911 will only apply where sufficient call details are available. Additional non-access charges will also be billed on a separate account for (1) an operator surcharge, as set forth in the local exchange tariffs, for local operator assistance (0- and 0+) calls, (2) calls to certain community information services, for which rates are applicable under Telephone Company exchange service tariffs, e.g., 976 (DIAL-IT) Network Services, and (3) calls from a FGA line to another customer's service in accordance with that customer's applicable service rates when the Telephone Company performs the billing function for that customer.

For calls to Directory Assistance additional non access charges may also be billed at the applicable rates under the Telephone Company local exchange tariffs.

(8) BSA-A Switched Access Service is available with additional termination (i.e. extensions) of the service at different building(s) in the same or different local calling area. Application of rates for BSA-A extension service is found in 6.5.8 following.

(9) When a BSA-A switching arrangement for an individual customer (a single line or entire hunt group) is discontinued at an end office, an intercept announcement is provided. This arrangement provides, for a limited period of time, an announcement that the service associated with the number dialed has been disconnected.

(10) Message Unit Credit

Calls from end users to the seven digit local telephone numbers associated with BSA-A Switched Access Service are subject to Telephone Company local and/or general exchange service tariff charges (including message unit and toll charges as applicable). The monthly bills rendered to customers for their BSA-A Switched Access Service will include a credit to reflect any message unit charges billed to their end users under the Telephone Company's local and/or general exchange service tariffs. The credit will apply for recorded originating usage or for assumed originating usage, as appropriate for the BSA-A service provided. When the credit is applied on assumed usage, such credit will not exceed the assumed levels of usage set forth in 6.6 following. No credit will apply for any terminating BSA-A access minutes. The message unit credit for originating access minutes will be based on the generally applicable message unit charges of the Telephone Company. All applicable message unit credits will be developed on an exchange specific basis only.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.5 Basic Service Arrangement A (BSA-A) (Cont'd)

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Call Denial
(b) Service Code Denial
(c) Switched Access Interface

(2) Transport Termination Optional Features

(a) Two-way operation with dial pulse address signaling and loop start supervisory signaling
(b) Two-way operation with dial pulse address signaling and ground start supervisory signaling
(c) Two-way operation with dual tone multifrequency address signaling and loop start supervisory signaling
(d) Two-way operation with dual tone multifrequency address signaling and ground start supervisory signaling
(e) Terminating operation with dial pulse address signaling and loop start supervisory signaling
(f) Terminating operation with dial pulse address signaling and ground start supervisory signaling
(g) Terminating operation with dual tone multifrequency address signaling and loop start supervisory signaling
(h) Terminating operation with dual tone multifrequency address signaling and ground start supervisory signaling
(i) Originating operation with loop start supervisory signaling
(j) Originating operation with ground start supervisory signaling.

(3) Local Transport Optional Features

(a) Supervisory Signaling
(b) Customer Specified Entry Switch Receive Level

(4) Local Features

Certain other features which may be available in connection with BSA-A are provided under the Telephone Company's local and/or general exchange service tariffs.

These are:
(a) Speed Calling
(b) Remote Call Forwarding
(c) Bill Number Screening
(d) IntraLATA extensions

(C) Transmission Specifications

BSA-A is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications. The specifications for the associated parameters are guaranteed to the first point of switching. Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1 and Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with BSA-A to the first point of switching. BSA-A Interface Groups and Codes are described further in 9 following. BSA-A Transmission specifications are described further in 9 following.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.6 Basic Serving Arrangement B (BSA-B)

(A) Description

(1) BSA-B provides trunk side access to Telephone Company end office switches with an associated uniform access code for the customer's use in originating communications to and terminating communications from an Interexchange Carrier's Interstate Service or a customer - provided interstate communications capability. BSA-B is provided by the Telephone Company directly to appropriately equipped Telephone Company electronic end offices or via Telephone Company designated electronic access tandems which provides access to Telephone Company electronic and electromechanical end offices within that Telephone Company Access Tandem Network.

(2) BSA-B is provided as trunk side switching through the use of end office or Telephone Company access tandem switch trunk equipment. The switch trunk equipment is provided with wink start start-pulsing signals and answer and disconnect supervisory signaling. BSA-B may also be provided with certain Basic Service Elements (BSEs) as shown in 6.2.14.

(3) BSA-B switching is provided with multifrequency address signaling in both the originating and terminating directions. If the customer orders and Automatic Number Identification (ANI) Arrangement, as shown in 6.2.14, or rotary dial station signaling arrangements as set forth in 6.3, any other address signaling in the originating direction, if required by the customer, must be provided by the customer's end user using inband tone signaling techniques. Such inband tone address signals will not be regenerated by the Telephone Company and will be subject to the ordinary transmission capabilities of the Local Transport provided.

(4) The access code for BSA-B switching is a uniform access code in the form of 950-XXXX or 1+950-XXXX for carriers. One uniform access code will be assigned to the customer for the customer's domestic communications and another will be assigned to the customer for its international communications, if required. These uniform access codes will be the assigned access numbers of all BSA-B switched access service provided to the customer by the Telephone Company.

(5) BSA-B switching, when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access valid NXXs in the BSA-B Access Area. When directly routed to an end office, the Access Area for BSA-B includes only those valid NXX codes served by that end office. When routed through a Telephone Company access tandem the Access Area for BSA-B service includes only those valid NXX codes served by end offices subtending that Telephone Company access tandem.

Access is also available to time or weather announcement services of the Telephone Company, community information services of an information service provider and other customers' services (by dialing the appropriate digits).

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.6 Basic Serving Arrangement B (BSA-B) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(5) (Cont'd)

The customer will also be billed additional non-access charges for calls to certain community information services for which rates are applicable under Telephone Company exchange service tariffs, e.g., 976 (DAIL-IT) Network Service. Additionally, non-access charges will also be billed for calls from a BSA-B trunk to another customer's service in accordance with that customer's applicable service rates when the Telephone Company performs the billing function for that customer.

Calls in the terminating direction will not be completed to 950-XXXX or 1 + 950-XXXX access codes, local operator assistance (0- and 0+), Directory Assistance (411 and 555-1212), service codes 611 and 911 or 101XXXX access codes. BSA-B may not be switched, in the terminating direction, to Switched Access Basic Serving Arrangements BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D.

(6) The Telephone Company will establish a trunk group or groups for the customer at end offices or Telephone Company access tandems where BSA-B is provided. When required by technical limitations, a separate trunk group will be established for each type of BSA-B arrangement provided. Different types of BSA-B or other switching arrangements may be combined in a single trunk group at the option of the Telephone Company.

(7) When all BSA-B is discontinued at an end office and/or in a Access Area, an intercept announcement is provided. This arrangement provides, for a limited period of time, an announcement that the service associated with the number dialed has been disconnected.

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Up to Seven Digit Outpulsing of Access Digits to Customer
(b) Switched Access Interface

(2) Transport Termination Optional Features

(a) Rotary Dial Station Signaling

(3) Local Transport Optional Features

(a) Customer Specifications of Local Transport Termination
(b) Supervisory Signaling
(c) Customer Specified Entry Switch Receive Level

(4) Local Features

Another feature, Bill Number Screening, which may be available in connection with BSA-B, is provided under the Telephone Company's local and/or general exchange service tariffs.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.6 Basic Serving Arrangement B (BSA-B) (Cont'd)

(C) Transmission Specifications

BSA-B is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications. The specifications for the associated parameters are guaranteed to the end office when routed directly or to the first point of switching when routed via a Telephone Company access tandem. Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1 and Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with FGB to the first point of switching.

6.2.7 Basic Serving Arrangement C (BSA-C)

(A) Description

(1) BSA-C, available to AT&T only, is provided at all Telephone Company end offices on a direct trunk basis or via Telephone Company designated access tandems for AT&T's use in originating and terminating communications. BSA-C is provided to AT&T at an end office unless BSA-D is provided in the same end office. When BSA-D is available, BSA-C will not be provided.

(2) BSA-C is provided as trunk side switching through the use of end offices or Telephone Company access tandems. The switch trunk equipment is provided with answer and disconnect supervisory signaling. Wink start start-pulsing signals are provided in all offices where available. In those offices where wink start start-pulsing signals are not available, delay dial start-pulsing signals will be provided, unless immediate dial pulse signaling is provided, in which case no start-pulsing signals are provided. BSA-C may also be provided with certain Basic Service elements (BSEs) as shown in 6.2.14.

(3) BSA-C is provided with multifrequency address signaling except in certain electromechanical end offices where multifrequency signaling is not available. In such end offices, the address signaling will be dial pulse, revertive pulse, immediate dial pulse or panel call indicator signaling, whichever is available. Up to 12 digits of the called party number dialed by the customer's end user using dual tone multifrequency or dial pulse address signals will be provided by Telephone Company equipment to the customer's premises where the Switched Access Service terminates. Such called party number signals will be subject to the ordinary transmission capabilities of the Local Transport provided.

(4) No access code is required for BSA-C. The telephone number dialed by the customer's end user shall be a seven or ten digit number for calls in the North American Numbering Plan (NANP). For international calls outside the NANP, a seven to twelve digit number may be dialed. The form of the numbers dialed by the customer's end user is NXX-XXXX, 0 or 1+ NXX-XXXX, NPA + NXX-XXXX, 0 or 1 + NPA + NXX-XXXX, and, when the end office is equipped for International Direct Distance Dialing (IDDD), 01 + CC + NN or 011 + CC + NN.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.7 Basic Serving Arrangement C (BSA-C) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(5) (Cont'd)

BSA-C when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access valid NXXs in the BSA-C Access Area. When directly routed to an end office the BSA-C Access Area includes only those valid NXX codes served by that office. When routed through a Telephone Company access tandem, the BSA-C Access Area includes only those valid NXX codes served by offices subtending that Telephone Company access tandem.

Access is also available to time or weather announcement services of the Telephone Company, community information services of an information provider, and other customers' services (by dialing the appropriate codes) when the services can be reached using valid NXX codes.

Where measurement capabilities exist, the customer will also be billed additional non-access charges for calls to certain community information services, for which rates are applicable under Telephone Company exchange service tariffs, e.g., 976 (DIAL-IT) Network Services. Additionally, non-access charges will also be billed for calls from a BSA-C trunk to another customer's service in accordance with that customer's applicable service rates when the Telephone Company performs the billing function for that customer. Calls in the terminating direction will not be completed to 950-XXXX or 1+950-XXXX access codes, local operator assistance (0- and 0+), Directory Assistance service codes 611 and 911 and 101XXXX access codes. BSA-C may not be switched, in the terminating direction, to Switched Access Basic Serving Arrangements BSA-B, BSA-C or BSA-D.

(6) The Telephone Company will establish a trunk group or groups for the customer at end offices or Telephone Company access tandem where BSA-C is provided. When required by technical limitations, a separate trunk group will be established for each type of BSA-C provided. Different types of BSA- C or other switching arrangements may be combined in a single trunk group at the option of the Telephone Company.

(7) Operator Transfer Service (forwarding of 0- calls) and Inward Operator Assistance Services (Busy Line Verification, Interrupt, and Operator Assistance) may be provided with BSA-C Switched Access Service at Telephone Company designated Operator Service switching locations. Operator Services are provided as set forth in Section 16.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.7 Basic Serving Arrangement C (BSA-C) (Cont'd)

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Service Class Routing
(b) Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(c) Revertive Pulse Address Signaling
(d) Delay Dial Start-Pulsing Signaling
(e) Immediate Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(f) Panel Call Indicator Address Signaling
(g) Trunk Access Limitation
(h) Switched Access Interface

(2) Transport Termination Optional Features

Operator Trunks - i.e., Coin, Non-Coin and Combined Coin and Non-Coin. (Non-Coin Trunks are provided at Telephone Company electronic and electromechanical end offices. Coin and Combined Coin and Non-Coin are provided only at Telephone Company electronic end offices and other Telephone Company end offices where equipment is available).

(3) Local Transport Optional Features

Supervisory Signaling [as set forth in 6.3.1(A)].

(C) Transmission Specifications

BSA-C is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or Type C is provided.

- When routed to a Telephone Company access tandem only Type B is provided.

- Type B or Type C is provided on the transmission path from the Telephone Company access tandem to the end office.

Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1 when routed directly to an end office. Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10, whether routed directly to an end office or to a Telephone Company access tandem.

Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with BSA-C for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office, and Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the Telephone Company access tandem and between the Telephone Company access tandem and the end office when routed via a Telephone Company access tandem.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.8 Basic Serving Arrangement D (BSA-D)

(A) Description

(1) BSA-D is provided at Telephone Company designated end offices whether routed directly or via Telephone Company designated access tandems. The Telephone Company will designate the First Point(s) of Switching for BSA-D services where the Telephone Company elects to aggregate traffic at a central location. Those Telephone Companies providing BSA-D in a centralized Telephone Company equal access tandem arrangement.

(2) BSA-D is provided as trunk side switching through the use of end office or Telephone Company access tandem switch trunk equipment. The switch trunk equipment is provided with wink start start-pulsing signals and answer and disconnect supervisory signaling except for BSA-D provided with SS7 Out of Band Signaling. BSA-D may also be provided with certain Basic Service Elements (BSEs) as shown in 6.2.14.

(3) BSA-D is provided with multifrequency address signaling or SS7 Out of Band Signaling. BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling is provided at suitably equipped Telephone Company end offices or Telephone Company access tandems. Up to 12 digits of the called party number dialed by the customer's end user using dual tone multifrequency or dial pulse address signals will be provided by Telephone Company equipment to the customer's premises where the Switched Access Service terminates. Such address signals will be subject to the ordinary transmission capabilities of the Local Transport provided.

(4) BSA-D, when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access valid NXXs in the BSA-D Access Area. When directly routed to an end office the BSA-D Access Area includes only those valid NXX codes served by that office. When routed through a Telephone Company access tandem the BSA-D Access Area includes only those valid NXX codes served by equal access end offices in the Telephone Company access tandem network.

Access is also available to time or weather announcement services of the Telephone Company, community information service of an information service provider, and other customers' services (by dialing the appropriate codes) when such services can be reached using valid NXX codes.

(5) The Telephone Company will establish a trunk group or groups for the customer at the First Point(s) of Switching where BSA-D is provided. When required by technical limitations, a separate trunk group will be established for each type of BSA-D arrangement provided. Different types of BSA-D or other switching arrangements may be combined in a single trunk group at the option of the Telephone Company.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.8 Basic Serving Arrangement D (BSA-D) (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(6) No access code is required for calls to a customer over BSA-D Switched Access Service if the end user's telephone exchange service is arranged for pre-subscription to that customer, as set forth in 8.5. Where no access code is required, the number dialed by the customer's end user shall be a seven or ten digit number for calls in the North American Numbering Plan (NANP). For international calls outside the NANP, a seven to twelve digit number may be dialed. The form of the number dialed by the customer's end user is NXX-XXXX, 0 or 1 + NXX-XXXX, NPA + NXX-XXXX, 0 or 1 + NPA + NXX-XXXX, and, when the end office is equipped for International Direct Distance Dialing (IDDD), 01 + CC + NN or 011 + CC + NN.

The access code for BSA-D is a uniform access code of the form 101XXXX. Technical limitations in certain end offices sub-tending a centralized Telephone Company equal access tandem will preclude the availability of a 101XXXX access code. These offices are identified in the National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff F.C.C. No. 4. A single access code will be the assigned number of all BSA-D access provided to the customer by the Telephone Company.

When the 101XXXX access code is used, BSA-D also provides for dialing the digit 0 for access to the customer's operator, 911 for access to the Telephone Company's emergency reporting service, or the end-of-dialing digit for cut-through access to the customer's premises. BSA-D provides for the dialing of digits 00 for access on a non-DDD basis to the customer's operator when the end user's service is designated to the customer.

In addition to the standard 101XXXX access code, the customer has the option to use 950-XXXX as an access code for BSA-D Switched Access Service. When the customer orders BSA-D Service with 950-XXXX Access as described in 6.3.2(AA), BSA-D switched access calls may also be originated by using the customer's 950-XXXX access code(s). All such calls will be rated as BSA-D switched access calls.

(7) Operator Transfer Service (forwarding of 0- calls) and Inward Operator Assistance Services (Busy Line Verification, Interrupt, and Operator Assistance) may be provided with BSA-D Switched Access Service at Telephone Company designated Operator Service switching locations. Operator Services are provided as set forth in Section 16 following.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.8 Basic Serving Arrangement D (BSA-D) (Cont'd)

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Service Class Routing
(b) Call Gapping Arrangement
(c) Trunk Access Limitation
(d) International Carrier Option
(e) Non-Overlap Outpulsing
(f) Cut-Through
(g) Switched Access Interface
(h) Switched Data Service
(i) SS7 Out of Band Signaling
(j) Tandem Switch Signaling
(k) BSA-D With 950 Access

(2) Transport Termination Optional Features

(a) Operator Trunk, Full Feature Arrangement

(3) Local Transport Optional Features

(a) Supervisory Signaling [as set forth in 6.3.1.(A)

(C) Transmission Specifications

BSA-D is provided with either Type A, Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or C is provided.
- When routed to a Telephone Company access tandem only Type A is provided.
- Type A is provided on the transmission path from the Telephone Company access tandem to the end office.

Type C Transmission specifications are provided with Interface Group 1. Type A and Type B Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10.

Type DA Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the Telephone Company access tandem and between the Telephone Company access tandem and the end office. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with BSA-D for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.9 Dedicated Network Access Link (DNAL)

The DNAL provides a connection between the customer designated location and the Telephone Company End Office that provides the BSA-A dial tone for connection to equipment that is not part of the end office switch but that is used to provide the Simplified Message Desk Interface (SMDI) BSE. The DNAL is only available for use in conjunction with the SMDI BSE.

DNAL service is either a two-wire or four-wire channel which is capable of transmitting signals within the frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 HZ.

There are two rate elements which apply to DNALs. The entrance facility, which provides the transmission path and interface between the Telephone Company's serving wire center and the customer provided facilities at the point of termination at the CDL. If the serving wire center is not the BSA-A dial tone office, then Direct-Trunked Transport will also apply for the mileage between the serving wire center and the BSA-A dial tone office.

The rates and charges for two-wire and four-wire voiceband Entrance Facilities and Direct-Trunked Transport Facility-Voiceband apply for the DNAL Entrance Facility and DNAL Direct-Trunked Transport, respectively.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.10 800/877/888 Access Service

(A) Description

(1) 800/877/888 Access Service provides for the forwarding of end user dialed 800/877/888-NXX-XXXX calls to a customer via a Telephone Company designated switch capable of performing a customer identification function. The 800/877/888 Access Service customer identification function utilizes 800/877/888 Data Base Query Service, as described in 6.2.10(D), to screen all ten digits of all 800/877/888-NXX-XXXX type calls generated by end users to determine the customer to which the 800/877/888 call is routed by the Telephone Company.

The 800/877/888 Access Service customer identification function will be available at suitably equipped end office or access tandem switches. Once customer identification has been established, the call will be routed to the customer. 800/877/888 Access Service may be provided via 800/877/888 Access Service switched trunk groups or in conjunction with a customer's FGC or FGD Switched Access Service. 800/877/888 Access Service may also be provided in conjunction with BSA-C and BSA-D as shown in 6.2.7 and 6.2.8.

(2) 800/877/888 Access Service is an originating trunk side switched service that is available to the customer via 800/877/888 Access Service trunk(s) at the Telephone Company designated switches capable of performing the 800/877/888 Access Service customer identification function. If the customer's 800/877/888 Access traffic originates from an end office switch not equipped to perform the 800/877/888 Access Service customer identification function, the call will be routed to the nearest office at which the function is available. Once customer identification has been established, the call will be routed to the customer.

Unless prohibited by technical limitations, the customer's 800/877/888 Access Service traffic may, at the option of the customer, be combined in the same trunk group arrangement with the customer's FGC, FGD, BSA-C or BSA-D Access Service traffic. When required by technical limitations a separate trunk group must be established for 800/877/888 Access Service.

(3) 800/877/888 Access Service is provided as trunk side switching through the use of end office or access tandem switch trunk equipment. 800/877/888 Access Service originating from equal access end offices with the 800/877/888 Access Service customer identification function will be provided using Feature Group D signaling as set forth in this tariff. When Feature Group D signaling is provided, ANI will be provided n the same manner in which ANI is provided for Feature Group D as set forth in Section 6.3.2(F). When BSA-D signaling is provided at the option of the customer, ANI may be provided as set forth in 6.2.14.

800/877/888 Access Service originating from end offices not having equal access capabilities will be provided using Feature Group C signaling as set forth in this tariff. When Feature Group C signaling is provided, ANI will be provided in the same manner in which ANI is provided for Feature Group C as set forth in Section 6.3.2(F). When BSA-C signaling is provided at the option of the customer, ANI may be provided as set forth in 6.2.14.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.10 800/877/888 Access Service (Cont'd)

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Automatic Number Identification (ANI)
(b) Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(c) Revertive Pulse Address Signaling
(d) Delay Dial Start-Pulsing Signaling
(e) Immediate Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(f) Panel Call Indicator Address Signaling
(g) Alternate Traffic Routing
(h) SS7 Out of Band Signaling

(2) Local Transport Optional Features

(a) Supervisory Signaling

(C) Transmission Specifications

(1) Non-Converted End Offices

In end offices that have not been converted to equal access, 800/877/888 Access Service is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or Type C is provided.
- When routed to an access tandem only Type B is provided.
- Type B or Type C is provided on the transmission path from the access tandem to the end office.

Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1 when routed directly to an end office. Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10, whether routed directly to an end office or to an access tandem.

Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with 800/877/888 Access Service for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office, and Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the access tandem and between the access tandem and the end office when routed via an access tandem.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.10 800/877/888 Access Service (Cont'd)

(C) Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(2) Equal Access End Offices

In end offices converted to equal access, 800/877/888 Access Service is provided with either Type A, Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or C is provided.
- When routed to an access tandem only type A is provided.
- Type A is provided on the transmission path from the access tandem to the end office.

Type C Transmission specifications are provided with Interface Group 1. Type a And Type B Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10.

Type DA Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the access tandem and between the access tandem and the end office. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office.

(D) 800/877/888 Data Base Query Services

(1) 800/877/888 Data Base Query Service, offered in conjunction with 800/877/888 Access Service, performs the 800/877/888 customer identification function, as described in 6.2.5(A)(1), to determine the customer to whom 800/877/888 calls must be routed. For all 1+800/877/888-NXX-XXXX calls, originated by an end user, the Telephone Company will perform the customer identification function using a Telephone Company 800/877/888 Data Base to screen the dialed ten digits of the 800/877/888 call to determine the customer selected by the 800/877/888 subscriber to carry that 800/877/888 call. If the 800/877/888 call originates from an end office switch not equipped to provide the customer identification function, the call will be routed to an access tandem switch equipped to provide the customer identification function. Once customer identification has been established through 800/877/888 Data Base Query Service, the 800/877/888 call will be routed to the selected customer for completion.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.10 800/877/888 Access Service (Cont'd)

(D) 800/877/888 Data Base Query Service (Cont'd)

(2) Basic 800/877/888 Data Base Queries provide instruction to route 1+800/877/888-NXX-XXXX calls on a simple call turn around basis to one particular customer or to different customers based on the LATA in which the 800/877/888 call originates.

(3) Premium 800/877/888 Data Base Queries provide instructions to route 1+800/877/888-NXX-XXXX calls to:

(a) Different customers based on time of day, day of week, or based on number of calls allocated by 800/877/888 subscriber selected percentages.

(b) Different terminating locations based on time of day, day of week, or based on number of calls allocated by 800/877/888 subscriber selected percentages.

(c) Standard seven digit local exchange telephone numbers at the terminating end based on the 800/877/888 subscriber's specific requirements.

The 800/877/888 subscriber is responsible for arranging the entry of the various routing instructions discussed herein into the Number Administration Service Center's (NASC's) Service Management System (SMS).

Rate regulations and charges applicable to 800/877/888 Data Base Query Service appear in 6.5.3(C) and 6.6.

6.2.11 900 Access Service

(1) 900 Access Service is an originating trunk side service that provides for the forwarding of end user dialed 900-NXX-XXXX calls to a customer via a Telephone Company Designated switch capable of performing a customer identification function. The customer identification function determines the customer to which the 900 call is routed by the Telephone Company based on the dialed digits.

The customer identification function will be available at suitably equipped end office or access tandem switches. Once customer identification has been established, the call will be routed to the customer. 900 Access Service may be provided via 900 Access Service switched trunk groups or in conjunction with a customer's FGC, FGD, BSA-C or BSA-D Switched Access Service.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.11 900 Access Service (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(2) If the customer's 900 Access traffic originates from an end office switch not equipped to perform the customer identification function, the call will be routed to the nearest office at which the function is available. Once customer identification has been established, the call will be routed to the customer.

Unless prohibited by technical limitations, the customer's 900 Access Service traffic may, at the option of the customer, be combined in the same trunk group arrangement as the customer's FGC, FGD, BSA-C or BSA-D Access Service traffic. When required by technical limitations a separate trunk group must be established for 900 Access Service.

(3) 900 Access Service is provided as trunk side switching through the use of end office or access tandem switch trunk equipment. 900 Access Service originating from equal access end offices with the customer identification function will be provided using Feature Group D signaling as set forth in Section 6.2.4 (A)(2) and (3) or BSA-D signaling as set forth in 6.2.8(A)(2) and (3). When Feature Group D signaling is provided, ANI will be provided in the same manner in which ANI is provided for Feature Group D as set forth in Section 6.3.2 (F) following. When BSA-D signaling is provided, ANI may be provided in the same manner in which ANI is provided for BSA-D as set forth in 6.2.14.

900 Access Service originating from end offices not having equal access capabilities will be provided using Feature Group C signaling as set forth in Section 6.2.3 (A)(2) and (3) or BSA-C signaling as set forth in 6.2.7(A)(2) and (3). When Feature Group C signaling is provided, ANI will be provided in the same manner in which ANI is provided for Feature Group C as set forth in Section 6.3.2 (F). When BSA-C signaling is provided, ANI may be provided in the same manner in which ANI is provided for BSA-C as set forth in 6.2.14.

In cases where 900 Access Service will be used for mass calling events, the customer is required to provide notice of the event to the Telephone Company. Notification must be provided at least two business days prior to the event. As a result of such notification, the Telephone Company may implement protective controls to ensure acceptable service levels.

Failure to notify the Telephone Company of such events may subject the 900 Access Service to discontinuance as specified in Section 2.2.1 preceding.

Calls to a 900 number dialed via 1+ from coin telephones, 0+, 0-, 10XXX or 101XXXX, Inmate Service, Hotel/Motel Service and calling cards, will be blocked.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.11 900 Access Service (Cont'd)

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Automatic Number Identification (ANI)
(b) Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(c) Revertive Pulse Address Signaling
(d) Delay Dial Start-Pulsing Signaling
(e) Immediate Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(f) Panel Call Indicator Address Signaling
(g) Alternate Traffic Routing
(h) SS7 Out of Band Signaling

(2) Local Transport Optional Features

(a) Supervisory Signaling

(C) Transmission Specifications

(1) Non-Converted End Offices

In end offices that have not been converted to equal access, 900 Access Service is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or Type C is provided.
- When routed to an access tandem only Type B is provided.
- Type B or Type C is provided on the transmission path from the access tandem to the end office.

Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1 when routed directly to an end office. Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10, whether routed directly to an end office or to an access tandem.

Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with 900 Access Service for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office, and Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the access tandem and between the access tandem and the end office when routed via an access tandem.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.11 900 Access Service (Cont'd)

(C) Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(2) Equal Access End Offices

In end offices converted to equal access, 900 Access Service is provided with either Type A, Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or Type C is provided.
- When routed to an access tandem only Type A is provided.
- Type A is provided on the transmission path from the access tandem to the end office.

Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1. Type A and Type B Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10.

Type DA Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the access tandem and between the access tandem and the end office. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office.

6.2.13 500 Access Service

(A) Description

(1) 500 Access Service is an originating trunk side service that provides for the forwarding of end user dialed 500-NXX-XXXX calls to a customer via a Telephone Company designated switch capable of performing a customer identification function. The customer identification function determines the customer to which the 500 call is routed by the Telephone Company.

The customer identification function will be available at suitably equipped end office or Telephone Company access tandem switches. Once customer identification has been established, the call will be routed to the customer. 500 Access Service may be provided via 500 Access Service switched trunk groups or in conjunction with a customer's FGC, FGD, BSA-C or BSA-D Switched Access Service.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.13 500 Access Service (Cont'd)

(A) Description (Cont'd)

(2) If the customer's 500 Access traffic originates from an end office switch not equipped to perform the customer identification function, the call will be routed to the nearest office at which the function is available. Once customer identification has been established, the call will be routed to the customer.

Unless prohibited by technical limitations, the customer's 500 Access Service traffic may, at the option of the customer, be combined in the same trunk group arrangement as the customer's FGC, FGD, BSA-C or BSA-D Access Service traffic. When required by technical limitations a separate trunk group must be established for 500 Access Service.

(3) 500 Access Service is provided as trunk side switching through the use of end office or Telephone Company access tandem switch trunk equipment. 500 Access Service originating from equal access end offices with the customer identification function will be provided using Feature Group D signaling as set forth in 6.2.4(A)(2) and (3) or BSA-D signaling as set forth in 6.2.8(A)(2) and (3). When Feature Group D signaling is provided, ANI will be provided in the same manner in which ANI is provided for Feature Group D as set forth in 6.3.2(F). When BSA-D signaling is provided, ANI may be provided in the same manner in which ANI is provided for BSA-D as set forth in 6.2.14.

500 Access Service originating from end offices not having equal access capabilities will be provided using Feature Group C Signaling as set forth in 6.2.3(A)(2) and (3) or BSA-C signaling as set forth in 6.2.7(A)(2) and (3). When Feature Group C signaling is provided, ANI will be provided in the same manner in which ANI is provided for Feature Group C as set forth in 6.3.2(F). When BSA-C signaling is provided, ANI may be provided in the same manner in which ANI is provided for BSA-C as set forth in 6.2.14.

(B) Optional Features

(1) Common Switching Optional Features

(a) Automatic Number Identification (ANI)
(b) Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(c) Revertive Pulse Address Signaling
(d) Delay Dial Start-Pulsing Signaling
(e) Immediate Dial Pulse Address Signaling
(f) Panel Call Indicator Address Signaling
(g) Alternate Traffic Routing
(h) SS7 Out of Band Signaling
(i) Customer Identification Function

(2) Local Transport Optional Features

(a) Supervisory Signaling

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.13 500 Access Service (Cont'd)

(C) Transmission Specifications

(1) Non-Converted End Offices

In end offices that have not been converted to equal access, 500 Access Service is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or Type C is provided.

- When routed to a Telephone Company access tandem only Type B is provided.

- Type B or Type C is provided on the transmission path from the Telephone Company access tandem to the end office.

Type C Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Group 1 when routed directly to an end office. Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10, whether routed directly to an end office or to a Telephone Company access tandem.

Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided with 500 Access Service for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office, and Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and a Telephone Company access tandem and between the Telephone Company access tandem and the end office when routed via a access tandem.

(2) Equal Access End Offices

In end offices converted to equal access, 500 Access Service is provided with either Type A, Type B or Type C Transmission Specifications as follows:

- When routed directly to the end office either Type B or C is provided.

- When routed to a Telephone Company access tandem only Type A is provided.

- Type A is provided on the transmission path from the Telephone Company access tandem to the end office.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.13 500 Access Service (Cont'd)

(C) Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(2) Equal Access End Offices (Cont'd)

Type C Transmission specifications are provided with Interface Group 1. Type A and Type B Transmission Specifications are provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10.

Type DA Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the Telephone Company access tandem and between the Telephone Company access tandem and the end office. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters are provided for the transmission path between the customer's premises and the end office when directly routed to the end office.

6.2.14 Basic Service Elements

The following Basic Service Elements (BSEs) are chargeable unbundled service options available only with Basic Serving Arrangements. The Telephone Company makes no guarantee that these BSE's will be available in all locations. Rate regulations and charges applicable to BSEs appear in 6.5.15 and 6.6.

(A) Alternate Traffic Routing - BSE

This BSE provides the capability of directing originating traffic from an end office (or appropriately equipped access tandem) via a trunk group (the "high usage" group) to a CDL until that group is fully loaded, and then delivering additional originating traffic (the "overflowing" traffic) from the same end office or access tandem to a different trunk group or groups (via one or more intermediate high usage groups) to one or more CDLs until the originating traffic is directed to a final group. The customer shall specify the last trunk CCS desired for the high usage group and each intermediate group.

When a BSA-D customer subscribes to TAS (Tandem Access Sectorization) and Alternate Traffic Routing, the "final" trunk group and any intermediate trunk groups carrying additional originating overflowing traffic must terminate at the same CDL as does the "high usage" trunk group.

Alternate Traffic Routing - BSE is provided in suitably equipped end office or access tandem switches and is available with BSA-B, BSA-C, and BSA-D.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.14 Basic Service Elements (Cont'd)

(B) Automatic Number Identification (ANI) - BSE

This BSE provides the automatic transmission of a seven or ten digit number and information digit to the CDL for calls originating in the Access Area to identify the calling station. The ANI arrangement will be associated with all individual transmission paths in a trunk group when this arrangement is provided.

These information digits shall only be used for billing and collection, routing, screening, and completion of the originating subscriber's call or transaction or for service directly related to the originating subscriber's call or transaction.

The ANI provided shall not be reused or resold without first notifying the originating telephone subscriber and obtaining affirmative consent of the subscriber for reuse or resale.

Unless the originating subscriber has given consent for the reuse or resale, any information provided shall not be used for any purpose other than:

- performing the services or transactions that are subject of the originating subscriber's call;
- ensuring network performance security, and the effectiveness of call delivery;
- compiling, using and disclosing aggregate information; and,
- complying with applicable laws.

The above restrictions shall not prevent the subscriber to the ANI Arrangement from using information acquired from an ANI Arrangement, such as the telephone number or information derived from analysis of the characteristics of calls received through the ANI Arrangement, to offer a product or service that is directly related to the products or services previously purchased by a customer of the ANI Arrangement subscriber.

The seven digit ANI telephone number is available with BSA-B and BSA-C. It will be transmitted on all calls except those identified as a multiparty line or ANI failure. The ten digit ANI telephone number is only available with BSA-D. When BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling is specified, the customer may order an ANI equivalent by ordering the Charge Number parameter as described in 6.3.2(Z) at the rates for ANI-BSE as shown in 6.6. The ten digit ANI telephone number consists of the Numbering Plan Area (NPA) plus the seven digit ANI telephone number. The ten digit ANI telephone number will be transmitted on all calls except those identified as a multiparty line or ANI failure in which case only the NPA will be transmitted (in addition to the information digit described below). The ANI telephone number is the listed telephone number of the end user that originates the call.

With BSA-C, ANI is provided from end offices at which the Telephone Company recording for end user billing is not provided or where it is not required, as with 800/877/888 Service. It is not provided from end offices for which the Telephone Company needs to forward ANI to its recording equipment.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.14 Basic Service Elements (Cont'd)

(B) Automatic Number Identification (ANI) - BSE (Cont'd)

Where ANI cannot be provided (e.g., on calls from 2, in some instances, 4, and 8 party services) information digits will be provided to the customer. The information digits are used in the following situations:

(1) Telephone number is the station billing number - no special treatment is required.

(2) Multiparty line telephone number is a 2, in some instances, 4, or 8 party line and cannot be identified - number must be obtained via an operator or in some other manner.

(3) ANI failure has occurred in the end office switch which prevents identification of calling telephone number - number must be obtained by operator or in some other manner.

(4) The configuration of the line requires special screening or handling by the customer, or

(5) Call is an Automatic Identified Outward Dialed (AIOD) call from end user terminal equipment.

These ANI information digits are available with BSA-B, BSA-C, and BSA-D only. In addition, the following information digits are available with BSA-D only:

(a) InterLATA Area restricted - telephone number is identified line.

(b) InterLATA Area restricted - line requires special screening or handling by the customer.

These information digits will be transmitted as agreed to by the customer and the Telephone Company.

(C) User Transfer - BSE

This option, available with BSA-A, provides the ability to temporarily hold an established call, originate another call to a third party, and then redirect the first call to the third party. When a call has been transferred, the original line is cleared to place or receive another call.

(D) Hunt Group Arrangement - BSE

This BSE, available only with BSA-A, provides the ability to sequentially access one of two or more line side connections in the originating direction, when the access code of the line group is dialed. This BSE contemplates one access code (i.e., telephone number) per arrangement. This BSE also provides the ability to sequentially access one of two or more lines in the terminating direction, when the hunting number of the line group is forwarded from the customer to the Telephone Company.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.14 Basic Service Elements (Cont'd)

(E) Queuing - BSE

This BSE is available only with BSA-A in conjunction with the Uniform Call Distribution (UCD) BSE and may only be provided in Telephone Company electronic end offices.

When all terminals in a UCD Arrangement are busy, queuing allows for an incoming call to be placed in queue to await an available terminal in the UCD arrangement. When a call is placed in queue, audible ringing is returned to the customer and no further indication is sent until a terminal completes the call. The call that has been in queue the longest will be the first call handled when a terminal becomes available. The maximum number of calls that can be placed in queue is dependent upon the total number of lines in the multiline hunt group. If the incoming call cannot be placed in queue, the calling party will receive a busy tone.

(F) Uniform Call Distribution - BSE

This BSE provides a type of multiline hunting arrangement which evenly distributes calls among the available lines in a hunt group. Where available, this arrangement is provided with originating use for BSA-A and terminating use for Special Access Lines.

(G) Simplified Message Desk Interface (SMDI)

This option provides call-related information for calls utilizing a BSE hunt group arrangement. SMDI provides the capability for delivering the called number, the calling number, and a call forwarding indicator (i.e., call forwarding busy, call forwarding don't answer, or direct call). This information is transmitted to the CDL utilizing a DNAL (Section 6.2.9). In addition, where customer equipment exists, SMDI will allow a customer to activate a message waiting indicator to the called number. The message waiting indicator includes Message Waiting Indication - Audible or Message Waiting Indication - Audible Ring Burst.

The customer shall provide the appropriate Customer Premises Equipment (CPE) to store, display or print the transmitted call status information as well as equipment to activate or deactivate the message waiting indicator. The Telephone Company assumes no liability and will be held harmless for any incompatibility of their CPE to perform satisfactorily with this feature. This BSE, available with BSA-A, is provided from suitably equipped end offices. The customer is responsible for providing a modem at the CDL which interfaces with the Telephone Company equipment at 1200 baud ASCII.

(H) Caller Identification - Number (ICLID)

This BSE provides the customer with the calling party's directory number at the time the call is received. The calling number is transmitted to the customer during the first silent interval of the ringing cycle. The number is displayed on customer-provided equipment.

Where available, this arrangement is provided with originating BSA-A as a nonchargeable option.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.2 Switched Access Service Arrangements (Cont'd)

6.2.14 Basic Service Elements (Cont'd)

(I) Remote Call Forwarding - BSE

This BSE is a service that utilizes a seven digit Directory Number (DN) to a automatically forward all incoming calls to another DN. The forwarded to number can be in the same central office switch or in another central office switch.

The remote call forwarding directory number is not directly associated with an access connection arrangement, but rather is a software translation programmed within the central office switch. All calls dialed to that directory number will forward to another number automatically. The subscriber to this capability does not have a station set for termination of calls made to their remote call forwarding number. Where available, this arrangement is provided with BSA-A.

(J) Direct Inward Dialing (DID) - BSE

This BSE provides a two or four wire DID trunk side termination with line treatment at the first point of switching that permits the Dial Tone Central Office Switch to deliver all or part of the called number to the customer premises at the time the call is established. Multifrequency (MF), Dual Tone Multifrequency (DTMF) or Dial Pulse address signaling is used by the Telephone Company to deliver only the called telephone number to the customer premises. No other address signaling will be delivered to the customer premises. The type of signaling utilized depends on the Dial Tone Office switching equipment available. If additional address signaling is required by the customer, it must be provided by the customer's end user using inband tone address signals which will not be regenerated by the Telephone Company and will be subject to the ordinary transmission capabilities of the Switched Transport provided.

This BSE is only available with new BSA-A arrangements and only in the originating direction. The customer must order a DID Termination and the first group of 20 DID numbers to be associated with the DID Termination in addition to BSA-A service. Additional groups of 20 DID telephone numbers are available. If the grade of service at the group busy hour of the DID trunk group is less than P.05 for two consecutive months, the customer may be required to subscribe to additional DID Terminations. The DID optional feature is only available as a stand alone BSE or optional feature, no other BSEs or optional features can be used in conjunction with it.

(K) Billed Number Screening (BNS) - BSE

This BSE prevents the billing of incoming collect and third number billed calls to a customer's telephone account.

Where available, this arrangement is provided with BSA-A.

(L) Digital Channel Service (CLDCS) - BSE

This BSE provides a digital common line connection between the CDL and the local serving wire center. The digital transmission rate available is either DS1 (1.544 Mbps) or DS3 (44.736 Mbps).

Digital Channel Service will be used by the customer to aggregate the customer's telecommunication services onto a digital local loop.

This arrangement is provided on an Individual Case Basis (ICB) with BSA-D.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features

Following are descriptions of the various optional features that are available in lieu of, or in addition to, the standard features provided with Switched Access Services. They are provided as either Local Transport, Common Switching or Transport Termination options.

6.3.1 Local Transport Optional Features

(A) Supervisory Signaling

Where the transmission parameters permit, and where signaling conversion is required by the customer to meet its signaling capability, the customer may order an optional supervisory signaling arrangement for each transmission path provided as follows:

- For Interface Groups 1 and 2

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.1 Local Transport Optional Features (Cont'd)

(A) Supervisory Signaling (Cont'd)

DX Supervisory Signaling,
E&M Type I Supervisory Signaling,
E&M Type II Supervisory Signaling, or
E&M Type III Supervisory Signaling

- For Interface Group 2

SF Supervisory Signaling, or
Tandem Supervisory Signaling

- For Interface Groups 6 through 10

At the option of the customer, these Interface Groups may be provided with individual transmission path SF supervisory signaling where such signaling is available in Telephone Company central offices. Generally such signaling is available only where the entry switch provides an analog (i.e., non digital) interface to the transport termination.

These optional supervisory signaling arrangements are not available in conjunction with Signaling System 7 (SS7) Out of Band Signaling.

(B) Customer Specified Entry Switch Receive Level

This feature allows the customer to specify the receive transmission level at the first point of switching. The range of transmission level which may be specified is described in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000334. This feature is available with Interface Groups 2 through 10 for FGA, FGB, BSA-A and BSA-B.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features

(A) Call Denial on Line or Hunt Group

This option allows for the screening of terminating Feature Group A and BSA-A calls. The following screening arrangements are available with this option:

(1) Screening of terminating calls for completion to only 411, 611, 911, 555-1212 all valid NXXs associated with the end offices within the LATA, i.e., the call cannot be further switched or routed out of the LATA.

(2) Screening of terminating calls within the Feature Group A or BSA-A Access Area for completion to only 411, 611, 911, 800, 877, 888, 555-1212, and a Telephone company specified set of NXXs within the Telephone Company local exchange calling area of the dial tone office in which the arrangement is provided.

All other calls are routed to a reorder tone or recorded announcement. Arrangement 1 is provided where available. Arrangement 2 is provided in all Telephone Company electronic end offices and, where available, in electromechanical end offices. These options are available with Feature Group A and BSA-A.

(B) Service Code Denial on Line or Hunt Group

This option allows for the screening of terminating calls 0-, 555 and N11 (e.g., 411, 611 and 911). This feature is provided where available in all Telephone Company electronic end offices and electromechanical end offices. It is available with Feature Group A and BSA-A.

(C) Hunt Group Arrangement

The Hunt Group Arrangement is available with FGA as a nonchargeable option. This feature is available with BSA-A as a chargeable BSE as specified in 6.2.13 and 6.2.15.

This option provides for:

- the ability to sequentially access one of two or more line side connections in the originating direction, when the access code of the line group is dialed, and

- the ability to sequentially access a one or two more Voice Grade circuits (e.g., 800/877/888 service circuits) in the terminating direction, when the hunting number of the line group is forwarded from the customer to the Telephone Company.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features

(D) Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement

This option provides a type of multiline hunting arrangement which provides for an even distribution of calls among the available lines in a hunt group. Where available, this feature is provided in Telephone Company electronic end offices only. It is available for originating use with Feature Group A and for terminating use with Special Access used with a Switched Access Interface. This option is available with BSA-A as a chargeable BSE as shown in 6.2.13 and 6.5.15.

(E) Nonhunting Number for Use with Hunt Group or Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement

This option provides an arrangement for an individual line within a multiline hunt or uniform call distribution group that provides access to that line within the hunt or uniform call distribution group when it is idle or provides busy tone when it is busy, when the nonhunting number is dialed. Where available, this feature is provided in Telephone Company electronic end offices only. It is available with Feature Group A, BSA-A utilizing Uniform Call Distribution-BSE, and Special Access lines used with a Switched Access Interface.

(F) Automatic Number Identification (ANI)

This option provides the automatic transmission of a seven or ten digit number and information digits to the customer's premises for calls originating in the Access area to identify the calling station. The ANI feature is an end office software function which is associated on a call-by-call basis with (1) all individual transmission paths in a trunk group routed directly between an end office and a customer's premises or, where technically feasible, with (2) all individual transmission paths in a trunk group between an end office and an access tandem, and a trunk group between an access tandem and a customer's premises. When Feature Group D is provided with SS7 Out of Band Signaling, the customer may obtain an ANI equivalent by ordering the Charge Number optional feature as described in 6.3.2(W).

The seven digit ANI telephone number is available with Feature Groups B and C. With these Feature Groups, technical limitations may exist in Telephone Company switching facilities which require ANI to be provided only on a directly trunked basis. ANI will be transmitted on all calls except those originating from multiparty lines, coin stations and coinless pay telephones using Feature Group B, or when an ANI failure has occurred.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(F) Automatic Number Identification (ANI) (Cont'd)

The ten digit ANI telephone number is only available with Feature Group D, and where the technical capability exists, Feature Group B. The ten digit ANI telephone number consists of the Numbering Plan Area (NPA) plus the seven digit ANI telephone number. The ten digit ANI telephone number will be transmitted on all calls except those identified as multiparty line or ANI failure, in which case only the NPA will be transmitted (in addition to the information digit described below).

For FGD where technical capabilities exist, ANI may be ordered on a class of service (type of call) basis, rather than the trunk group on which the call is routed. Class of service as defined here means: A) Service type; B) Line Class of Service (e.g., Hotel/Motel, Coin); C) Service Access Code (SAC) e.g., 800,888 or 900); D) Prefix dialed (0+, 0-, 00-, 01+, 011+); or any combination of A through D.

With Feature Group C, ANI is provided from end offices at which Telephone company recording for end user billing is not provided, or where it is not required, as with 800, 888 or 900 Access Service. It is not provided from end offices for which the Telephone Company needs to forward ANI to its recording equipment.

Where ANI cannot be provided, e.g., on calls from 4 and 8 party services, information digits will be provided to the customer.

The information digits identify: (1) telephone number is the station billing number - no special treatment required, (2) multiparty line - telephone number is a 4- or 8-party line and cannot be identified - number must be obtained via an operator or in some other manner, (3) ANI failure has occurred in the end office switch which prevents identification of calling telephone number - must be obtained by operator or in some other manner, (4) hotel/motel originated call which requires room number identification, (5) coinless station, hospital, inmate, etc. call which requires special screening or handling by the customer, and (6) call is an Automatic Identified Outward Dialed (AIOD) call from customer premises equipment. The ANI telephone number is the listed telephone number of the customer and is not the telephone number of the calling party.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(F) Automatic Number Identification (ANI) (Cont'd)

These ANI information digits are available with Feature Groups B, C, and D.

Additional ANI information digits are available with Feature Group D only. They include:

(1) InterLATA restricted - telephone number is identified line

(2) InterLATA restricted - hotel/motel line

(3) InterLATA restricted - coinless, hospital, inmate, etc., line

These information digits will be transmitted as agreed to by the customer and the Telephone Company.

The ANI Arrangement is available with BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D as a chargeable.

(G) Up to 7 Digit Outpulsing of Access Digits to Customer

This option provides for the end office capability of providing up to 7 digits of the uniform access code 950-XXXX to the customer's premises. The customer can request that only some of the digits in the access code be forwarded. The access code digits would be provided to the customer's premises using multifrequency signaling, and transmission of the digits would precede the forwarding of ANI if that feature were provided. It is available with Feature Group B and BSA-B.

(H) Revertive Pulse Address Signaling

This option provides for a dc pulsing arrangement that transmits intelligence in the following manner:

(1) The equipment at the originating location presets itself to represent the number of pulses required and to count the pulses received from the terminating location.

(2) The equipment at the location transmits a series of pulses by the momentary grounding of its battery supply until the originating location breaks the dc path to indicate that the required number of pulses has been counted.

This option is available with Feature Group C, BSA-C, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(I) Delay Dial Start-Pulsing Signaling

This option provides a method of indicating to the near end trunk circuit readiness to accept address signaling information by the far end trunk circuit. Delay dial is often referred to as an off-hook interval and the start-pulsing signal is the on-hook interval. With integrity check, the calling office will not outpulse until a delay dial (off-hook) signal followed by a start-pulsing (on-hook) signal has been identified at the calling office. This option is available with Feature Group C, BSA-C, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service.

(J) Immediate Dial Pulse Address Signaling

This option provides for the forwarding of dial pulses from the Telephone Company end office to the customer without the need of a start-pulsing signal from the customer. It is available with Feature Group C, BSA-C, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service.

(K) Dial Pulse Address Signaling

This trunk side option provided for the transmission of number information, e.g., called number, between the end office switching system and the customer's premises (in either direction) by means of direct current pulses. It is available with Feature Group C, BSA-C, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service.

(L) Panel Call Indicator Address Signaling

This option provides a dc pulsing arrangement in which each digit is transmitted as a series for four marginal and polarized impulses. It is available with Feature C, BSA-C, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service.

(M) Service Class Routing

This option provides the capability of directing originating traffic from an end office to a trunk group to a customer designated premises, based on the line class of service (e.g., coin, multiparty or hotel/motel), service prefix indicator (e.g., 0-, 0+, 01+, 011+) or service access code (e.g., 800/877/888 or 900). When a customer orders service class routing, it must report the appropriate codes to be instituted in each end office or access tandem switch. Originating 800/877/888-NXX-XXXX calls are routed in accordance with the 800/877/888 customer identification function described in 6.2.5(A)(1). It is provided in suitably equipped end office or access tandem switches and is available with FGC, FGD, BSA-C and BSA-D.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(N) Alternate Traffic Routing

This option provides the capability of directing originating traffic from an end office (or appropriately equipped access tandem) to a trunk group (the "high usage" group) to a customer designated premises until that group is fully loaded, and then delivering additional originating traffic (the "overflowing" traffic) from the same end office or access tandem to a different trunk group (the "final" group) to a second customer designated premises. The customer shall specify the last trunk CCS desired for the high usage group. It is provided in suitably equipped end office or access tandem switches and is available with Feature Groups C, D, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service.

This option is available with BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D as specified n 6.2.13 and 6.3.15.

(O) Trunk Access Limitation

This option provides for the routing of originating 900 service calls to a specified number of transmission paths in a trunk group, in order to limit (choke) the completion of such traffic to the customer. Calls to the designated service which could not be completed over the subset of transmission paths in the trunk group, i.e., the choked calls, would be routed to reorder tone. It is provided in all Telephone Company electronic end offices and where available in electromechanical end offices. The customer must specify the number of trunks to be instituted in each end office of access tandem switch for each arrangement ordered. It is available with FGC, FGD, BSA-C, BSA-D and 900 Access Service.

(P) Call Gapping Arrangement

This option, provided in suitable equipped end office switches, provides for the routing of originating calls to 900 service to be switched in the end office to all transmission paths in a trunk group at a prescribed rate of flow, e.g., one call every five seconds, in order to limit (choke) the completion of such traffic to the customer. Calls to the designated service which are denied access by this feature, i.e., the choked calls, would be routed to a no-circuit announcement. The customer must specify the trunk groups affected and prescribed rate of flow in each end office or access tandem switch for each arrangement ordered. It is provided in selected Feature Group D and BSA-D equipped end offices and is available only with Feature Group D, BSA-D and 900 Access Service.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(Q) International Carrier Option

This option allows for Feature Group D end offices or access tandem switches equipped for International Direct Distance Dialing to be arranged to forward the international calls of one or more international carriers to the customer (i.e., the Telephone Company is able to route originating international calls to a customer other than one designated by the end user either through presubscription or 101XXXX dialing). The arrangement requires provision of written verification to the Telephone Company that the customer is authorized to forward such calls.

The written verification must be in the form of a letter of agency authorizing the customer to order the option on behalf of the international carrier. This option is only provided at Telephone Company end offices or access tandems equipped for International Direct Distance Dialing. It is available with Feature Group D and BSA-D.

(R) Non-Overlap Outpulsing

This option allows the customer to specify that all dialed digits must be received by the Telephone Company end office before any outpulsing takes place. After all dialed digits are received, the Telephone Company seizes a trunk toward the customer. This option is available with Feature Group D and BSA-D where technically feasible.

(S) Cut-Through

This option allows end users to reach the customer's premises by dialing 101XXXX + #. This option provides for connection of the call to the premises of the customer indicated by the 101XXXX code upon receipt of the end of dialing the # digit. The Telephone Company will not record any other dialed digits for these calls. This option is available with Feature Group D and BSA-D where technically feasible.'

(T) Switched Access Interface

This arrangement provides the line switching and supervisory functions necessary to interface Voice Grade Special Access and Switched Access Services together for the provision of customer WATS and WATS-Type service. This service provides a transmission path capable of originating and/or terminating the customer's intrastate and combined interstate/intrastate traffic.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(T) Switched Access Interface (Cont'd)

This arrangement is only available from Telephone Company designated end offices which are identified as WATS Serving Offices (WSO) in NECA Tariff FCC No. 4. Technical limitations resident in certain end office switches may preclude the availability of certain Switched Access Interface features. Depending on the configuration selected below, the Telephone Company will provide such services from the closest WSO that is technically equipped to provide such services. Special Access Transport charges as described in 7.2.1(B) will be applicable to the WATS Serving Office appropriately equipped for the service feature requested.

The Switched Access portion of this arrangement is available from Section 6 of this tariff, except as set forth in (5) following, and provides connectivity from the Telephone Company's WATS Serving Office to the customer's premises. The Special Access portion of this feature is available from Section 7 of this tariff and provides connectivity from the Telephone Company's WATS Serving Office to the customer's end user.

Switched Access Interface Arrangements are provided with rotary dial or dual tone multifrequency address signaling and either loop start or ground start supervisory signaling. The choice of signaling is at the option of the customer. Switched Access Interface Arrangements are also available with extensions, i.e., terminations of the service at different buildings within the same or different LATA. All applicable Special Access rates, as set forth in 7. following, apply to such extensions.

Switched Access Interface Service is available in the following configurations/features:

(1) Originating Only Feature

The Originating Only feature is available from appropriately equipped WATS Serving Offices on a per line basis and provides for the transporting of interstate calls from a special access line to the customer via either FGA, FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-A, BSA-B, BSA-C or BSA-D Switched Access. It is provided in the following arrangement.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(T) Switched Access Interface (Cont'd)

(a) Unrestricted Arrangement - Originating Only

This arrangement is a multi-jurisdictional offering provided from a Telephone Company appropriately equipped WATS Serving Office and provides for the transporting of interstate and intrastate calls from a Special Access Line to the customer via FGA, FGC and/or FGD Switched Access. FGA access is obtained from a WATS Serving Office by dialing a standard seven-digit number. FGB access is obtained from a WATS Service Office by dialing 950-XXXX or 1+950-XXXX. The combining of interstate and intrastate traffic will be in accordance with 6.3.2(T)(5). This arrangement provides for transporting the following types of calls:

- 1+NPA-NXX-XXXX, 1+700-NXX-XXXX, and 1+FNPA-555-1212 calls to the IC customer or via facilities of the Telephone Company where state restrictions exist as detailed in 6.3.2(T)(5) following;

- 1+800/877/888-NXX-XXXX to the carrier in accordance with the 800/877/888 customer identification function described in 6.2.5(A)(1).

- 1+900-NXX-XXXX calls to the carrier designated by the digits dialed;

- 0+NPA-NXX-XXXX calls to the IC customer or via facilities of the Telephone Company where state restrictions exist as detailed in 6.3.2(T)(5) following;

- calls originated by dialing 0 (zero) to the Telephone Company operator;

- calls originated by dialing 00 (Zero, Zero) to the IC customer (available only with FGD and BSA-D);

- calls originated by dialing 01 or 011 to the IC customer; and

- 1+ or 0 (zero) + NPA-NXX-XXXX calls preceded by the access code 101XXXX to the carrier designated by the dialed digits (available only with FGD and BSA-D).

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(T) Switched Access Interface (Cont'd)

(1) Originating Only Feature (Cont'd)

(a) Unrestricted Arrangement - Originating Only (Cont'd)

Optional Access Code Arrangements

i. Subject to technical availability, on an individual line basis, the blocking of call calls preceded by the access code 101XXXX.

ii. A multi-jurisdictional arrangement is available from the Telephone Company's WATS Serving Offices that are not currently capable of providing the Unrestricted Arrangement when provided from a special access line to the customer via FGA and/or FGB Switched Access.

- FGA Switched Access that can be accessed from a WATS Serving Office via a standard seven-digit number, and

- FGB Switched Access that can be accessed from a WATS Serving Office via 950-1/0XXX or 1+950-1/0XXX.

(2) 800/877/888 Type Terminating Only Feature

The 800/877/888 Type Terminating Only feature is available on a per-line basis from appropriately equipped WATS Serving Offices and provides for the terminating of all calls from the subscribing carrier (originated on a 1+800/877/888 basis) directed to the Special Access via FGA, FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-A, BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D Switched Access.

(3) Combined Originating 800/877/888 Type Terminating Calling Feature

The Combined Originating/Terminating Calling feature is available on a per-line basis from appropriately equipped WATS Serving Offices and provides the functionalities of both the Originating Only and the 800/877/888 Type Terminating Only features.

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6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(T) Switched Access Interface (Cont'd)

(4) The following matrix details the direction, call type, service prefix and traffic types provided on each Switched Access Interface Arrangement.

	Switched Access Interface Arrangements		
	Unrestricted Arrangement	800/877/888 Terminating Only	Combined Type Originating/ 800/877/888 Type Terminating
Section Ref.	(T)(1)(b)	(T)(2)	(T)(3)
Directionality			
Originating Only	x		
Terminating Only		x	
Two-Way			x
Call Type (1+)			
Local	B	B	B
IntraLATA/Intrast.	R/D	C	R/D/C
IntraLATA/Interst.	D	C	D/C
InterLATA/Intrast.	D	C	D/C
InterLATA/Interst.	D	C	D/C
Service Prefix			
0-	R		R
00-	D		D
0+	D		D
IDDD	D		D
101XXXX	D/B		D/B
Traffic Type			
411	B		B
911	R		R
976	R		R
700	D		D
500/800/877/888/900		D	D

D = Telephone Company DELIVERS traffic to the customer.
R = Telephone Company RETAINS and completes traffic.
C = Telephone Company COMPLETES traffic to the end user's premises.
B = Telephone Company BLOCKS traffic to an announcement.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(T) Switched Access Interface (Cont'd)

(5) Intrastate Traffic Restriction

An interstate Switched Access Interface and an intrastate Switched Access Interface must be ordered for the provisioning of multi-jurisdictional access.

Unless the customer subscribes to the 101XXXX blocking option offered in Section 6.3.2(T)(1)(b)i preceding, all calls carried over a Special Access Line used on conjunction with a Switched Access Interface for multi-jurisdictional access will be passed to the customer for completion.

(U) Switched Data Service

(1) Switched 56

Switched Data service provides for a connection capable of up to 56 Kbps digital transmission between a customer's premises and a suitably equipped end office. Switched Data service lines connected at those suitably equipped end offices may be accessed on a switched basis for digital transmission up to 56 Kbps. Access is made via the standard Feature Group D or BSA-D dialing pattern as described in Section 6.2.4(A)(6).

This option is available only with Feature Group D or BSA-D. A separate Feature Group D or BSA-D trunk must be established for the provision of Switched Data service. This trunk group requires the use of a DS1 digital interface (Interface Group 6) as described in Section 9.1.6. Switched Data and Non-switched Data traffic may not be combined on the same trunk group.

(2) Switched 64

This option provides for a connection capable of up to 64 Kbps digital transmission with clear channel capability between the customer's CDL and a suitably equipped end office. Clear channel capability allows for full bandwidth availability to the customer with no part of the channel used for control, framing or signaling.

Switched 64 requires all digital facilities including the use of a DS1 digital interface as described in Section 9.1.6 and is available only with FGD or BSA-D from end offices capable of providing SS7 signaling, Bipolar with Eight Zero Substitution (B8ZS) line code format and Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) or other Switched Data based services.

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6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(V) Band Advance Arrangement

This option, which is provided in association with two or more Switched Access Interface groups, provides for the automatic overflow of terminating calls to a Switched Access Interface group, when that group has exceeded its call capacity, to another Switched Access Interface group with a band designation equal to or greater than that of the overflowing Switched Access Interface group. This arrangement does not provide for call overflow from a group with a higher band designation to one with a lower one.

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6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(W) Signaling System 7 (SS7) Out of Band Signaling

This option is provided on conjunction with Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCS7) Access Service and is only available with FGD, BSA-D, 500, 800, 877, 888 or 900 Access Service. CCS7 Access Service is provided pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in FCC Tariff FCC No. 4. SS7 Out of Band Signaling provides common channel out of band transmission of address and supervisory SS7 protocol signaling information between the end office or access tandem switching systems and the customer's premises. FGD and BSA-D Switched Access, 500, 800, 877, 888 and 900 Access service, equipped with SS7 Out of Band Signaling, are available with Interface Groups 6 (DS1), 7 (DS1C), and 9 (DS3). SS7 Out of Band Signaling is provided at suitably equipped Telephone Company end office or access tandem switches.

(X) Calling Party Number (CPN) Parameter

The CPN parameter, available as a nonchargeable option for originating FGD or BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling, provides for the automatic transmission of the ten digit directory number, associated with a calling station, to the customer's premises for originating calls. The ten digit number consists of the NPA plus the seven digit telephone number which may or may not be the same number as the calling station's charge number. The CPN parameter also includes a "privacy indicator" which allows the ten digit telephone number to be coded as presented or restricted for delivery to the called end user. The technical specifications for CPN are described in Bellcore Technical Reference Publication TR-TSV-000905.

(Y) Carrier Selection Parameter (CSP)

The CSP parameter, available as a nonchargeable option for originating FGD or BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling, provides for the automatic transmission of a signaling indicator which signifies to the customer whether or not a given call originated from a presubscribed line. If the line was presubscribed, the indicator will signify if the end user did or did not dial 101XXXX. The technical specifications for CSP are described in Bellcore Technical Reference Publication TR-TSV-000905.

(Z) Charge Number (CN) Parameter

The CN parameter, available as a nonchargeable option for originating FGD or BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling, is equivalent to the existing ten digit Automatic Number Identification (ANI) available with FGD with MF signaling. The CN parameter provides for the automatic transmission of the ten digit billing number of the calling station and the originating line information. The technical specifications for CSP are described in Bellcore Technical Reference Publication TR-TSV-000905.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.2 Common Switching Optional Features (Cont'd)

(AA) FGD and BSA-D Switched Access with 950-XXXX Access

FGD and BSA-D Switched Access with 950-XXXX Access is a optional arrangement that provides for the routing of originating calls using a customer's 950-XXXX access code(s) to the customer over the customer's FGD or BSA-D trunks. All such calls will be rated as FGD or BSA-D switched access calls.

This optional arrangement, available where technically feasible in equal access end offices, uses FGD or BSA-D signaling protocols and technical specifications. The 950-XXXX traffic can be routed over FGD or BSA-D trunks combined with the customer's standard FGD or BSA-D traffic directly to the CDL or through a Telephone Company access tandem to the CDL. The customer must be able to differentiate standard FGD or BSA-D calls from 950-XXXX calls delivered over the same FGD or BSA-D trunks. FGD or BSA-D Switched Access with 950-XXXX Access is not available with certain Telephone Company Access tandem switches when the signaling from an end office to the Telephone Company Access tandem is multifrequency address signaling and the signaling from the Telephone Company Access tandem to the CDL is SS7 Out of Band signaling. The customer may not have originating FGD or BSA-D switched access with 950-XXXX access and originating FGB or BSA-B switched access in the same end office utilizing the same 950-XXXX Customer Identification Code.

(BB) Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP)

Carrier Identification Parameter is available as an optional feature in conjunction with originating FGD with SS7 Out of Band Signaling. CIP provides for the transmission of the Carrier Identification Code (CIC) or the access code 101XXXX to the customer with the Initial Address Message (IAM). CIP is available with originating FGD in suitably equipped end offices and access tandems. CIP will be populated by a 4-digit CIC at the rates shown in 6.6.

The Telephone Company will make every effort to maintain the CIP information, equipment and facilities in a format which facilitates the customer's use of the CIP offering. Changes (i.e., technology, customer account makeup, etc.) can occur affecting such information, however, and the Telephone Company cannot guarantee that the CIP equipment and facilities will be completely capable of processing CIP data at all times. Accordingly, the Telephone Company shall not be liable for any incidental, indirect, special or consequential damages (including lost revenue or profits) of any kind, resulting from inaccuracy of CIP data and/or the inability of its equipment and facilities to process CIP data.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.3 Transport Termination Optional Features

(A) Rotary Dial Station Signaling

This option provides for the transmission of called party address signaling from rotary dial stations to the customer's premises for originating calls. This option is provided in the form of a specific type of Transport Termination. It is available with Feature Group B and BSA-B, only on a directly trunked basis.

(B) Operator Trunk - Coin, Non-Coin, or Combined Coin and Non-Coin

This option may be ordered to provide coin, non-coin, or combined coin and non-coin operation. It is available, only with Feature Group C and BSA-C and is provided in electronic end offices and other Telephone Company end offices where equipment is available. It is provided as a trunk type of Transport Termination.

Coin:
This arrangement provides for initial coin return control and routing of 0+, 0-, 1+, 01+ or 011+ prefixed originating coin calls requiring operator assistance to the customer's premises. Because operator assisted coin calling traffic is routed over a trunk group dedicated to operator assisted calls, this arrangement is only provided in association with the Service Class Routing option.

The operator assistance coin calling arrangement is also normally ordered by the customer in conjunction with the ANI optional feature, since the preponderance of trunk groups equipped with this arrangement will be terminated in the customer's TSPS or TSPS-like systems, rather than in the customer's manual cord boards.

Non-Coin:
This arrangement provides for the routing of 0+, 0-, 1+, 01+ or 011+ prefixed originating non-coin calls requiring operator assistance to the customer's premises. Because operator assisted non-coin calling traffic is routed over a trunk group dedicated to operator assisted calls, this arrangement is only provided in association with the Service Class Routing option.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.3 Optional Features (Cont'd)

6.3.3 Transport Termination Optional Features (Cont'd)

(B) Operator Trunk - Coin, Non-Coin, or Combined Coin and Non-Coin (Cont'd)

Non-Coin: (Cont'd)

The operator assistance non-coin calling arrangement is also normally ordered by the customer in conjunction with the ANI optional feature, since the preponderance of trunk groups equipped with this arrangement will be terminated in the customer's TSPS systems, rather than in the customer's manual cord boards. When so equipped, the ANI feature provides for the forwarding of information digits which identify that the call has originated from a hotel or motel, and whether room number identification is required, or that special screening is required, e.g., for coinless public stations, dormitory or inmate stations, or other screening arrangements agreed to between the customer and the Telephone Company.

Combined Coin and Non-Coin:
This arrangement provides for initial coin return control and routing of 0+, 0-, 1+ or 011+ prefixed originating operator assisted coin and non-coin calls requiring operator assistance to the customer's premises. Because operator assisted coin and non-coin calling traffic is routed over a trunk group dedicated to operator assisted calls, this arrangement is only provided in association with the Service Class Routing option.

This arrangement is normally ordered by the customer in conjunction with the ANI optional feature, since the preponderance of trunk groups equipped with this arrangement will be terminated in the customer's operator services systems rather than in the customer's manual cord boards. When so equipped, the ANI optional feature provides for the forwarding of information digits which identify that the call has originated from a hotel or motel, and whether room number identification is required, or that special screening is required, e.g., for coinless public stations, dormitory or inmate stations, or other screening arrangements agreed to between the customer and the Telephone Company.

(C) Operator Trunk - Full Feature

This option provides the initial coin return control function to the customer's operator. It is available with Feature Group D and BSA-D and is provided as a trunk type for Transport Termination. This option is not available in conjunction with SS7 Out of Band Signaling.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service

In addition to the obligations of the Telephone Company set forth in 2. preceding, the Telephone Company has certain other obligations pertaining only to the provision of Switched Access Service. These obligations are as follows:

6.4.1 Network Management

The Telephone Company will administer its network to insure the provision of acceptable service levels to all telecommunications users of the Telephone Company's network services. Generally, service levels are considered acceptable only when both end users and customers are able to establish connection with little or no delay encountered within the Telephone Company network.

The Telephone Company maintains the right to apply protective controls, (i.e., those actions which selectively cancel the completion of traffic) over any traffic carrier over its network, including that associated with a customer's Switched Access Service. Generally, such protective measures would only be taken as a result of occurrences such as failure or overload of Telephone Company or customer facilities, natural disasters, mass calling or national security demands. In the event that the protective controls applied by the Telephone Company result in the complete loss of service by the customer, the customer will be granted a Credit Allowance for Service Interruption as set forth in 2.4.4(C) preceding.

6.4.2 Design and Traffic Routing of Switched Access Service

The Telephone Company shall work cooperatively with the customer to design and determine the routing and directionality of Switched Access including the selection of facilities from the first point of switching to the customer's premises. Selection of facilities, equipment and routing of the Switched Access is based on standard engineering methods, facilities and equipment available, Telephone Company traffic routing plans, and the customer's order for service.

Selection of facilities and equipment and traffic routing of the service are based on standard engineering methods, available facilities and equipment, Telephone Company traffic routing plans, the customer's order for service. If the customer desires routing different from that determined by the Telephone Company, the Telephone Company will, subject to its obligation to manage its network as provided in (A) preceding, work cooperatively with the customer to determine routing to be used in lieu of the Telephone Company selected routing.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4.2 Design and Traffic Routing of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

Direct-Trunked Transport is not provided to centralized equal access end offices and is not provided to those Telephone Company End Offices that are not capable of measuring Switched Access Minutes of Use.

The Telephone Company will select the First Point(s) of Switching and routing to be used where traffic is aggregated at a central location. Those Telephone Companies providing equal access in a centralized equal access tandem arrangement are listed in 15.2, following.

Any customer may request that the facilities used to provide Switched Access Service be specially routed. The regulations, rates and charges for Special Facilities Routing (i.e., Avoidance, Diversity, and Cable-Only) are set forth in 11 following.

6.4.3 Access Tandem Arrangements

Trunk side switched access services may be provided via an access tandem to specific end offices subtending that access tandem. Each subtending end office will be located within the Access Tandem Network as defined by the Telephone Company. Access Tandem offices are identified in the National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff FCC No. 4. The Telephone Company will provide the description of an Access Tandem Network to a customer upon request. When trunk side access is ordered to a specific access tandem, access will be provided to all the NXXs included in that Access Tandem Network.

6.4.4 Determination of Number of Transmission Paths and Terminations

For Switched Access Service arrangements the customer must specify the number and type of Entrance Facilities between the customer designated premises and the serving wire center in the order for service.

The Telephone Company will determine the number of Switched Access Service transmission paths to be provided for Tandem-Switched Transport Services, when ordered in busy hour minutes of capacity. A transmission path is a communication path within the frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz or a derived communication path of frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 Hz to 3000 Hz provided over a high frequency analog facility or a high speed digital facility between a customer's premises and a Telephone Company location.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4.4 Determination of Number of Transmission Paths and Terminations (Cont'd)

The number of transmission paths will be developed using the total busy hour minutes of capacity by type (as described in 5.1.2 (A)(2) preceding) for the end offices for each Switched Access Arrangement ordered from a customer's premises. The total busy hour minutes of capacity by type for the end office will be converted to transmission paths using standard Telephone Company traffic engineering methods. The number of transmission paths provided shall be the number required based on (1) the use of access tandem switches and end office switches, (2) the use of end office switches only, or (3) the use of tandem switches only.

For analog entry switches, a termination will be provided for each transmission path provided. For digital entry switches, an equivalent termination will be provided for each transmission path provided.

6.4.5 Transmission Specifications

Each Switched Access Service transmission path is provided with standard transmission specifications. There are three different standard specifications (Types A, B and C). The standard for a particular transmission path is dependent on the Switched Access Service, the Interface Group and whether the service is directly routed or via an access tandem.

The available transmission specifications are set forth in 9 following. Data Transmission Parameters are also provided with each Switched Access Service transmission path. The Telephone Company will, upon notification by the customer that the data parameters are not being met, conduct test independently or in cooperation with the customer, and take any necessary action to insure that the data parameters are met.

6.4.6 Design Layout Report

At the request of the customer, the Telephone Company will provide to the customer the makeup of the facilities and services provided from the customer's premises to the first point of switching. This information will be provided in the form of a Design Layout Report. The Design Layout Reports will be provided to the customer at no charge, and will be reissued or updated whenever these facilities are materially changed.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4.7 Testing

(1) Acceptance Testing

Prior to the customers acceptance of Switched Access Service, and at the Customer's request, the Telephone Company will cooperatively test the parameters as set forth in (a) and (b) following. Also, when a customer provides a digital to analog conversion in the provision of a Switched Access Service, the customer has the ability to specify either the digital or analog acceptance tests as described in (a) or (b) following to be performed by the Telephone Company. In addition to the various tests outlined below which will be included with the installation of service, other additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing and Nonscheduled Testing is available for Switched Access Service as detailed in 8. following.

(a) When a customer orders FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D, 500 Access Service, 800/877/888 Access Service, or 900 Access Service and the Telephone Company provides a digital transmission facility between the Telephone Company serving wire center and the customers designated premise without a digital to analog conversion; the digital acceptance tests performed by the Telephone Company will consist of the following:

- Bit Error test in each transmission direction
- 1004 Hz test per trunk group per di-group in each transmission direction
- C-notched noise test per trunk group per di-group in each transmission direction
- One operational signaling test per trunk in each transmission direction
- Bit Error test in each transmission direction
- 1004 Hz test pr trunk group per di-group in each transmission direction
- C-notched noise test per trunk group per di-group in each transmission direction
- One operational signaling test per trunk in each transmission direction.

If a Telephone Company digital facility is provided in conjunction with a High Capacity Special Access Service, the Telephone Company will furnish, upon the customer's request and where the central office is technically equipped, appropriate equipment to allow the customer to conduct tests to verify the integrity of the facility in lieu of cooperative acceptance testing.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4.7 Testing (Cont'd)

(1) Acceptance Testing (Cont'd)

(b) When a customer orders FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D, 500 Access Service, 800/877/888 Switched Access or 900 Access Service, and the Telephone Company provides analog transmission facilities between the Telephone Company serving wire center and the customer's designated premise, the analog tests performed by the Telephone Company consist of the following:

- Attenuation tests
- Balance tests (ERL-SRL)
- C-Message noise test
- C-notched noise
- 3 tone slope
- DC continuity
- Operational Signaling

When 500, 800, 877, 888 or 900 NXXs are activated (new translations installed) by the Telephone Company, NXX code testing will be performed by the Telephone Company. For each new NXX activated in a Telephone Company switch capable of performing the customer identification function for 500, 800, 877, 888 or 900 Access Service, the Telephone Company shall place one test call to the IC 500, 800, 877, 888 or 900-NXX-XXXX test number. This number provides an announcement identifying the IC, thereby verifying Telephone Company routing.

(2) In-Service Testing

After a Switched Access Service has been tested and accepted by the customer for service, the Telephone Company may perform various tests to ensure the quality of the Switched Access Service. These tests may be performed on a routine basis at the discretion of the Telephone Company, and are made subject to the availability of qualified personnel and test equipment. No charge will be assessed to the customer for the provision of In-Service tests.

The Telephone Company may at its option provide the following types of In-Service Switched Access Service tests:

- Attenuation and noise tests
- Balance tests
- Gain - slope tests

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4.7 Testing (Cont'd)

(2) In-Service Testing (Cont'd)

When the Telephone Company and the Customer agree to test cooperatively, the Telephone Company shall provide the personnel and test equipment necessary to perform such tests at a mutually agreed upon time. The customer may request the Telephone Company to provide a technician at the customer's premises in order to perform these cooperatively scheduled tests. Rates and charges as set forth in 8.4 following will apply per technician provided.

(3) Testing Capabilities

Feature groups A through D are provided, in the terminating direction where equipment is available, with Seven Digit Access to balance (100 type), and milliwatt (102 type) testlines.

Additionally, Feature Groups B through D are provided, in the terminating direction where equipment is available, with seven digit access to the following test lines:

- Nonsynchronous or synchronous test lines
- Automatic transmission measuring (105 type) test line
- Data transmission (107) test line
- Loop around test line
- Short circuit and open circuit test line

(4) SS7 Out of Band Signaling

When FGD, 500, 800, 888 or 900 Access Service with SS7 Out of Band Signaling is ordered, network compatibility and other operational tests will be performed cooperatively by the Telephone Company and the customer at locations, dates, and times as specified by the Telephone company in consultation with the customer. These tests are as specified in Bellcore Technical Reference Publication TR-TSV-000905. Successful completion is necessary to receive the SS7 signaling option. To protect the security of the SS7 network, certain of the information provided, i.e., point codes, by the Telephone Company to the customer will be subject to a nondisclosure agreement.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4.8 Trunk Group Measurement Reports

Subject to availability, the Telephone Company will make available trunk group data in the form of usage in CCS, peg count and overflow, to the customer based on previously agreed to intervals.

With the agreement of the customer, trunk group data in the form of usage in CCS, peg count and overflow for its end of all access trunk groups, where technologically feasible, will be made available to the Telephone Company. These data will be used to monitor trunk group utilization and service performance and will be based on previously arranged intervals and format.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4.9 Service Performance Data

Subject to availability, end-to-end service performance data available to the Telephone Company through its own service evaluation routines, may also be made available to the customer based on previously arranged intervals and format. These data provide information on overall end-to-end call completion and non-completion performance, e.g., customer equipment blockage, failure results and transmission performance. These data do not include service performance data which are provided under other tariff sections; e.g., testing service results. If data are to be provided in other than paper format, the charges for such exchange will be determined on an individual case basis.

6.4.10 Equal Access Conversions

Rates and charges for Switched Access Service depend generally upon its use by the customer, and whether it is provided in a Telephone Company end office that is equipped to provide equal access capabilities (FGD Access described in 6.2.4 and BSA-D described in 6.2.8). The Telephone Company will provide written notification to all access customers of record (at the minimum) within a particular LATA that an end office in that LATA is scheduled to be converted to an equal access end office. This notification will be sent, via certified U.S. Mail, to each access customer of record in the LATA where the conversion is scheduled to occur, at least six months in advance of the conversion date.

ICs must comply with the Feature Group D or BSA-D ordering procedures of the Telephone Company and a firm order for this service must be received no later than 120 days prior to the end office equal access conversion date in order for the IC to participate in the presubscription process as described in 8.5 following.

Customers may request FGD or BSA-D service to replace their existing Feature Group or Basic Serving Arrangements service(s) subsequent to an office conversion to equal access. Rates and charges for such requests are set forth in 6.5.4(E) following.

6.4.11 Design Blocking Probability

The Telephone Company will design the facilities used in the provision of Switched Access Service to meet the blocking probability criteria as set forth as follows:

For Feature Groups A and B, BSA-A and BSA-B no design blocking criteria apply.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4.11 Design Blocking Probability (Cont'd)

For Feature Group C and BSA-C, the design blocking objective will be no greater than one percent. (.01) between the point of termination at the customer's premises and the first point of switching when traffic is directly routed without an alternate route. Standard traffic engineering methods will be used by the Telephone Company to determine the number of transmission paths required to achieve this level of blocking.

For Feature Group D and BSA-D, the design blocking objective will be no greater than one percent (.01) between the point of termination at the customer's premises and the end office switch, whether the traffic is directly routed without an alternate route or routed via an access tandem. Standard traffic engineering methods as set forth in reference document Telecommunications Transmissions Engineering - Volume 3 - Networks and Services (Chapter 6-7) will be used by the Telephone company to determine the number of transmission paths required to achieve this level of blocking.

For 800/877/888 Access Service provided via 800/877/888 Access Service trunk(s), or 900 Access Service provided via 900 Access Service trunk(s) the design blocking objective will be no greater than one percent (.01) between the point of termination at the customer's premises and the first point of switching when traffic is directly routed without an alternate route. Standard traffic engineering methods will be used by the Telephone Company to determine the number of transmission paths required to achieve this level of blocking. During mass calling events, the blocking objective of no greater than one percent (.01) can not be guaranteed.

The Telephone Company will perform routine measurement functions except on Feature Groups A, B, BSA-A and BSA-B to assure that an adequate number of transmission paths are in service. The Telephone Company will recommend that additional capacity (i.e., busy hour minutes or capacity or trunks) be ordered by the customer when additional paths are required to reduce the measured blocking to the designed blocking level. For the capacity ordered, the design blocking objective is assumed to have been met if the routine measurements show that the measured blocking does not exceed the threshold listed in the following tables.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4 Provision of Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.4.11 Design Blocking Probability (Cont'd)

(1) For transmission paths carrying only first routed traffic direct between an end office and customer's premises without an alternate route, and for paths carrying only overflow traffic, the measured blocking thresholds are as follows:

Hour Number of Transmission Paths Per Trunk Group	Measured Blocking Thresholds in the Time Consistent Busy for the Number of Measurements Taken Between 8:00 a.m. and 11:00 p.m. Per Trunk Group			
	15-20 Measurements	11-14 Measurements	7-10 Measurements	3-6 Measurements
2	.070	.080	.090	.140
3	.050	.060	.070	.090
4	.050	.060	.070	.080
5-6	.040	.050	.060	.070
7 or more	.030	.035	.040	.060

(2) For transmission paths carrying first routed traffic between an end office and customer's premises via an access tandem, the measured blocking thresholds are as follows:

Number of Transmission Paths Per Trunk Group	Measured Blocking Thresholds in the Time Consistent Busy Hour for the Number of Measurements Taken Between 8:00 a.m. and 11:00 p.m. Per Trunk Group			
	15-20 Measurements	11-14 Measurements	7-10 Measurements	3-6 Measurements
2	.045	.055	.060	.095
3	.035	.040	.045	.060
4	.035	.040	.045	.055
5-6	.025	.035	.040	.045
7 or more	.020	.025	.030	.040

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations

6.5.1 Rate Categories

Switched Access Service is composed of four general Rate Categories which are combined to form the foundation for measuring and rating such services. Each Rate Category is composed of certain specific rate elements which may apply to each Switched Access Service. The specific rate elements which comprise each Rate Category are as follows:

Local Transport (Described in 6.5.2 following)

- Entrance Facility
- Direct-Trunked Transport
- Tandem-Switched Transport
- Interconnection Rate
- Multiplexing

End Office (Described in 6.5.3 following)

- Local Switching
- Information Surcharge
- 800/877/888 Data Base Query Service

Carrier Common Line (Described in Section 3 preceding)

- Originating Element
- Terminating Element

Nonrecurring Charges (Described in 6.5.4 following)

Local Transport, End Office and Carrier Common Line Charges are usage based rates applied on a per access minute basis, and are applied as premium rates. Access minute charges are accumulated over a monthly period. The determination of access minutes is set forth in 6.5.5 following. 800/877/888 Data Base Query charges are applied on a per query basis either as basic or premium as described in 6.5.3(C).

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.2 Local Transport

(A) Local Transport Description

Local Transport provides the transmission of Switched Access communications between the customer's premises and the originating or terminating end office switch(es) in the Access Area with one exception. Local Transport associated with FGA or BSA-A 1+ terminating traffic provides for the transmission of Switched Access outside the Access Area, however within the LATA. Local Transport is comprised of the following rate elements; an Entrance Facility Rate, a Direct-Trunked Transport Rate, a Tandem-Switched Transport Rate and an Interconnection Rate. Where Local Transport rates are applied on a distance sensitive basis, airline mileage is calculated in accordance with the V&H coordinate method as set forth in NECA Tariff FCC No. 4. If the calculated miles result in a fraction, the value is rounded up to the next full mile.

Local Transport is a two-way voice frequency transmission path composed of facilities and equipment determined by the Telephone Company. This transmission path permits the transport of calls in the originating direction (from the end user end office switch to the customer's premises) and in the terminating direction (from the customer's premises to the end office switch), but not simultaneously. This transmission path may be comprised of any form or configuration of plant and equipment capable of and typically used in the telecommunications industry for the transmission of voice and associated telephone signals within the frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz.

The Telephone Company will work cooperatively with the customer in determining (1) whether the service is to be directly routed to an end office switch or through an access tandem switch, and (2) the directionality of the service.

Where the Telephone Company elects to provide equal access via a centralized equal access tandem arrangement, the Telephone Company will designate the serving wire center. These locations are listed in 15.2, following. Direct-Trunked Transport is not provided to centralized equal access end offices and is not provided to those Telephone Company end offices that are not capable of measuring switched access minutes of use.

Switched Transport is provided at the rates and charges set forth in Section 6.6.1 following.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.2 Local Transport (Cont'd)

(B) Entrance Facility

The Entrance Facility Rate is assessed upon customers for the use of Telephone Company Voice Grade, DS1 and DS3 high capacity facilities, including interface arrangements, between the point of termination at the customer's premises and the Telephone Company's serving wire center. The Entrance Facility is a flat-rated charge assessed per Voice Grade, DS1 or DS3 termination provided at the customer's premises. This charge will apply even if the customer designated premises and the serving wire center are co-located in a Telephone Company building. Technical descriptions of each Entrance Facility and associated interface are further described in Section 9.1.

(C) Direct Trunked Transport

The Direct-Trunked Transport Rate is assessed upon customers for the use of Voicegrade, DS1 and DS3 high capacity transport facilities dedicated to a single customer between a serving wire center and end office (including host end offices), between a serving wire center and a Telephone Company Hub for multiplexing purposes, between two Telephone Company hubs, between a Telephone Company Hub or an end office and between a serving wire center and a tandem*. The Direct-Trunked Transport Rate is flat-rated and has both distance-sensitive and nondistance-sensitive components. Direct-Trunked Transport is not provided to centralized equal access end offices and end offices not capable of measuring switched access usage. Centralized Access end offices and those offices not capable of measuring switched access usage are specified in NECA Tariff FCC No. 4.

(1) The Direct-Trunked Transport Mileage rate is applied on a monthly airline mile basis.

To determine the Direct-Trunked Transport airline mileage, the distance will be measured from the wire center that serves the customer's premises to the access tandem*, end office, WSO (for WATS and WATS-type), or the end office that serves as the host for a remote office.

* Due to billing constraints, the ordering of Tandem-Switched Transport in conjunction with Direct-Trunked Transport is prohibited until the billing system can accommodate the service.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.2 Local Transport (Cont'd)

(C) Direct Trunked Transport (Cont'd)

(1) (Cont'd)

For traffic originating from or terminating to a remote office, the mileage will be calculated separately from the end office switch that serves as the host to the remote using the V&H coordinates method. The Direct-Trunked Transport Mileage Rate applies from the customer's serving wire center to the end office that serves as the host office. Traffic originating from and/or terminating to the remote will be billed Tandem-Switched Transport charges based on mileage between the host and remote office. The Tandem-Switching Charge is not applicable for Tandem-Switched Transport between the end office that serves as the host to the remote office.

When Telephone Company Hubs are involved, mileage is computed and rates applied separately for each section of the Direct-Trunked Transport, i.e., customer serving wire center to Hub, Hub to Hub, Hub to Tandem or Hub to end office.

(2) The Direct-Trunked Transport - Fixed Rate is applied only once per facility and is also applied when the end user and customer designated premises are served by a common serving wire center (i.e., mileage is zero). The Fixed charge is applied in full whether the Telephone Company provides one or more than one mileage facility terminations. The Fixed rate does not apply when the Telephone Company provides an intermediate portion of a mileage facility and no mileage facility terminations.

(D) Tandem-Switched Transport

The Tandem-Switched Transport Rate is assessed upon customers for the use of transport between a serving wire center and an end office that is switched at an access tandem. The Tandem-Switched Transport Rate may also be assessed for transport between an access tandem and end office, when the customer orders Direct-Trunked Transport to an access tandem* and between a host end office and a remote end office. Tandem-Switched transport consists of circuits dedicated to the use of a single customer from the serving wire center to the tandem and circuits used in common by multiple customers from the tandem to an end office. The Tandem-Switched Transport Rate includes three subelements, a Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility, a Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination, and a Tandem Switching Rate. The Tandem-Switching Rate is not applicable for transport between a host end office and a remote end office.

* Due to billing constraints, the ordering of Tandem-Switched Transport in conjunction with Direct-Trunked Transport is prohibited until the billing system can accommodate the service.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.2 Local Transport (Cont'd)

(D) Tandem-Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(1) The Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility rate is applied per access minute per airline mile for each Switched Access Feature Group or Basic Serving Arrangement type. Tandem-Switched Transport-Facility airline mileage will be determined as follows:

Where Tandem-Switched Transport is ordered between a serving wire center and end offices subtending the access tandem, mileage will be measured from the serving wire center that serves the customer's premises to the end office or WSO (for WATS and WATS-type).

Where Direct-Trunked Transport is ordered between a serving wire center and an access tandem, and Tandem-Switched Transport is ordered to subtending end offices, mileage will be measured from the access tandem to the end office or WSO (for WATS and WATS-type)*.

For either of the above Tandem-Switched Transport configurations, when the end office is acting as a host office, a separate mileage calculation determines the mileage from the host office to the remote office. Traffic originating from and/or terminating to the remote will be billed Tandem-Switched Transport charges. The Tandem Switching charge does not apply to traffic between a host and remote office.

Transport rates apply to the switched access minutes of use that originate/terminate at a MTSO directly connected to a Telephone Company access tandem or end office. Where the connection is made directly to an end office, Switched Transport, rates (Tandem-Switched Transport or Direct-Trunked Transport, as ordered by the customer) shall apply between the end office and the serving wire center of the customer. Where the connection is made directly to an access tandem, Switched Transport rates (Tandem-Switched Transport or Direct-Trunked Transport, as ordered by the customer) shall apply between the access tandem and the serving wire center of the customer. For access tandem connections, Tandem-Switched Transport Facility mileage, if applicable, will be measured from the access tandem to the customer's serving wire center. The Tandem Switching charge shall apply to all minutes of use where the MTSO connection is made directly to an access tandem.

Where Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility is provided by more than one telephone company, the mileage for each will be determined as a 2.7.

The Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility rate will not apply if the CDL serving wire center and the end office are co-located (where V/H - V/H. = 0).

* Due to billing constraints, the ordering of Tandem-Switched Transport in conjunction with Direct-Trunked Transport is prohibited until the billing system can accommodate the service.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.2 Local Transport (Cont'd)

(D) Tandem-Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(2) The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies per access minute for each termination (i.e., the first point of switching and the end office serving the end user) for all Switched Access Feature Group or Basic Serving Arrangement types. When both terminations are provided by the Telephone Company, the Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies twice, including those situations when the terminations are co-located.

When both terminations are provided by the Telephone Company and traffic originates from or terminates to a remote office, the Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies four times (i.e., for each termination from the serving wire center to the host and for each termination from the host to the remote office).

The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies to switched access minutes of use that originate/terminate at a MTSO directly interconnected to a Telephone Company access tandem or end office.

Where the Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility is provided by more than one telephone company, the Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies for the termination (i.e., the first point of switching or the end office serving the end user) at the Telephone Company end of the Switched Transport as in 2.7. The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate will not apply when the Telephone Company is the intermediate provider of the Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility.

(3) The Tandem Switching rate is usage-sensitive and is applied per access minute to all feature groups or BSAs for Tandem-Switched Transport with two exceptions. The Tandem-Switching Rate is not applicable for Tandem-Switched Transport between a host office and a remote office, nor is it applicable for FGA or BSA-A, including Extended FGA Terminating Traffic described in 6.5.9.

(E) Interconnection Rate

The Interconnection Rate is assessed upon all customers for interconnecting with the Telephone Company's switched access network.

The Interconnection rate is usage-sensitive and is applied per access minute to all feature groups that utilize the Telephone Company's switched access network. It applies to all originating and terminating minutes of use whether transported via Direct-Trunked Transport, Tandem-Switched Transport or Entrance Facilities.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.2 Local Transport (Cont'd)

(F) Multiplexing

Multiplexing provides for arrangements to convert a single higher capacity or bandwidth circuit for bulk transport to several lower capacity or bandwidth circuits. Monthly rates and nonrecurring charges for multiplexing apply as follows: (1) the DS3/DS1 Multiplexing Charge applies to all DS3 to DS1 multiplexing arrangements; (2) the DS1/Voice Multiplexing Charge applies to all DS1 Entrance Facility and Direct-Trunked Transport circuits that terminate in an analog office and where the multiplexer performs DS1/Voice multiplexing functions; (3) a Multiplexing Charge will always apply on High Capacity shared use switched and special access facilities.

(G) Mileage Measurement Exceptions

(1) The Telephone Company may reconfigure its local exchange plant as required in the normal operation of its business. If such network reconfiguration results in a changed location of the IC serving wire center the Telephone Company will provide the IC with a minimum 6 months notice. The Local Transport Mileage measurement will be based upon the new serving wire center's V&H coordinates and the end office switch V&H coordinates.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.2 Local Transport (Cont'd)

(G) Mileage Measurement Exceptions (Cont'd)

(1) (Cont'd)

For FGA calls terminated on an extended basis outside the FGA Access Area, but within the LATA, mileage in the terminating direction is also calculated on the airline distance between the FGA dial tone office and the end office switch where the call terminates as set forth in 6.5.9 (A) following.

(2) For FGA and BSA-A, the Entrance Facility charge shall apply between the customer's premises and the customer's serving wire center. If the serving wire center is not the dial tone office, Direct-Trunked Transport shall apply between the serving wire center and the dial tone office. Tandem-Switched Transport (Facility and Termination) rates, excluding the Tandem Switching charge, shall apply between the dial tone office and the end office for FGA or BSA-A traffic that originates and/or terminates within the FGA or BSA-A Access Area.

For FGA and BSA-A calls terminated on an extended basis outside the FGA or BSA-A Access Area, but within the LATA, mileage in the terminating direction is also calculated on the airline distance between the FGA or BSA-A dial tone office and the end office switch where the call terminates as set forth in 6.5.9(A) following.

(3) When the Alternate Traffic Routing optional feature is provided with Feature Groups, C, D, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service or as a BSE with BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D the Local Transport access minutes will be apportioned between the two trunk groups used to provide this feature. Such apportionment will be made using standard Telephone Company traffic engineering methodology and will be based on the last trunk CCS desired for the high usage group, as described in 6.3.2(N) preceding, and the total busy hour minutes of capacity ordered to the end office, when the feature is provided at an end office switch, or to the subtending end offices when the feature is provided at an access tandem switch. This apportionment will serve as the basis for Local Transport mileage calculation. For Feature Group D, the apportionment will be based on the actual measured data which is recorded against the specific trunk group that carried a particular call.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.2 Local Transport (Cont'd)

(G) Mileage Measurement Exceptions (Cont'd)

(4) When terminating Feature Group C or BSA-C Switched Access Service is provided from multiple customer premises to an end office not equipped with measurement capabilities, the total Local Transport access minutes for that end office will be apportioned among the trunk groups accessing the end office on the basis of the individual busy hour minutes of capacity ordered for each of those trunk groups. This apportionment will serve as the basis for Local Transport mileage calculation.

(5) The Tandem-Switched Transport Facility rate will apply to switched access minutes of use that originate/terminate at a Mobile Telephone Switching Office (MTSO) directly interconnected to a Telephone Company access tandem office. The mileage used to determine the Local Transport Mileage charge will be measured between the serving wire center of the customer and the serving wire center of the MTSO.

6.5.3 End Office

The End Office rate category provides the local end office switching and end user termination functions necessary to complete the transmission of Switched Access communications to and from the end users served by the local end office. The End Office Rate category includes the Local Switching and Information Surcharge rate elements.

End Office rates (Local Switching and Information Surcharge) do not apply to switched access minutes of use that originate or terminate at a Mobile Telephone Switching Office (MTSO) directly interconnected to a Telephone Company access tandem office.

(A) Local Switching

The Local Switching rate element provides for the use of end office switching equipment, the termination of end user common lines at the local end office, and the termination of calls at a Telephone Company intercept operator or recording. The intercept operator or recording tells a caller why a call could not be completed and, if possible, provides the correct number.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.3 End Office (Cont'd)

(A) Local Switching (Cont'd)

Where end offices are appropriately equipped, international dialing may be provided. International dialing provides the capability of switching international calls with service prefix and address codes having more digits than are capable of being switched through a standard FGC, FGD, BSA-C or BSA-D equipped end office.

Local Switching is available on a bundled or unbundled basis. Local Switching - Bundled (EOSB) rates apply to Switched Access services provided as Feature Groups. Local Switching - Unbundled (EOSU) rates apply to Switched Access services provided as Basic Serving Arrangements.

(1) LS1 and LS2

LS1 and LS2 provide local dial switching in end offices converted to equal access. The first category, LS1, provides local dial switching for Feature Groups A and B except where the service is provided to AT&T. The second category, LS2, provides local dial switching for Feature Groups C and D, 800/877/888 Access Service, 900 Access Service and international dialing capability, and all originating and terminating access minutes where the service is provided to AT&T. LS2 also provided local dial switching for Feature Group A or B service used for terminating 800/877/888 Service and 900 Access Service.

(B) Information Surcharge

Information Surcharge rates are assessed to a customer based on the total number of access minutes. Information Surcharge rates are set forth in 6.6 following.

(C) 800/877/888 Data Base Query Service

Query usage charges for 800/877/888 Data Base Query Service apply as follows:

(1) A Basic 800/877/888 Data Base Query charge will apply for each basic 800/877/888 call query received at the Telephone Company's 800/877/888 data base. Per query charges are accumulated over a monthly period and billed to the customer on a monthly basis.

(2) A Premium 800/877/888 Data Base Query charge will apply for each premium 800/877/888 call query received at the Telephone Company's 800/877/888 data base. Per query charges are accumulated over a monthly period and billed to the customer on a monthly basis.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.4 Nonrecurring Charges

Nonrecurring charges are one-time charges that apply for a specific work activity (i.e., installation or change to an existing service). The types of nonrecurring charges that apply for Switched Access Service are: Installation of Service, Service Rearrangements, Moves, NXX Translations, and change of Feature Group type.

(A) Installation of Service

For Switched Access Service installations two types of nonrecurring charges apply.

(1) ASR Ordering Charge

This charge applies on a per ASR basis for customer requests for installation of Switched Access Services. The ASR Ordering Charge shall apply regardless of whether the service is ordered on a line, trunk, or busy hour minute of capacity basis.

(2) Installation Charge

This charge applies per line or trunk installed. For switched access services ordered on a busy hour minute of capacity basis, the Installation Charge is applied only when the capacity ordered requires the installation of an additional trunk from the first point of switching to the customer designated premises.

All nonrecurring charges (NRCs) for service connection are waived when a customer converts trunks from tandem-switched to direct-trunked or from direct-trunked to tandem-switched. NRCs are also waived if a customer orders the discontinuance of overprovisioned trunks. Waiver of these NRCs will continue through June 30, 1995.

(B) Service Rearrangements

The ASR Ordering Charge described in (A)(1) preceding will apply on an ASR basis for changes to existing services other than changes involving administrative activities. Changes to existing services include activities such as changes and/or additions in optional features, the combination or splitting of FGA hunt groups, and moves of the point of termination within the same building. The ASR Ordering Charge will also apply to the addition of Calling Party Number (CPN) Parameter, Carrier Selection Parameter (CSP), and Charge Number (CN) Parameter, when ordered subsequent to the provision of SS7 Out of Band Signaling, and changes in FGD, 800, 888, and 900 Access signaling from multifrequency address signaling to SS7 Out of Band Signaling except as specified in 6.5.4(F).

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.4 Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

(B) Service Rearrangements

The ASR Ordering Charge described in (A)(1) preceding will apply on an ASR basis for changes to existing services other than changes involving administrative activities. Changes to existing services include activities such as changes and/or additions in optional features, the combination or splitting of FGA hunt groups, and moves of the point of termination within the same building. The ASR Ordering Charge will also apply to the addition of Calling Party Number (CPN) Parameter, Carrier Selection Parameter (CSP), and Charge Number (CN) Parameter when ordered subsequent to the provision of SS7 Out of Band Signaling, and changes in FGD, 800, 888, and 900 Access signaling from multifrequency address signaling to SS7 Out of Band Signaling except as specified in 6.5.4(F).

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.4 Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

(B) Administrative Changes (Cont'd)

Administrative changes will be made without charge(s) to the customer. Administrative changes are as follows:

- Change of customer name,
- Change of customer or customer's end user premises address when the change of address is not a result of a physical relocation of equipment,
- Change in billing date (name, address, or contact name or telephone number),
- Change of agency authorization,
- Change of customer circuit identification,
- Change of billing account number,
- Change of customer test line number,
- Change of customer or customer's end user contact name or telephone number, and
- Change of jurisdiction.

(C) Moves

A move involves a change in the physical location of one of the following:

- The point of termination at the customer's premises
- The customer's premises

The charges for the move are dependent on whether the move is to a new location within the same building or to a different building.

(1) Moves Within the Same Building

When the move is to a new location within the same building, the Telephone Company shall be responsible for the physical relocation of the Point of Termination and any associated Network Terminating Wire as outlined in applicable Telephone Company operating practices. The charge for the move will be the Switched Access Ordering Charge as set forth in (A)(1) preceding. There will be no change in the minimum period requirements.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.4 Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

(C) Moves (Cont'd)

(2) Moves to a Different Building

Moves to a different building will be treated as a discontinuance and start of service and the Telephone Company shall provide a physical Point of Termination and any necessary Network Terminating Wire located at the new building as outlined in applicable Telephone Company operating practices. All associated nonrecurring charges will apply per service. New minimum period requirements will be established for the new service. The customer will also remain responsible for satisfying all outstanding minimum period charges for the discontinued service.

(D) NXX Translation Nonrecurring Charge

The NXX Translation Nonrecurring Charge, as set forth in 6.6 following, shall apply to each 900 NXX code activated or deactivated in a Telephone Company switch capable of performing the customer identification function for 900 Access Service. The total nonrecurring charge per customer order shall be determined by multiplying the number of switches in which the Telephone Company must activate or deactivate the NXX code within the serving area specified by the customer's order times the appropriate nonrecurring charge. Separate nonrecurring charges apply to the activation or deactivation of the first NXX code contained in a customer's order and to the activation or deactivation of each additional NXX code contained in the same order. In addition, the Switched Access Ordering charge, as set forth in 6.5.4(A)(1) preceding will apply per ASR submitted for the activation or deactivation of NXX codes.

(E) Change of Feature or BSA Group Type

Changes from one type of Feature Group or BSA to another will be treated as a discontinuance of one type of service and a start of another and new minimum period obligations will be established. Nonrecurring charges will apply, with one exception.

When a customer orders the conversion of FGA to BSA-A, FGB to BSA-B, FGC to BSA-C, or the conversion of FGD to BSA-D at the same first point of switching and without the addition of BSEs not comparable to any optional arrangements already included with the feature group to be converted, the Ordering Charge will not apply for a period of 180 days' from the effective date of this Tariff.

When a customer upgrades a FGA, FGB, BSA-A or BSA-B service to a Feature Group D or BSA-D service, and when Feature Group C or BSA-C is upgraded to Feature Group D or BSA-D coincident with the availability of Feature Group D or BSA-D in an end office the nonrecurring charge will not apply and minimum period obligations will not change if the following conditions are met:

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.4 Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

(E) Change of Feature Group Type (Cont'd)

(1) The same customer premises is maintained, and

(2) The customer submits a disconnect order for FGA, FGB, BSA-A or BSA-B within 30 days after the customer is notified by the Telephone Company as to the results of the final Presubscription allocation of end users to the customer. Further, the customer must request an effective date for the disconnect orders within 60 days after the Telephone Company has notified the customer of the results of the final Presubscription allocation.

(F) Signaling System 7 (SS7) Out of Band Signaling

(1) (Reserved for Future Use)

(2) The Switched Access Ordering Charge will apply for a change in FGD or BSA-D switched access and 800/877/888 Access signaling from multifrequency address signaling to SS7 Out of Band Signaling.

(3) The Switched Access Ordering Charge will not apply if Calling Party Number (CPN) Parameter, Carrier Selection Parameter (CSP), and/or Charge Number (CN) Parameter are ordered at the same time as SS7 Out of Band Signaling is ordered in conjunction with FGD or BSA-D. The ASR Ordering Charge will apply if these optional features are ordered subsequent to the provision of SS7 Out of Band Signaling.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(A) Measurement and Determination of Access Minutes

Customer traffic to end offices will be measured (i.e., recorded) by the Telephone Company at end office switches or access tandem switches. Originating and terminating calls will be measured by the Telephone Company, as set forth in (B) through (F) following to determine the basis for computing chargeable access minutes. The Customer's facilities shall provide the necessary on-hook, off-hook, answer and disconnect supervision.

For terminating calls over FGA, FGB, FGC, BSA-A, BSA-B, BSA-C to 500, 800, 877, 888 or 900, and FGD or BSA-D and for originating calls over FGA, FGB, FGD, BSA-A, BSA-B, BSA-D and 500 Access Service, 800/877/888 Access Service or 900 Access Service from equal access offices, the measured minutes are the chargeable access minutes. For originating calls over FGC or BSA-C and 500 Access Service, 800/877/888 Access Service and 900 Access Service from nonequal access offices, chargeable originating access minutes are derived from recorded minutes as set forth in (D) following. When assumed minutes are used, the assumed minutes are the chargeable access minutes as set forth in (G) following. When mixed interstate and intrastate interLATA Switched Access Service is provided the percent of intrastate interLATA usage is determined as set forth in (H) following.

For FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D access minutes or fractions thereof, the exact value of the fraction being a function of the switch technology where the measurement is made, are accumulated over the billing period for each end office, and are then rounded up to the nearest access minute for each end office.

For FGA and BSA-A access minutes or fraction thereof, the exact value of the fraction being a function of the switch technology where the measurement is made, are accumulated over the billing period of each line or hunt group, and are then rounded up to the nearest access minute for each line or hunt group.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(B) Feature Group A and BSA-A Usage Measurement

For originating calls over FGA and BSA-A, usage measurement begins upon acknowledgment from the customer.

The measurement of originating call usage over FGA or BSA-A ends when the originating FGA or BSA-A entry switch receives an on-hook supervisory signal from either the originating end user's end office, indicating the originating end user has disconnected, or the customer's point of termination, which ever is recognized first by the entry switch.

For terminating calls over FGA or BSA-A, usage measurement begins when the terminating FGA or BSA-A entry switch receives an off-hook supervisory signal from the terminating end user's end office, indicating the terminating end user has answered.

The measurement of terminating call usage over FGA or BSA-A ends when the terminating FGA or BSA-A entry switch receives an on-hook supervisory signal from either the terminating end user's end office, indicating the terminating end user has disconnected, or the customer's point of termination, whichever is recognized first by the entry switch.

(C) Feature Group B and BSA-B Usage Measurement

For originating calls over FGB and BSA-B, usage measurement begins when the originating FGB or BSA-B entry switch receives answer supervision forwarded from the customer's point of termination, indicating the customer's equipment has answered.

The measurement of originating call usage over FGB or BSA-B ends when the originating FGB or BSA-B entry switch receives disconnect supervision from either the originating end user's end office, indicating the originating end user has disconnected, or the customer's point of termination, whichever is recognized first by the entry switch.

For terminating calls over FGB or BSA-B, usage measurement begins when the terminating FGB or BSA-B entry switch receives answer supervision from the terminating end user's end office, indicating the terminating end user has answered.

The measurement of terminating call usage over FGB or BSA-B ends when the terminating FGB or BSA-B entry switch receives disconnect supervision from either the terminating end user's end office, indicating the terminating end user has disconnected, or the customer's point of termination, which ever is recognized first by the entry switch.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(D) Feature Group C and BSA-C Usage Measurement

For originating calls over FGC and BSA-C, usage measurement begins when the originating FGC or BSA-C entry switch receives answer supervision from the customer's point of termination, indicating the called party has answered.

The measurement of originating call usage over FGC and BSA-C ends when the originating FGC or BSA-C entry switch receives disconnect supervision from either the originating end user's end office, indicating the originating end user has disconnected, or the customer's point of termination, whichever is recognized first by the entry switch.

For originating calls over FGC and BSA-C, chargeable access minute are calculated as follows:

Step 1: Obtain recorded originating minutes and messages (measured as set forth in (C) following from the appropriate recording data.)

Step 2: Obtain the total attempts by dividing the originating measured messages by the completion ratio. Completion ratios (CR) are obtained separately for the major call categories such as DDD, operator, 500, 800, 888 or 900, and directory assistance from a sample study which analyzes the ultimate completion status of the total attempts which receive acknowledgment from the customer. That is, Measured Messages divided by Completion Ratio equals Total Attempts.

Step 3: Obtain the total non-conversation time additive (NCTA) by multiplying the total attempts (obtained in Step 2) by the NCTA per attempt ratio. The NCTA per attempt ratio is obtained from the sample study identified in Step 2 by measuring the non-conversation time associated with both completed and incompleted attempts. The total NCTA is the time on a completed attempt from customer acknowledgment of receipt of call to called party answer (set up and ringing) plus the time on an incompleted attempt from customer acknowledgment of call until the access tandem or end office receives a disconnect signal (ring - no answer, busy or network blockage). That is, Total Attempts times Non-Conversation Time per Attempt Ratio equals Total NCTA.

Step 4: Obtain total chargeable originating access minutes by adding the total NCTA (obtained in Step 3) to the recorded originating measured minutes (obtained in Step 1). That is, Measured Minutes plus NCTA equals Chargeable Originating Access Minutes.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(D) Feature Group C and BSA-C Usage Measurement (Cont'd)

Following is an example which illustrates how the chargeable originating access minutes are derived from the measured originating minutes using this formula.

Where: Measured Minutes (M. Min.)	= 7,000
Measured Messages (M. Mes.)	= 1,000
Completion Ration (CR)	= .75
NCTA per Attempt	= .4

(1) Total Attempts = 1,000 (M. Mes.) = 1,333.33

(2) Total NCTA = .4 (NCTA per Attempt) x 1,333.33 = 533.33

(3) Total Chargeable Originating Access Minutes =
7,000 (M. Min) + 533.33 (NCTA) = 7,533.33

For terminating calls over FGC and BSA-C to services other than 500, 800, 888, 900 or Directory Assistance, terminating FGC or BSA-C usage is not directly measured at the terminating entry switch, but is imputed from the originating service usage, excluding usage from calls to 500, 800, 888, 900 or Directory Assistance Services.

For terminating calls over FGC or BSA-C to 500, 800, 888 or 900 Service, usage measurement begins when the terminating FGC or BSA-C entry switch receives answer supervision from the terminating end user's end office, indicating the terminating 500, 800, 888 or 900 Service end user has answered.

The measurement of terminating call usage over FGC or BSA-C to 500, 800, 888 or 900 Service ends when the terminating FGC or BSA-C entry switch receives an on-hook supervisory signal from the terminating end user's end office, indicating the terminating 500, 800, 888 or 900 Service end user has disconnected, or from the customer's point of termination, whichever is recognized first by the entry switch.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(E)(1) Feature Group D and BSA-D Usage Measurement

For originating calls over FGD and BSA-D with multifrequency (MF) signaling, usage measurement begins when the originating FGD or BSA-D entry switch receives the first wink supervisory signal forwarded from the customer's point of termination.

For originating calls over FGD or BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling, usage measurement for direct trunks begins when the FGD or BSA-D first point of switching sends an Initial Address Message. Usage measurement for tandem trunks begins when the FGD or BSA-D first point of switching receives an Exit Message.

The measurement of originating call usage over FGD or BSA-D with MF signaling ends when the originating FGD or BSA-D entry switch receives disconnect supervision from either the originating end user's end office, indicating the originating end user has disconnected, or the customer's point of termination, whichever is recognized first by the entry switch.

The measurement of originating call usage over FGD or BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling ends when a Release Message is sent or received by the originating end user's end office, whichever occurs first.

The terminating calls over FGD and BSA-D with MF signaling, or FGD and BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling, the measurement of access minutes begins when the terminating FGD or BSA-D entry switch receives answer supervision from the terminating end user's end office, indicating the terminating end user has answered.

The measurement of terminating call usage over FGD and BSA-D with MF signaling ends when the terminating FGD or BSA-D entry switch receives disconnect supervision from either the terminating end user's end office, indicating the terminating end user has disconnected, or the customer's point of termination, whichever is recognized first by the entry switch.

The measurement of terminating call usage over FGD and BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling ends when the FGD or BSA-D first point of switching receives or sends a Release Message, whichever occurs first.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(E) (2) FGD and BSA-D Switched Access Service with 950-XXXX

When a customer orders FGD or BSA-D Switched Access Service with 950-XXXX Access, as described in 6.3.2(AA), to be included with the installation of new FGD or BSA-D switched access facilities, appropriate Switched Access Installation Charges and Switched Access Ordering Charges will apply for the installation of the new FGD or BSA-D switched access facilities.

When a customer orders FGD or BSA-D Switched Access Service with 950-XXXX Access to be added to an existing FGD or BSA-D switched access service, only the Switched Access Ordering Charge and the Design Charge will apply for the addition of this optional end office service arrangement.

(F) 500, 800, 888 and 900 Access Service Usage Measurement

For originating calls over 500, 800, 888 and 900 Access Service with MF signaling, usage measurement begins when the originating 500, 800, 888 or 900 Access Service entry switch receives answer supervision from the customer's point of termination, indicating the called party has answered.

For originating calls over 500, 800, 888 and 900 Access Service using SS7 Out of Band Signaling, usage measurement for direct trunks begins when the first point of switching sends an Initial Address Message. Usage measurement for tandem trunks begins when the first point of switching receives an Exit Message.

The measurement of originating call usage over 500, 800, 888 and 900 Access Service with MF Signaling ends when the originating 500, 800, 888 or 900 Access Service entry switch receives disconnect supervision from either the originating end user's end office, or the customer's point of termination, whichever is recognized first by the entry switch.

The measurement of originating call usage over 500, 800, 888 and 900 Access Service with SS7 Out of Band Signaling ends when a Release Message is sent or received by the originating end user's end office, whichever occurs first.

(G) Assumed Minutes of Use

Assumed minutes are used where measurement capability does not exist for FGA, FGB, BSA-A or BSA-B services and are applied on a per line or per trunk basis, as appropriate. The application of assumed minutes of use for FGA and FGB is set forth in (1) and (2) following.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(G) Assumed Minutes of Use (Cont'd)

(1) Where originating and terminating measurement capability does not exist for a FGA or BSA-A service arranged for two way calling, the number of assumed access minutes as set forth under the 2-Way total will apply per line. Where measurement capability exists for either originating or terminating usage, but not both, on a line arranged for two way calling, the number of access minutes per line will be the number of assumed access minutes as set forth under the "2-Way" total in 6.6 following or the measured usage, whichever is greater.

Where a FGA or BSA-A service is arranged for either originating calling only or terminating calling only, the number of assumed access minutes as set forth under "Originating" or "Terminating" in 6.6 following, as appropriate, will apply per line.

Where measurement capability does not exist for FGA or BSA-A service, the originating and/or terminating CCL rate as set forth in Section 3.7 preceding will be applied based on the directionality of the line, (i.e., originating or terminating). For lines arranged for two-way calling, other than those arranged for foreign exchange service, 53% of the "two-way" surrogate will be used to apply the originating CCL rate and 47% of the "two-way" surrogate will be used to apply the terminating CCL rate. For FGA or BSA-A service arranged to provide a foreign exchange service, the terminating CCL rate shall apply to all originating and terminating assumed minutes of use.

Where originating and terminating measurement capability does not exist for FGB or BSA-B service provided to an end office switch or access tandem, the number of access minutes will be the "2-Way" assumed minutes of use as set forth in 6.6 following, per trunk per month when the trunk is arranged for two way calling. Where measurement capability exists for either originating or terminating usage, but not both, on a trunk arranged for two way calling, the number of access minutes per trunk per month will be the "2-Way" assumed minutes of use or the measured usage whichever is greater.

Where a FGB or BSA-B service is arranged for either originating calling only or terminating calling only, the "Originating Only," or "Terminating Only" assumed minutes of use, as set forth in 6.6 following, will apply per trunk per month for trunks arranged for originating calling only or terminting calling only.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(G) Assumed Minutes of Use (Cont'd)

(2) (Cont'd)

Where originating or terminating measurement capability does not exist for FGB or BSA-B service provided to an access tandem, the number of assumed access minutes will be allocated to each subtending end office for the purposes of applying Local Transport charges. This usage allocation will be based on the ratio of the number of subscriber lines in each end office to the total number of subscriber lines in the FGB or BSA-B Access Area.

(H) Jurisdictional Report Requirements

(1) Jurisdictional Reports

(a) Percent Interstate Usage (PIU)

(1) When the Company receives sufficient call detail to permit it to determine the jurisdiction of some or all originating and terminating access minutes of use, the Company will use that call detail to render bills for those minutes of use and will not use customer reported Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) factors to determine the jurisdiction of those minutes of use.

The Company will apply the PIU factor, either provided by the customer or as set forth in section (a)(2) or (1)(c), only to minutes of use for which the Company does not have sufficient call detail to determine jurisdiction. The customer-provided PIU factor will be used until the customer provides an updated PIU factor as set forth in (1)(c) following. No prorating or back billing will be done based on the updated report.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(H) Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(1) Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

(a) Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) (Cont'd)

(1) (Cont'd)

There may be some portion of terminating minutes where it is not possible to know, and therefore to send, the needed originating number information. A "floor" of 7.00 percent (%) will be set for terminating minutes lacking originating number for all switched access customers.

(a) When the percentage of terminating traffic without sufficient call detail to determine jurisdiction does not exceed the sum of the floor plus a 2.00 percent (%) grace threshold or 9.00 percent (%), the Company will apply the PIU factor, either provided by the customer or as set forth in section (1)(b).

(b) When the percentage is greater than 9.00 percent (%), the Company will assess rates from this tariff on all minutes exceeding the floor. For example, if 30 percent (%) of a customer's terminating minutes sent to the Company do not contain sufficient originating information to allow the Company to determine the originating location, then the Company would apply the provisions of this tariff to those minutes exceeding the "floor", or 23.00 percent (%) in this example.

In the event that the Company applies rates to terminating calls without originating number information as provided in this tariff, customers will have the opportunity to request backup documentation of the Company's basis for such application, and further request that the Company change the application of the intrastate access rate upon a showing of why the intrastate rate should not be applied.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(H) Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(1) Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

(a) Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) (Cont'd)

(2) When the customer initially orders Switched Access Service(s) the customer will state in its order (Access Service Request) a Percent Interstate Usage factor. This factor will be used by the Company as the customer-provided PIU factor until the customer provides updated PIU factors as required in (1)(c) following. For each service listed below, the customer may provide separate PIU factors in accordance with (1) and (3).

- Feature Group A (FGA) Switched Access Service Notes 1, 2
- Feature Group B (FGB) Switched Access Service Notes 1, 2
- Feature Group C (FGC) Switched Access Service Notes 1, 2
- Feature Group D (FGD) Switched Access Service Notes 1, 2
- Basic Serving Arrangement A (BSA–A) Notes 1, 2, 3
- Basic Serving Arrangement B (BSA-B) Notes 1, 2, 3
- Basic Serving Arrangement C (BSA-C) Notes 1, 2, 3
- Basic Serving Arrangement D (BSA-D) Notes 1, 2, 3
- 500 Access Services Notes 1, 2
- 700 Access Services Notes 1, 2
- Toll Free Services Notes 1, 2, 4
- 900 Access Services Notes 1, 2

NOTE 1: The PIU factors will be apply to all associated elements and services, e.g. Carrier Common Line, End Office Switching, Information Surcharge, Interconnection Charge, End Office Dedicated Trunk Port, Access Tandem Dedicated Trunk Port, Shared Trunk Port and, if applicable, Tandem Switched Transport and Tandem Switching minutes of use.

NOTE 2: The PIU factor for Switched Access services must be provided by the customer of record when used in conjunction with Collocation Services as described in Section 18 or used in conjunction with Tandem Switch Signaling.

NOTE 3: When determining the jurisdiction of Switched Access traffic provided via a BSA or Basic Service Element (BSE) and the intrastate equivalent of the BSA or BSE is only available on a bundled feature group basis, intrastate usage will be prorated to the bundled intrastate feature group equivalent of the BSA.

Note 4: "Toll Free" service includes any access service which utilizes the following NPAs: 800, 888, 877, 866, 855, 844, 833, and 822 as they become available to the industry.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(H) Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(1) Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

(a) Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) (Cont'd)

(2) (Cont'd)

When a customer submits an order for Switched Access services, the customer must state the PIU factor on a statewide, LATA ,or billing account number (BAN) level.

When the customer provides PIU factors, the Company will subtract the developed PIU factor from 100 and the difference is the percent intrastate usage. The sum of the interstate and intrastate percentages will equal 100 percent. The customer may only provide a PIU factor that is a whole number (a number from 0 to 100).

Where the customer provides access services to other carriers, the customer will develop its projected PIU factor based upon a weighted average of the PIUs of its own and of the other carriers' end user traffic in accordance with the procedures described below.

(3) For purposes of developing the projected interstate percentage for Feature Group C (or BSA-C) and Feature Group D (or BSA-D), the customer shall consider every call that originates from a calling party in one state and terminates to a called party in a different state to be interstate communications. The customer shall consider every call that terminates to a called party within the same state as the state where the calling party is located to be intrastate communications. The manner in which a call is routed through the telecommunications network does not affect the jurisdiction of a call, i.e., a call between two points within the same state is an intrastate call even if it is routed through another state.

For Feature Group A (or BSA-A) and Feature B (or BSA-B), pursuant to Federal Communications Commission order FCC 85-145 adopted April 16, 1985, interstate usage is to be developed as though every call that enters a customer network at a point within the same state as that in which the called station is situated is an intrastate communication and every call that enters a customer's network at a point in a state other than that where the called station is situated is an interstate communication.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(H) Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(1) Jurisdictional Reports

(b) Entrance Facilities and Direct-Trunked Transport Facilities

The Company will develop a PIU factor to apply to Entrance Facility and Direct-Trunked Transport rate elements when sufficient call detail exists. The Company will apply the PIU factor provided by the customer as set forth in (1)(c) only when the Company does not have sufficient data to develop a PIU factor.

A customer may provide a separate PIU factor for each rate element (Entrance Facility, Direct-Trunked Transport) at a Billing Account Number or higher reporting level reflecting the originating and terminating traffic of all Switched Access services that use such facilities. A consolidated PIU factor for all Entrance Facility and Direct-Trunked Transport elements may be provided at the option of the customer if such PIU is representative of the actual interstate use of the service.

(c) Jurisdictional Report Updates

The customer may update the interstate and intrastate jurisdictional reports on a quarterly basis. The reports will be based on the prior three months and will be due within fifteen days after the end of the quarter beginning with the completion of the first full quarter of service. In the event that the Company does not have sufficient data to rely on actual call detail or to develop a PIU factor, these factors will be applied to activity dated on or after the first day of the next calendar month, which begins at least 15 business days after the day on which the revised report or letter is received.

If the revised factors represent what the Telephone Company considers to be a substantial deviation (a deviation of 5 (five) percentage points or more for the preceding twelve calendar months is a substantial deviation) from the customer's previously reported factors and cannot be attributed to seasonal changes or other identifiable reasons, the Telephone Company will request a Jurisdictional Report Verification of the factors as set forth in 6.5 (H)(3) following.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(H) Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(1) Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

(c) Jurisdictional Report Updates (Cont'd)

When the Telephone Company does not have sufficient data to rely on actual call detail or to develop a PIU factor, the revised report or letter will serve as the basis for the next three months' billing and will be effective on the bill date for that service. If the customer does not supply an updated quarterly report or letter, the Company will assume the customer-provided PIU factors to be the same as those provided in the last quarterly report or letter accepted by the Company.

For those cases in which a quarterly report or letter has never been received from the customer, the Company will assume the customer-provided PIU factors to be the same as provided in the order for service.

A customer may file jurisdictional reports aggregating usage at a statewide, LATA, or Billing Account Number (BAN) level.

(2) Maintenance of Customer Records

The customer shall retain for a minimum of twelve months call detail records that substantiate the interstate percent provided to the Company as set forth in (1) preceding for switched access service. Such records shall consist of (a) and (b) following, if applicable:

(a) All call detail records such as work papers and/or backup documentation including paper, magnetic tapes or any other form of records for billed customer traffic, call information including call originating and terminating address (i.e., calling, called number), the call duration, all originating and terminating trunk groups or access lines over which the call is routed, and the point at which the call enters the customer's network and;

(b) If the customer has a mechanized system in place that calculated the PIU factor, then a description of that system and the methodology used to calculate the PIU factor must be furnished and any other pertinent information (such as but not limited to flowcharts, source code, etc.) relating to such system must also be made available.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(H) Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(3) Jurisdictional Reports Verification

The Company may request the customer to verify their jurisdictional reports. The customer shall keep records of call detail from which the percentage of interstate and intrastate use can be ascertained. The Company will request the customer to provide the records of call detail and other information (as specified in (2) preceding), used to determine the percentage of interstate and intrastate use. No more than one verification request will be made per year.

(a) If the PIU factors filed by the customer cannot be validated by the data provided, and the data provided by the customer is sufficient to calculate a PIU factor different than the customer's reported PIU factor, the Telephone Company will use these records to:

(1) Revise the customer's PIU factor.

(2) Calculate the interstate and intrastate access charges that should have been billed to the customer for the prior period specified in (2) preceding that the inaccurate PIUs had been used and debit or credit the customer for the difference between the charges that should have been billed with the revised PIU and the charges that were billed.

(b) The customer shall supply the data to the Telephone Company within 30 days of the Telephone Company request. The Telephone Company will request data for the four prior quarters unless a shorter period is requested by the customer and agreed to by the Telephone Company.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(H) Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(3) Jurisdictional Reports Verification (Cont'd)

(c) If the customer fails to supply data (as specified in (2) preceding) within 45 calendar days of the Company's request, sufficient for the Company to substantiate or determine PIU factors, then:

(1) The Company will apply a default PIU factor of 50% to the traffic for which the Company does not have sufficient call detail to determine the jurisdiction of the traffic ("unknown jurisdiction" usage) (i.e., 50% of the unknown jurisdiction usage will be billed under the interstate jurisdiction and 50% of the unknown jurisdiction usage will be billed under the intrastate tariff) in lieu of the PIU factors last submitted by the customer.

(2) The Company will apply the default PIU factor to all future access minutes of use with unknown jurisdiction beginning with the first bill date following the 45 calendar day period during which the customer was to submit the records of call detail requested by the Company. The application of the default PIU factor will continue until the customer provides the Company with records of call detail or other data that are sufficient for the Company to substantiate the customer-provided PIU factors.

(4) Contested Jurisdictional Reports

If the Company determines that the customer-provided PIUs are inaccurate, after reviewing the data provided by the customer, then Company will report the results of the analysis to the customer by Certified U.S. Mail (return receipt requested). The Company will request that the customer provide updated PIU factors consistent with those contained in the Company's report.

If the Company applies the revised or default PIU factor to the Customer's account as provided in (3) preceding in lieu of the customer-provided PIU factor, the customer may contest application of the default PIU by providing written notification, by Certified U.S. Mail (return receipt requested), to the Company within thirty (30) calendar days from the date that the Company provides notice to the customer of its decision to apply the revised or default PIU. The customer may request that the dispute be resolved by a neutral arbitrator mutually agreed upon by the Company and the customer. Arbitration is an option provided in addition to the customer's existing right to file a complaint or legal action in a court of law or at the South Carolina Public Service Commission for resolution of the dispute. The arbitration hearing will be conducted in South Carolina within the Company's operating territory where the customer maintains its principal place of business or at a location within the Company's operating territory that is mutually agreed upon by both parties. The arbitration procedures shall be governed by the law (both statutory and case) of South Carolina, including, but not limited to, the Uniform Arbitration Act, as adopted in South Carolina. The arbitrator shall determine the customer's PIU for each state for each category of traffic based on the standards in (1) preceding.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.5 Determination of Access Minutes (Cont'd)

(H) Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(4) Contested Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

Prior to the arbitration hearing, each party shall notify the arbitrator of the PIU factor(s) which that party believes to be correct. The arbitrator, in deciding, may adopt the PIU percentage of either party or may adopt a PIU different from those proposed by the parties. If the arbitrator adopts a PIU proposed by one of the parties, the other party (whose PIU was not adopted) shall pay all costs of the arbitration. If the arbitrator adopts a PIU percentage higher than either of the PIU proposed by the parties, then the party proposing the lower PIU shall pay all costs of the arbitration. If the arbitrator adopts a PIU lower than either of the PIU proposed by the parties, then the party proposing the higher PIU shall pay all costs of the arbitration. If the arbitrator adopts a PIU which falls between the two percentages adopted by the parties, then the parties shall each pay one-half of the arbitration costs.

The PIU factor(s) for each category of traffic determined by the arbitrator will be applied by the Company to all future access minutes of use with unknown jurisdiction from that customer in South Carolina until the customer provides the Company with records of call detail or other data that are sufficient for the Company to substantiate the customer-provided PIU factors.

Absent the customer's written notification, within the timeframe noted above, the customer must comply with the provisions set forth in (2) and (3) preceding. If the customer fails to comply with these provisions, the customer will be in violation of this Tariff and the Company may refuse additional applications for service and/or refuse to complete any and all pending orders for service or may discontinue the provision of services to the customer as specified in Section 2.1.8 preceding.

The Company retains the right to pursue any and all other legal remedies, whether in addition to, or in lieu of, the above procedures, to recover any under-billed switched access charges associated with incorrect customer-provided PIU factors under the applicable interstate or intrastate tariffs.

6.5.6 Reserved for future use

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.7 Minimum Periods and Charges

(A) Minimum Periods

Switched Access Service is provided for a minimum period of one month.

(B) Minimum Monthly Charge

Switched Access Service is subject to a minimum monthly charge. The minimum charge applies for the total capacity of service provided.

For all Switched Access Arrangements, the minimum monthly charge is the sum of the Local Switching, Local Transport and Information Surcharge charges set forth in 6.6 following and the Carrier Common Line charges set forth in 3.7 preceding for the measured or assumed usage for the month.

6.5.8 Application of Rates for FGA and BSA-A Extension Service

(A) For calls established on a 1+ or expanded seven digit measured calling basis, outside the specific FGA or BSA-A Access Area, however inside the LATA, in conjunction with terminating FGA or BSA-A traffic to an end office, the following rates apply:

- for each access minute, the rates per access minute for Local Switching and the Information Surcharge.

- for each access minute, the Tandem-Switched Transport Facility rate per access minute per airline mile and the Tandem-Switched Transport-Termination per access minute per termination.

When the serving wire center of the customer's premises is the dial tone office, the Tandem-Switched Transport-Facility rate is applicable and mileage is measured from the serving wire center (i.e., the dial tone office) of the customer's premises to the end office.

When the serving wire center of the customer's premises is not the dial tone office, the Direct-Trunked Transport rate is applicable for mileage measured between the serving wire center of the customer's premises and the dial tone office. The Tandem-Switched Transport-Facility rate is applicable for mileage measured between the dial tone office and the end office.

The Tandem-Switching rate is not applicable for Extended FGA or BSA-A terminating traffic.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.8 Application of Rates for FGA and BSA-A Extension Service (Cont'd)

(B) When FGA or BSA-A terminating traffic is extended outside the LATA, Switched Access rate elements will be billed to the FGA or BSA-A customer for the terminating interLATA access function provided via the FGA or BSA-A connection, and Switched Access rate elements will be billed to the IC providing the interLATA service to the FGA or BSA-A customer for the originating interLATA access function.

(C) Rates for FGA and BSA-A calls terminated to NXXs outside the FGA or BSA-A Access Area as set forth in the preceding paragraphs are in addition to the applicable FGA and BSA-A rates charged within the FGA or BSA-A Access Area for each such call.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.10 Network Blocking Charge for Feature Group D and BSA-D

In the event that a customer's FGD or BSA-D trunk group blocking threshold stated below is exceeded, the customer will be notified by the Telephone Company to increase its capacity (busy hour minutes of capacity or quantities of trunks) when excessive trunk group blocking occurs on groups carrying Feature Group D or BSA-D traffic and the measured access minutes for that hour exceed the capacity purchased. The blocking thresholds are predicted on time consistent, hourly measurements over a 30 day period excluding Saturdays, Sundays and national holidays. If the order for additional capacity has not been received by the Telephone Company within 15 days of the notification, the Telephone Company will bill the customer, for each overflow in excess of the blocking threshold when (1) the average "30 day period" overflow exceeds the threshold level for any particular hour and (2) the "30 day period" measured average originating or two-way usage for the same clock hour exceeds the capacity ordered.

Blocking Thresholds

Trunks in Service	1%	1/2%
1-2	.070	.045
3-4	.050	.035
5-6	.040	.025
7 or greater	.030	.030

The 1% blocking threshold is for transmission paths carrying traffic direct (without an alternate route) between an end office and a customer's premises. The 1/2% blocking threshold is for transmission paths carrying first routed traffic between an end office and a customer's premises via an access tandem.

6.5.11 Shared Use Facilities

When a Special Access service and Switched Access service is provided over the same Wideband Analog or High Capacity facility through a common interface, the facility will be considered as part of the Special Access Service, and will be ordered, provided, and rated as set forth in 7.2.5 following.

Switched Access Service rates and charges will apply for each channel of the shared use facility that is used to provide a switched access service.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.5 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

6.5.15 Basic Service Elements (BSEs)

The ASR Ordering Charge will not apply when a customer orders BSEs in conjunction with the establishment of a Basic Serving Arrangement (BSA) or the conversion of a feature group to a BSA. The ASR Ordering Charge will apply to changes to or additions of BSEs associated with an established BSA. The application of monthly recurring charges or usage rates to BSEs are as follows.

(A) Alternate Traffic Routing - BSE

Nonrecurring charges in 6.6 apply per trunk group equipped.

(B) Automatic Number Identification (ANI) - (BSE)

Rates in 6.6 apply per ANI attempt.

(C) User Transfer - BSE

Monthly recurring charges in 6.6 apply per line arranged.

(D) Hunt Group Arrangement - BSE

Monthly recurring charges in 6.6 apply per line equipped.

(E) Queuing - BSE

Monthly recurring charges in 6.6 apply per group equipped.

(F) Uniform Call Distribution - BSE

Monthly recurring charges in 6.6 apply per line equipped.

(G) Simplified Message Desk Interface (SMDI) - BSE

Monthly recurring charges in 6.6 apply per DNAL.

(H) Remote Call Forwarding - BSE

Monthly recurring charges in 6.6 apply per line.

(I) Direct Inward Dialing (DID) - BSE

Monthly recurring charges as shown in 6.6 apply.

(J) Billed Number Screening (BNS) - BSE

Monthly recurring charges in 6.6 apply per line.

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.6 Switched Access Rates and Charges

(A) Local Switching - Bundled

Local Switching Per Access Minute
$.0104000

Local Switching - Unbundled - Circuit Switched Line

Local Switching Per Access Minute
$.0104000

Local Switching - Unbundled - Circuit Switched Trunk

Local Switching Per Access Minute
$.0104000

(B) Information Surcharge

Premium Rate Information Surcharge Per Access Minute
$.00000

(C) Entrance Facility - 2-Wire and 4-Wire Voicegrade

Service Installation Charge Per Entrance Facility	Entrance Facility - 2-Wire Voicegrade Monthly Rate	Entrance Facility - 4-Wire Voicegrade Monthly Rate
$210.66	$31.41	$50.26

(D) Entrance Facility - DS1

Service Installation Charge Per Entrance Facility	Entrance Facility - DS1 Monthly Rate
$1,596.89	$295.72

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6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.6 Switched Access Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(E) Entrance Facility - DS3

Service Installation Charge Per Entrance Facility	Entrance Facility - DS3 Monthly Rate
$4,281.41	$3,929.84

(F) Direct-Trunked Transport - Voicegrade

Direct-Trunked Transport - Mileage Voicegrade Per Mile, Per Month	Direct-Trunked Transport - Fixed Voicegrade Per Facility
$1.04	$35.75

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.6 Switched Access Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(G) Direct-Trunked Transport - DS1

Direct-Trunked Transport - Mileage	Direct-Trunked Transport - Fixed
DS1	DS1
Per Mile, Per Month	Per Facility
$21.67	$94.65

(H) Direct-Trunked Transport - DS3

Direct-Trunked Transport - Mileage	Direct-Trunked Transport - Fixed
DS1	DS1
Per Mile, Per Month	Per Facility
$93.59	$693.25

(I) Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility

Tandem-Switched Transport-Facility Per Access Minute, Per Airline Mile
$.000030

(J) Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination

Tandem-Switched Transport-Termination Per Access Minute, Per Termination
$.000150

(K) Tandem Switching Rate

Tandem-Switching Rate Per Access Minute
$.000000

(L) Interconnection Rate

Premium Rate Interconnection Rate Per Access Minute
$.00566020

6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

6.6 Switched Access Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(M) Multiplexing

DS1 to Voice

Service Installation Charge	Monthly Rate
$301.28	$190.64

DS3 to DS1

Service Installation Charge	Monthly Rate
$385.33	$493.07

(N) Miscellaneous Switched Access Rates and Charges

	Premium	Basic
800 Data Base Query Service - Per Query	$.0067	$.0067
	Per ASR	
ASR Ordering Charge	$ 35.17	
	Per Line or Trunk	
Installation Charge	$ 56.96	
	Per Call	
FGD Blocking Charge	$ .0080	
	1st NXX	Each Add'l NXX
NXX Translation Nonrecurring Charge Per Order	$ 41.60	$ 5.39

(O) Basic Service Elements (BSEs)

Alternate Traffic Routing - BSE

Premium Nonrecurring Rate Per Trunk Group Equipped
$71.94

Automatic Number Identification - (ANI) - BSE

Rate Per ANI Attempt
$0.00015

User Transfer - BSE

Monthly Rate Per Line Arranged
$1.21

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6. Switched Access Service (Cont'd)
6.6 Switched Access Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(O) Basic Service Elements (BSEs) (Cont'd)

Hunt Group Arrangement - BSE

Premium Monthly Rate Per Line Equipped
$53.57

Queuing - BSE

Premium Monthly Rate Per Group Equipped
$4.98

Uniform Call Distribution - BSE

Premium Monthly Rate Per Line Equipped
$5.36

Simplified Message Desk Interface (SMDI) - BSE

Premium Monthly Rate Per DNAL
$233.01

(P) Remote Call Forwarding

Premium Monthly Rate Per Line
$21.17

(Q) Direct Inward Dialing (DID)

Monthly Rate Per DID Term	Monthly Rate Per Block of 20 Numbers
$33.32	$15.68

(R) Billed Number Screening (BNS)

Monthly Rate Per Line
$1.00

(S) Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP)

Monthly Rate Per Trunk Group	Nonrecurring Charge Per CIC, Per Trunk Group to an Access Tandem	Nonrecurring Charge Per CIC, Per Trunk Group to an End Office
$ .46	$ 1,120.00	$ 80.00

(T) Switched Access Assumed Minutes of Use

	Originating Only	Terminating Only	2-Way
Feature Group A and BSA-A	2493	2210	4703
Feature Group B and BSA-B	5042	5042	5042

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7. Special Access Service

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service

Special Access Service provides a dedicated transmission path to connect customer designated premises*, either directly or through a Telephone Company hub where bridging or multiplexing functions are performed. Special Access Service may also be combined with Switched Access Services in the provision of a customer's intrastate communications service (e.g., WATS, 800, 888 or WATS-type Services). Interexchange carriers are allowed to utilize Telephone Company special access in the provisioning of IXC provided intraLATA interexchange foreign exchange and private line services. IntraLATA interexchange services must be ordered to the carrier's CDL. Special Access Service includes all exchange access not utilizing Telephone Company central office switches.

Certain Special Access Services listed in this section of the tariff may not be currently offered in all Telephone Company locations but may be provided upon customer request, on an individual case basis, if facilities can be made available with reasonable effort. The Telephone Company will work cooperatively with the Customer to provide the service on a timely basis.

7.1.1 Circuit Types

There are nine types of circuits used to provide Special Access Services:

- Metallic (MT)
- Telegraph Grade (TG)
- Voice Grade (VG)
- Program Audio (AP)
- Video (TV)
- Wideband Analog (WA)
- Wideband Data (WD)
- Digital Data (DA)
- High Capacity (HC)

These circuits can be either analog or digital. Analog circuits are differentiated by frequency spectrum and bandwidth. Digital connections are differentiated by bit rate.

Each of the nine circuits has its own characteristics. All of the circuit types are subdivided by one or more of the following:

- Transmission specifications,
- Bandwidth,
- Speed (i.e., bit rate),
- Spectrum

* Telephone Company Centrex CO-like switches are considered to be customer premises for purposes of this tariff.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1.1 Circuit Types (Cont'd)

The circuit descriptions set forth in this section specify the characteristics of the basic circuit and indicates whether the circuit is provided between customer designated premises or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub where bridging or multiplexing functions are performed, or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company WATS Serving Office.

Customers can order a basic circuit and select from a list of available technical specifications packages (customized or predefined), channel interfaces, and optional features to design a circuit which meets the Customer's specific communications needs. For purposes of ordering circuits, each has been identified as a type of Special Access circuit. However, such identification is not intended to limit a customer's use of the circuit, nor to imply that a circuit is limited to a particular use.

The optional features and functions available with each type of basic circuit are included in the individual service description sections following. The optional features and functions information also indicates with which technical specifications packages they are available.

When a customized circuit is ordered, the Telephone Company may determine that Additional Engineering is required to meet the customer's request for service. The customer will be notified whether Additional Engineering charges apply and will be given an estimate of the hours to be billed before any further action is taken on the order. Additional engineering charges are determined as set forth in 8.1 following.

7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1.2 Service Configurations

There are two types of service configurations over which Special Access Services are provided: two-point service and multipoint service.

Two-Point Service

(A)

A two-point service connects two customer designated premises, either on a directly connected basis or through a hub where multiplexing functions are performed. A Voice Grade Special Access Circuit may be provided as a two-point service connecting an end user premise and a Telephone Company switch when Special Access is used in conjunction with Switched Access as set forth in 6.3.2(T) for Switched Access Interface Arrangements.

All types of Special Access Service may be provided as two-point service.

The following diagram depicts an example of a two-point Voice Grade service connecting two customer designated premises located 15 miles apart. The service is provided with the optional feature of C-Type conditioning.

PREMISES PREMISES

CT - Circuit Termination
CM - Circuit Mileage
SWC - Serving Wire Center

Applicable rate elements are:

- Circuit Termination (2 applicable)
- Circuit Mileage (fixed rate plus rate per airline mile between SWC)
- C-Type Conditioning Optional Feature

In addition, a Special Access Surcharge and charges for additional Optional Features and Functions may apply.

7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1.2 Service Configurations (Cont'd)

(B) Multipoint Service

Multipoint service connects three or more customer designated premises through a Telephone Company hub (i.e., bridging locations). Only certain types of Special Access Service are provided as multipoint service. These are so designated in the Service Descriptions for the appropriate circuit.

The circuit between hubs on a multipoint service is a mid-link. There is no limitation on the number of mid-links, but the use of more than three mid-links in tandem may degrade the quality of multi-point facilities.

Multipoint service utilizing a customized technical specifications package, as set forth in 7.1.3, will be provided when technically possible.

When ordering, the customer will specify the desired bridging hub(s). National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff FCC No. 5 identifies serving wire centers, hub locations and the type of bridging functions available.

7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1.2 Service Configurations (Cont'd)

(B) Multipoint Service (Cont'd)

The following diagram depicts an example of a Voice Grade multipoint service connecting four customer premises via two customer specified bridging hubs.

PREMISES : : PREMISES

PREMISES PREMISES
C D

CT - Circuit Termination
CM - Circuit Mileage
B - Bridging
SWC - Serving Wire Center

Applicable rate elements are:
- Circuit Termination (4 applicable)
- Circuit Mileage (5 sections-fixed rate plus rate per mile between SWC)
- Bridging Optional Features (6 applicable, i.e., each bridge port)

In addition, the Special Access Surcharge, Message Station Equipment Recovery Charge, and charges for other Optional Features and Functions may be applicable.

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7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1.3 Technical Specifications Packages

Information pertaining to the technical specifications packages indicates the transmission parameters that are available with each package. This information is included in each individual service description section in 7.3 through 7.10 following, in a matrix format with the transmission parameters listed down the left side and the packages listed across the top. Each package is identified by a code, e.g., VGC. The first two letters of the code indicate the category of Special Access Service to which the parameters are applicable. These two letter codes are shown above in parentheses following the category of Special Access Service.

The letter "C" following the two letter code indicates the technical specifications package for a customized service. A numeric or alpha-numeric designation following the two letter code indicates the specific predefined package. For a customized service, the customer may select any parameters available with that category of service as long as the parameters are compatible. When appropriate, the Technical Reference which contains detailed specifications for the parameters is shown following the matrix.

All services installed after the effective date of this tariff will conform to the transmission specification standards contained in this tariff or in the following Technical References for each category of service:

Metallic PUB	TR-NPL-000336
Telegraph Grade	PUB TR-NPL-000336
Voice Grade	PUB TR-NPL-000335
	PUB 41004, Table 4
Program Audio	PUB TR-NPL-000337
Video PUB	TR-NPL-000338
Wideband Analog	PUB TR-NPL-000339
Wideband Data	PUB TR-NPL-000340
Digital Data	PUB TR-NPL-000341
	PUB 62310
High Capacity	PUB TR-NPL-000342
	PUB 62411
	PUB TR-NPL-000054

7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1.3 Technical Specifications Packages (Cont'd)

The Telephone Company will maintain existing transmission specifications on services installed prior to the effective date of this tariff, except that existing services with performance specifications exceeding the standards listed in this provision will be maintained at the performance levels specified in this tariff.

Customized technical specifications packages will be provided where technically feasible. If the Telephone Company determines that the requested parameter specifications are not compatible, the customer will be advised and given the opportunity to change the order.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1.4 Channel Interfaces

Channel interfaces at each point of termination on a two-point service may be symmetrical or asymmetrical. On a multipoint service they may also be symmetrical or asymmetrical, but communications can only be provided between compatible channel interfaces. Only certain channel interfaces are compatible. These are set forth in 9. following, in a combination format.

Only certain channel interface combinations are available with the predefined technical specifications packages. These are delineated in the Technical References set forth in 7.1.3 preceding. When a customized circuit is requested, all channel interface combinations available with the specified type of service are available with the customized circuit.

7.1.5 Alternate Use

Alternate Use occurs when a service is arranged by the Telephone Company so that the customer can select different types of transmission at different times. A customer may use a service in any privately beneficial manner. However, where technical or engineering changes are required to effectuate an alternate use, the Telephone Company will make such special arrangements available on an individual case basis.

The arrangement required to transfer the service from one operation to the other (i.e., the transfer relay and control leads) will be rated and provided on an individual case basis and filed in Section 12., Specialized Service or Arrangements. The customer will pay the stated tariff rates for the Access Service rate elements for the service ordered (i.e., Circuit Terminations, Circuit Mileage [as applicable] and Optional Features and Functions [if any].

7.1.6 Special Facilities Routing

A customer may request that the Special Access used be specially routed. The regulations, rates and charges for Special Facilities Routing are as set forth in Section 11. following.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1.7 Design Layout Report

At the customer request, the Telephone Company will provide the make-up of the facilities and services provided under this tariff as Special Access Service to aid the customer in designing its overall service. The information will be provided to the customer at no charge in the form of a Design Layout Report and will be reissued or updated whenever the described facilities are materially changed.

7.1.8 Acceptance Testing

At the customer's request, the Telephone Company will cooperatively test, at the time of installation and at no additional charge, the following parameters:

(A) For Voice Grade analog services, acceptance testing will include tests for loss, 3-tone slope, DC continuity, operational signaling, C-notched noise, and C-message noise as applicable according to the order for service. Voice Grade services acceptance testing will also include a balance (improved loss) test if the customer has ordered that optional feature.

(B) For services other than Voice Grade, acceptance tests will include tests for the parameters applicable to the service as specified by the customer in the order for service.

In addition to the above tests, Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing and Nonscheduled Testing, as described in 8.4 following, are available at the customer's request. All test results will be made available to the customer upon request.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1 Provision of Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.1.9 Jurisdictional Determination

(A) Special Access circuits carrying exclusively intrastate traffic will be provided in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of this tariff.

When mixed interstate and intrastate Special Access Service is provided, the jurisdiction will be determined as follows:

(1) If the customer's estimate of the interstate traffic on the circuit involved constitutes 10% or less of the total traffic on that circuit, the circuit will be provided in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of this tariff.

(2) If the customer's estimate of the interstate traffic on the circuit involved constitutes more than 10% of the total traffic on that circuit, the circuit will be provided in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the appropriate interstate tariff.

(B) If a billing dispute arises or a regulatory commission questions the reported jurisdiction, the Telephone Company will ask the customer to provide the information the customer uses to determine the jurisdiction of the circuit. The customer shall supply the information within 30 days of the Telephone Company request. The customer shall keep records of system design and functions from which the jurisdiction of its special access circuits can be ascertained. Upon request of the Telephone Company the customer shall make the records available for inspection as reasonably necessary for purposes of verification of the reported jurisdiction.

(C) Customer certification of the jurisdiction of special access circuits is accomplished by indicating the jurisdiction of the circuit (interstate or intrastate) on the Access Service Request. Customer certification of the jurisdiction of special access circuits in place as of the effective date of these revisions shall be provided to the Telephone Company in the form of written correspondence indicating the jurisdiction of each special access circuit.

(D) Customers reporting a change in the jurisdiction of special access circuits subject to individual case basis (ICB) rates and charges set forth in this tariff will not be subject to termination liability charges unless the change results in the termination of the service.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Application and Regulations

This section contains the specific regulations governing the rates and charges that apply for Special Access.

7.2.1 Rate Categories

The following rate categories apply to Special Access Service:

- Circuit Terminations
- Circuit Mileage
- Optional Features and Functions
- Nonrecurring Charges
- Special Access Surcharge

These rate categories are described in Sections 7.2.1.(A) through (E) following.

The following is Open Network Architecture (ONA) Special Access Basic Serving Arrangement which provides a cross-reference to the generic ONA product name.

Generic Name	New Communications Name
Dedicated Alert Transport	Alarm Signal Transport Service

The following is a list of Open Network Architecture (ONA) Special Access Basic Service Elements (BSEs) which provide a cross-reference to the generic ONA product names.

Generic Name	New Communications Name
Automatic Protection Switching	Automatic Loop Transfer
Bridging	Bridging
Conditioning	Conditioning
Multiplexing - Digital 2000	Multiplexing Arrangements

(A) Circuit Termination

The Circuit Termination rate category provides for the communications path between a customer designated premises and the serving wire center of that premises. Included as part of the Circuit Termination is a standard channel interface arrangement which defines the technical characteristics associated with the type of facilities to which the access service is to be connected at the Point of Termination (POT) and the type of signaling capability, if any. The signaling capabiity itself is provided as an optional feature as set forth in (C) following. One Circuit Termination charge applies per customer designated premises at which the circuit is terminated. This charge will apply even if the customer designated premises and the serving wire center are co-located in a Telephone Company building.

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Application and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.1 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

(A) Circuit Termination

Fractional T1 Service (FT1)

For Fractional T1 Service, Circuit Termination must be ordered as Fractional Circuit Termination in the same grouping (N x 56 Kbps or N x 64 Kbps where N = 2, 4, or 6) as the associated FT1 Circuit Termination.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Application and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.1 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

(B) Circuit Mileage

The Circuit Mileage rate category provides for the end office equipment and transmission facilities between serving wire centers and/or Telephone Company hubs. In addition, when Special Access is used in conjunction with Switched Access Service as set forth in Section 6.3.2(T) preceding for Combined Access Service Arrangements, and the end office serving the customer's end user premises is not capable of combining Switched and Special Access or is not a WATS Serving Office, Circuit Mileage is used to extend the Special Access Circuit to a WATS Serving Office or office capable of combining Switched and Special Access Services. The Circuit Mileage charge is composed of a flat monthly charge plus a rate per mile.

For Fractional T1 (FT1) service, Circuit Mileage must be ordered as Fractional Circuit Mileage in the same grouping (N x 56 or N x 64 Kbps where N = 2, 4, or 6) as the associated FT1 Circuit Terminations.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.1 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

(B) Circuit Mileage (Cont'd)

(1) Fixed Rate

The fixed rate component of Circuit Mileage is applied only once per Circuit Mileage facility and is also applied when two or more customer designated premises are served by a common serving wire center (i.e., mileage is zero). The Circuit Mileage-Fixed charge is applied in full whether the Telephone Company provides one or more than one circuit mileage facility terminations. The Circuit Mileage-Fixed rate does not apply when the Telephone Company provides only an intermediate portion of a circuit mileage facility and no circuit mileage facility terminations. When Special Access is used in conjunction with Switched Access where the customer's end user premises for the Special Access facility is served by a Telephone Company WATS Serving Office, the fixed rate does not apply.

(2) Per Mile Rate

The mileage to be used to determine the monthly rate for the per mile portion of Circuit Mileage is calculated on the airline distance between the serving wire centers associated with two customer designated premises, between a serving wire center associated with a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub, between two Telephone Company hubs, or between a Telephone Company end office and a WATS serving office. The serving wire center associated with a customer designated premises is the serving wire center from which this customer designated premises would normally receive dial tone. The methodology for mileage calculation and serving wire center V&H coordinates are specified in National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff FCC. No. 4. Where the calculated miles include a fraction, the value is always rounded up the next full mile.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.1 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

(B) Circuit Mileage (Cont'd)

(2) Per Mile Rate (Cont'd)

When hubs are involved, mileage is computed and rates applied separately for each section of the Circuit Mileage, i.e., customer designated premises serving wire center to hub, hub to hub and/or hub to customer designated premises serving wire center. However, when any service is routed through a hub for purposes other than customer specified bridging or multiplexing (e.g., the Telephone Company chooses to so route for test access purposes), rates will be applied only to the distance calculated between the serving wire centers associated with the customer designated premises.

When more than one Telephone Company is involved in the provision of Special Access Service, the mileage for the per mile component of Circuit Mileage for each Telephone Company is calculated as set forth in 2.4.7 preceding.

(C) Optional Features and Functions

Optional Features and Functions may be added to a basic circuit service to improve its quality or utility to meet the customer's specific communications requirements. These optional features and functions are identifiable with specific equipment, and represent the end result in terms of performance characteristics which may be obtained. These characteristics may be obtained by using various combinations of equipment. Although the equipment necessary to perform a specified function may be installed at various locations along the path of the service, they will be charged for a single rate element.

Descriptions for each of the available Optional Features and functions are set forth in Sections 7.3 through 7.11 following. Specific rate applications for multiplexing are set forth in 7.2.4 following.

(D) Nonrecurring Charge

Nonrecurring charges are one-time charges that apply for installation of Special Access Services, installation of optional features and functions, and moves and service rearrangements.

(1) Installation of Service

Nonrecurring charges apply to each service installed. The nonrecurring charges for the installation of service are applied per Circuit Termination.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.1 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

(D) Nonrecurring Charge (Cont'd)

(2) Installation of Optional Features and Functions

Nonrecurring charges apply for the installation of some of the optional features and functions available with Special Access Service. The charge applies whether the feature or function is installed coincident with the initial installation of service or at any time subsequent to the installation of the service.

The optional features for which non-recurring charges apply are:

- Voice Grade Data Capability
- Voice Grade Telephoto Capability
- Program Audio Gain Conditioning
- Program Audio Stereo
- Wideband Data Transfer Arrangement

(3) Moves

A move involves a change in the physical location of either the customer's premises or a point of termination at the customer's premises. The charges for the move are dependent on whether the move is to a new location within the same building or to a different building.

(a) Moves Within the Same Building

When the move is to a new location within the same building, the charge for the move will be an amount equal to one half of the nonrecurring (i.e., installation) charge for the service termination affected. There will be no change in the minimum period requirements.

(b) Moves to a Different Building

Moves to a different building will be treated as a discontinuance and a start of service and all associated nonrecurring charges will apply. New minimum period requirements will be established for the new services. The customer will also remain responsible for satisfying all outstanding minimum period charges for the discontinued service.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.1 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

(D) Nonrecurring Charge (Cont'd

(4) Service Rearrangements

Service rearrangements are changes to existing (installed) services which may be administrative only in nature, or that involve actual physical change to the service. Changes to pending orders are set forth in 5.3.1 preceding.

(a) A charge will not apply to administrative changes as follows:

- Change of customer name,
- Change of customer or customer's end user premises address when the change of address is not a result of a physical relocation of equipment,
- Change in billing data (name, address, or contact name or telephone number),
- Change of agency authorization,
- Change of customer circuit identification,
- Change of billing account number,
- Change of customer test line number,
- Change of customer or customer's end user contact name or telephone number, and
- Change of jurisdiction.

(b) All other service rearrangements will be charged for as follows:

- If the change involves the addition of other customer designated premises to an existing multipoint service, the nonrecurring charge for the Circuit Termination rate element will apply. The charge(s) will apply only for the location(s) that is being added.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.1 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

(D) Nonrecurring Charge (Cont'd)

(4) Service Rearrangements (Cont'd)

- If the change involves the addition of an optional feature or function which has a separate nonrecurring charge, that nonrecurring charge will apply.

- If the change involves changing the type of signaling on a Voice Grade service, a charge equal to the Voice Grade Circuit Termination rate element nonrecurring charge will apply. The charge will apply per service termination affected.

- For all other changes, including the addition of optional feature or function without a separate nonrecurring charge, a charge equal to a Circuit Termination rate element nonrecurring charge will apply. Only one such charge will apply per service, per change.

(E) Surcharge for Special Access Service

(1) General

Special Access Services provided under this tariff may be subject to the monthly Special Access Surcharge.

(2) Application

The Special Access Surcharge will apply to each interstate Special Access Service that terminates on an end user's PBX or other device where, through a function of the device, the Special Access Service interconnects to the local exchange network. The Surcharge will apply irrespective of whether the interconnection function is performed in equipment located at the customer's premises or in a Centrex CO-type switch.

The monthly Special Access Surcharge applies to special access facilities on a per voice equivalent basis as shown in the following example:

Special Access Facility	Voice Grade Equivalent		Surcharge		Monthly Charge
Group	12	x	$25	=	$300.00
DS1	24	x	$25	=	$600.00

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.1 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

(E) Surcharge for Special Access Service (Cont'd)

(2) Application (Cont'd)

In the case of multipoint special access facilities, one Special Access Surcharge will apply for each termination of a special access circuit at an end user's premises.

The Telephone Company will bill the customer who orders the special access facility the Special Access Surcharge per installation unless the facility is exempt from the surcharge as set forth in (3) following.

(3) Exemption

The special access facility will be exempted from the monthly surcharge upon receipt of the customer's written certification for the following Special Access Service terminations:

1) an open-end termination in a Telephone Company switch of an FX line, including CCSA and CCSA-equivalent ONALs; or
2) an analog circuit termination that is used for radio or television program transmission; or
3) a termination used for TELEX service; or
4) a termination that by the nature of its operating characteristics could not make use of Telephone Company common lines such as terminations which are restricted through hardware or software; or
5) a termination that interconnects either directly or indirectly to the local exchange network where the usage is subject to Carrier Common Line charges, such as where the special access facility accesses only FGA and no local exchange lines, or special access facility between customer points of termination, or special access facility connecting CCSA or CCSA-type equipment (inter-machine trunks); or
6) a termination that the customer certifies to the Telephone Company is not connected to a PBX or other device capable of interconnecting the special access facility to a local exchange subscriber line.

Written certification for exemption must include the reason the service is exempted from the surcharge using the categories of exemption as stated above. An ASR may be used for exemption certification, provided all information as required by this section is included. The Telephone Company will bill the surcharge to all customers who have not provided valid exemption certification.

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.1 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

(E) Surcharge for Special Access Service (Cont'd)

(3) Exemption (Cont'd)
The Telephone Company will cease billing the Special Access Surcharge when certification that the Special Access facility has become exempt from the surcharge, as set forth preceding, is received. If the status of the special access facility was changed prior to the receipt of the exemption certification, the Telephone Company will credit the customer's account, not to exceed ninety days, based on the effective date of the change specified by the customer in the letter of certification.

(4)

Rate	Monthly Rate
Surcharge for Special Access Service	
- Per Voice Grade Equivalent	$25.00

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.2 Minimum Periods

The minimum service period for all services except part-time and occasional Video and Program Audio services is one month. The minimum service period for part-time Video and Program Audio Services is one day even though the service will be provided only for the duration of the event specified on the order (e.g., one-half hour, two hours, five hours, etc.).

7.2.3 Application of Daily and Monthly Rates

(A) Daily Rates

Daily rates are recurring rates that apply to each 24 hour period or fraction thereof that a Video or Program Audio Special Access Service provided for part-time or occasional use. For purposes of applying daily rates, the 24 hour period is not limited to a calendar day.

Part-time Program Audio or Video Service ordered on one Access Service Request and provided within a consecutive 30 day period will be charged the daily rate, not to exceed an amount equal to the monthly rate. For each subsequent day or part day, a charge equal to 1/30th of the monthly rate shall apply.

(B) Monthly Rates

Monthly rates are flat recurring rates that apply each month or fraction thereof that a Special Access Service is provided. For billing purposes, each month is considered to have 30 days.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.4 Facility Hubs and Multiplexing

A customer has the option of ordering Voice Grade facilities or High Capacity facilities (i.e., Group, Supergroup, Mastergroup, DS1, DS1C, DS2, DS3 or DS4) to a facility hub for multiplexing to individual services of a lower capacity or bandwidth (e.g., Telegraph, Voice, Program Audio, etc.). Additionally, the customer may specify optional features for the individual circuits derived from the facility to further tailor the circuit to meet specific communications requirements.

Some of the types of multiplexing available include the following:

- from higher to lower bit rate
- from higher to lower bandwidth
- from digital to voice frequency circuits

A hub is a Telephone Company designated wire center at which multiplexing functions are performed.

Different locations may be designated as hubs for different facility capacities, e.g., multiplexing from digital to digital may occur at one location while multiplexing from digital to analog may occur at a different location. When placing an Access Service Request the customer will specify the desired hub. The National Exchange Carrier Association Tariff FCC No. 4 identifies serving wire centers, hub locations and the type of multiplexing functions available.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.4 Facility Hubs and Multiplexing (Cont'd)

Point to point services may be provided on circuits of these facilities to a hub. The transmission performance for the point to point service provided between the customer designated premises will be that of the lower capacity or bit rate.

The Telephone Company will commence billing the monthly rate for the facility to the hub on the date specified by the customer on the Access Service Request. The customer will be billed for a High Capacity or Voice Grade Circuit Termination, Circuit Mileage and the multiplexer for the service at the time the facility is installed. Individual services utilizing these facilities may be installed coincident with the installation of the facility to the hub or may be ordered and/or installed at a later date, at the option of the customer. Individual service rates (by service type) will apply for a Circuit Termination and additional Circuit Mileage (as required) for each channelized service. These will be billed to the customer as each individual service is installed.

Cascading multiplexing occurs when a high capacity circuit is de-multiplexed to provide circuits with a lesser capacity and one of the lesser capacity circuits is further demultiplexed. When cascading multiplexing is performed, whether in the same or a different hub, a charge for the additional multiplexing unit also applies. When cascading multiplexing is performed at different hubbing locations, Circuit Mileage charges also apply between the hubs.

Although not requiring multiplexing, the Telephone Company will designate certain hubs for Video and Program Audio Services. Full-time service will be provided between a customer designated premises and a hub and billed accordingly at the monthly rates set forth in 7.5.5 and 7.8.4 for a Circuit Termination, and Circuit Mileage and Optional Features and Functions as applicable. The customer may order part-time and occasional Program Audio or Video services as needed between the hub and a second customer designated premises. The rate elements required to provide the part-time or occasional service (i.e., Circuit Termination, and Circuit Mileage and Optional Features as applicable) will be billed at daily rates for the duration of the service requested.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.2 Rate Categories, Applications, and Regulations (Cont'd)

7.2.5 Shared Use Analog and Digital High Capacity Services

Monthly charges for a DS1 or DS3 high capacity shared used facility will be apportioned between Switched and Special Access based on the relative proportion of channels used for Switched and Special Access in the following manner.

If the facility is ordered as Special Access, rating as Special Access will continue until such time as a portion of the available capacity is used to provide Switched Access Service. As individual channels are activated for Switched Access, monthly charges will be apportioned between Switched and Special Access based on the number of channels used for Switched Access and the number of remaining channels on the Special Access facility according to the following formula:

- The total shared use charge is equal to the Monthly Switched Access Charge times the number of channels used for Switched Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3 plus the monthly Special Access Charge times the number of channels remaining for Special Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3.

If the facility is ordered as Switched Access, rating as Switched Access will continue until such time as a portion of the available capacity is used to provide Special Access service. As individual channels are activated for Special Access, monthly charges will be apportioned between Switched and Special Access based on the number of channels used for Special Access and the number of remaining channels on the Switched Access Facility according to the following formula:

- The total shared use charge is equal to the Monthly Special Access Charge times the number of channels used for Special Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3 plus the monthly Special Access Charge times the number of channels remaining for Special Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3.

The monthly switched and special access rate used will be the appropriate rate (Special Access Circuit Termination, Circuit Mileage-Fixed and Per Mile, and/or Multiplexer rates, and Switched Access Entrance Facility, Direct-Trunked Transport and/or Multiplexer rate) for the underlying shared use facility, e.g., if the underlying facility is a special access DS3 service, the corresponding Switched Access DS3 Transport will be used to determine the Switched Access monthly charges.

Shared use of Special Access Fractional T1 (FT1) service is not available.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.3 Metallic Service

7.3.1 Basic Circuit Description

A Metallic circuit is an unconditioned two-wire circuit capable of transmitting low speed varying signals at rates up to 30 baud. Metallic circuits are provided between customer designated premises or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub where bridging functions are performed. Interoffice metallic facilities will be limited in length to a total of five miles per circuit.

7.3.2 Technical Specifications Packages

	Package MT-			
Parameter	C	1	2	3
DC Resistance				
Between Conductors	X	X	X	
Loop Resistance	X			X
Shunt Capacitance	X			X

The technical specifications are delineated in Technical Publication TR-NPL-000336.

7.3.3 Channel Interfaces

Compatible channel interfaces are set forth in 9. following.

7.3.4 Optional Features and Functions

(1) Central Office Bridging Capability

(a) Three Premises Bridging - Provision of tip-to-tip and ring-to-ring connection in a central office of a metallic pair to a third customer premises.

(b) Series Bridging of up to 26 customer premises.

The following table shows the technical specifications packages with which the optional features and functions are available.

	Available with Technical Specifications Package MT-			
	C	1	2	3
Three Premises Bridging	X	X		X
Series Bridging	X		X	

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.3 Metallic Service

7.3.5 Rates and Charges

		Monthly Rate
(A)	Circuit Termination	
	- Per Point of Termination	$34.28

(B) Circuit Mileage

Mileage Bands	Monthly Rates Fixed	Monthly Rates Per Mile
0 to 4	None	$ 5.80
Over 4 to 8	None	5.80
Over 8 to 16	None	5.80
Over 16 to 25	None	5.80
Over 25 to 50	None	5.80
Over 50 to 100	None	5.80
Over 100	None	5.80

		Monthly Rate
(C)	Optional Features and Functions	
	Bridging	
	- Per Port	
	- Three Premises Bridging	$ 3.19
	- BCNMS, Series Bridging	3.19

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.4 Telegraph Grade Service

7.4.1 Basic Service Description

A Telegraph Grade circuit is an unconditioned circuit capable of transmitting binary signals at rates of 0-75 baud or 0-150 baud. This circuit is furnished for half-duplex or duplex operation. Telegraph Grade circuits are provided between customer designated premises or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub.

7.4.2 Technical Specifications Packages

Parameter	Package TG-		
	C	1	2
Telegraph Distortion	X	X	X

The technical specifications are delineated in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000336.

7.4.3 Channel Interfaces

Compatible channel interfaces are set forth in 9. Following.

7.4.4 Optional Features and Functions

(1) Telegraph Bridging (two-wire and four-wire)

The following table shows the technical specifications packages with which the optional features and functions are available.

	Available with Technical Specifications Package TG-		
	C	1	2
Telegraph Bridging	X	X	X

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.4 Telegraph Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.4.5 Rates and Charges

		Monthly Rate
(A)	Circuit Termination	
	- Per Point of Termination	
	- 2-Wire	$ 34.28
	- 4-Wire	54.20

(B) Circuit Mileage
- Per Point of Termination

Mileage Bands	Monthly Rates Fixed	Monthly Rates Per Mile
75 Baud		
0 to 4	$10.19	$5.90
Over 4 to 8	21.99	2.95
Over 8 to 16	29.67	1.99
Over 16 to 25	29.67	1.99
Over 25 to 50	46.67	1.31
Over 50 to 100	65.17	.94
Over 100	94.17	.65
150 Baud		
0 to 4	7.81	3.86
Over 4 to 8	8.73	3.63
Over 8 to 16	20.65	2.14
Over 16 to 25	20.65	2.14
Over 25 to 50	29.65	1.73
Over 50 to 100	57.65	1.22
Over 100	77.65	1.02

		Monthly Rate
(C)	Optional Features and Functions	
	Telegraph Bridging	
	- Per Port	
	- 2-Wire	$ 3.19
	- 4-Wire	3.19

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service

7.5.1 Basic Circuit Description

A Voice Grade circuit is a circuit which provides voice frequency transmission capability in the nominal frequency range of 300 to 3000 Hz and may be terminated two-wire or four-wire. Effective 2-wire and 4-wire circuits are available as an Optional Feature and Function. Voice Grade circuits are provided between customer designated premises or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub.

Voice Grade Service may be ordered in conjunction with Switched Access services as set forth in Section 6.3.2 preceding to provide access for a customer's communications service (e.g., WATS, 800, 888, or WATS-type service). When the customer orders the Switched Access Interface Arrangement, Voice Grade circuits provide voice frequency transmission capability between an end user premises and a WATS Serving Office (WSO). All applicable Special Access rates and charges apply (including Optional Features and Functions charges). Technical Specifications and Optional Features and Functions available with this arrangement are indicated under Package VG-SI in 7.5.5 following.

ACCESS SERVICE

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.2 Technical Specifications Packages

	Package VG-													
Parameter	C*	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	SI
Attenuation Distortion	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
C-Message Noise	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Echo Control	X	X	X	X		X		X	X			X	X	X
Envelope Delay Distortion	X						X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Frequency Shift	X						X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Impulse Noise	X					X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Intermodulation Distortion	X						X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Loss Deviation	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Phase Hits, Gain Hits, and Dropouts	X													
Phase Jitter	X						X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Return Loss														X
Signal-to-C Message Noise					X									
Signal-to-C Notch Noise	X					X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

The technical specifications for these parameters (except for dropouts, gain hits, and phase hits) are delineated in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000335 and associated Addendum. The technical specifications for dropouts, phase hits, and gain hits are delineated in Technical Reference PUB 41004, Table 4.

The desired parameters are selected by the customer from the list of available parameters.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.3 Channel Interfaces

The following channel interfaces for Voice Grade service do not require signaling capability: AH, DA, DB, DD, DE DS, NO, PR and TF.

The following channel interfaces for Voice Grade service require signaling capability: AB, AC, CT, DX, DY, EA, EB, EC, EX, GO, GS, LA, LB, LC, LO, LR, LS, RV, and SF.

Compatible channel interfaces are set forth in 9. following.

7.5.4 Optional Features and Functions

(1) Central Office Bridging Capability

(a) Voice Bridging (two-wire or four-wire)

(b) Data Bridging (two-wire or four-wire)

(c) Telephoto Bridging (two-wire and four-wire)

(d) Dataphone Select-A-Station Bridging with sequential arrangement ports or addressable arrangement ports

(e) Telemetry and Alarm Bridging, Split Band-Active Bridging, Passive Bridging, Summation-Active Bridging

(2) Central Office Multiplexing

Voice to Telegraph Grade: An arrangement that converts a Voice Grade circuit to Telegraph Grade circuits using frequency division multiplexing.

Conditioning

(3) Conditioning provides more specific transmission characteristics for Voice Grade services. C-Type conditioning controls attenuation distortion and envelope delay distortion. Sealing Current helps maintain continuity on dry metallic loops.

For two-point services, the parameters apply to each service. For multipoint services, the parameters apply to each mid link or end link. C-Type conditioning and Data Capability may be combined on the same service.

ACCESS SERVICE

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(3) Conditioning (Cont'd)

(a) C-Type Conditioning

C-Type Conditioning is provided for the additional control of attenuation distortion and envelope delay distortion on data services. The attenuation distortion and envelope delay distortion specifications for C-Type Conditioning are delineated in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000335.

Improved C-Type Conditioning

(b) Improved C-Type Conditioning options are provided in conjunction with C-Type Conditioning at the rates set forth in Section 7.5.5 following. The C-Type Conditioning rate shall apply only once regardless if one or both of the following Improved Options are ordered.

(c) Improved Attenuation Distortion

Improved Attenuation Distortion upgrades the frequency versus loss limits of the channel. The technical specifications for Improved Attenuation Distortion are delineated in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000335. This option is provided in conjunction with C-Type conditioning.

(d) Improved Envelope Delay Distortion

Improved Envelope Delay Distortion upgrades the frequency versus delay response limits of the channel. The technical specifications for Improved Envelope Delay Distortion are delineated in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000335. This option is provided in conjunction with C-Type conditioning.

(e) Sealing Current

Sealing Current Conditioning is provided to help maintain continuity on dry metallic loops. It is usually associated with four-wire DA or NO type channel interfaces.

ACCESS SERVICE

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(4) Customer Specified Premises Receive Level

This option allows the customer to specify the receive level at the Point of Termination. This level must be within a specific range on effective four-wire transmission. The ranges are delineated in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000335.

(5) Improved Return Loss

(a) On Effective Four-Wire Transmission at Four-Wire Point of Termination (applicable to each two-wire port): Provides for a fixed 600 ohm impedance, variable level range and simplex reversal. Telephone Company equipment is required at the customer's premises where this option is ordered. The Improved Return Loss parameters are delineated in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000335.

(b) On Effective Four-Wire Transmission at Two-Wire Point of Termination: Provides for more stringent Echo Control specifications. In order for this option to be applicable, the transmission path must be four-wire at one POT and two-wire at the other POT. Placement of Telephone Company equipment may be required at the customer's premises with the two-wire POT. The Improved Return Loss parameters are delineated in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000335.

ACCESS SERVICE

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(6) Data Capability

Data Capability provides transmission characteristics suitable for data communications. Specifically, Data Capability provides for the control of Signal to C-Notched Noise Ratio and intermodulation distortion. It is available for two-point services or multipoint services.

The Signal to C-Notched Noise Ratio and intermodulation distortion parameter for Data Capability are:

- Signal to C-Notched Noise Ratio is greater than or equal to 32dB Intermodulation distortion
- Signal to second order modulation products (R2) is greater than or equal to 38dB
- Signal to third order modulation products (R3) is greater than or equal to 42 dB

When a service equipped with Data Capability is used for voice communications, the quality of the voice transmission may not be satisfactory.

(7) Telephoto Capability

Telephoto Capability provides transmission characteristics suitable for telephotographic communications. Specifically, Telephoto Capability is provided for the control of attenuation distortion and envelope delay distortion of telephotographic services. The attenuation distortion and envelope delay distortion parameters for Telephoto Capability are:

Attenuation Distortion (1004Hz Reference)		Envelope Delay Distortion	
Frequency Range (Hz)	Variation (dB)	Frequency Range (Hz)	Variation (mcs)
500-3000	-0.5 to +1.5	1000-2600	110
300-3200	-1.0 to +2.5	800-2800	180

ACCESS SERVICE

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(8) Signaling Capability

Signaling Capability provides for the ability to transmit signals from one customer premises to another customer premises on the same service.

(9) Selective Signaling Arrangement

An arrangement that permits code selective ringing for up to ten codes on a multipoint service.

(10) Transfer Arrangement

An arrangement that affords the customer an additional measure of flexibility in the use of their access circuits. The arrangement can be utilized to transfer a leg of a Special Access Service to another circuit that terminates in either the same or a different customer premises. A key activated or dial-up control service is required to operate the transfer arrangement. A spare circuit, if required, is not included as part of the option.

(11) Four-Wire/Two-Wire Conversions

The term "Effective 2-Wire" denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous transmission in both directions over a channel, but it is not possible to insure independent information transmission in both directions. Effective 2-wire channels may be terminated with 2-wire or 4-wire interfaces.

The term "Effective 4-Wire" denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous independent transmission of information in both directions over a channel. The method of implementing effective 4-wire transmission is at the discretion of the Telephone Company (physical, time domain, frequency-domain separation or echo cancellation techniques). Effective 4-wire channels may be terminated with a 2-wire interface at the customer's premises. However, when terminated 2-wire, simultaneous independent transmission cannot be supported because the two wire interface combines the transmission paths into a single path.

When a customer requests that an effective four-wire circuit be terminated with a two-wire circuit interface at the customer designated premises, a four-wire to two-wire conversion is required. The customer will be charged the 4-wire Circuit Termination rate when an effective four-wire is specified in the customer's order. The rate for the conversion is included as part of the basic Circuit Termination rate.

ACCESS SERVICE

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

The following table shows the technical specifications packages with which the optional features and functions are available.

	Available with Technical Specifications Package VG-													
	C	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	SI
C-Type Conditioning	X					X	X	X	X	X	X			
Central Office Bridging Capability	X		X			X	X				X	X	X	
Central Office Multiplexing	X						X							
Customer Specified Premises Receive Level	X		X	X				X	X	X				
Data Capability	X						X	X			X			
Improved Return Loss -For Effective Four-Wire Transmission	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-For Effective Two-Wire Transmission	X		X	X				X						X
Sealing Current Conditioning	X						X							
Selective Signaling Arrangement	X		X			X	X				X	X	X	
Signaling Capability	X	X	X	X				X	X	X				#
Transfer Arrangement	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	

(#) Signaling is provided in conjunction with Switched Access as set forth in this tariff.

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.5 Rates and Charges

		Monthly Rate
(A)	Circuit Termination	
	- Per Point of Termination	
	- 2-Wire	$ 34.28
	- 4-Wire	54.20

(B) Circuit Mileage

Mileage Bands	Monthly Rates	
	Fixed	Per Mile
0 to 4	$ 4.42	$ 8.35
Over 4 to 8	17.03	5.20
Over 8 to 16	37.88	2.60
Over 16 to 25	47.80	1.98
Over 25 to 50	72.63	.99
Over 50 to 100	86.52	.70
Over 100	121.77	.36

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(C) Optional Features and Functions

Rates and charges for the Optional Features and Functions of Voice Grade Service listed in this section apply as specified below:

(1) Bridging

		Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charge
(a)	Voice Bridging		
	- Per port		
	- Two-Wire	$ 3.19	$ 6.29
	- Four-Wire	3.19	10.45
(b)	Data Bridging		
	- Per Port		
	- Two-Wire	5.27	6.29
	- Four-Wire	5.27	10.45
(c)	Telephoto Bridging		
	- Per port		
	- Two-Wire	6.59	6.29
	- Four-Wire	6.59	10.45
(d)	DATAPHONE Select-A Station Bridging		
	Sequential Arrangement Ports		
	- Per Circuit Connected		
	- 2-Wire	24.44	6.29
	- 4-Wire	129.81	10.45
	Addressable Arrangement Ports		
	- Per Circuit Connected		
	- 2-Wire	26.21	6.29
	- 4-Wire	133.35	10.45

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

		Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charge
(C)	Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)		
(1)	Bridging (Cont'd)		
(e)	Telemetry and Alarm Bridging		
	Active Bridging Circuit Connections		
	- Per Circuit Connected		
	- Split Band	$9.26	$6.29
	- Summation	1.57	6.29
	Passive Bridging Circuit Connections		
	- Per Circuit Connected	.84	6.29

(2) Conditioning
- Per Point of Termination

		Nonrecurring	
		Initial	Subsequent
C - Type	6.55	$11.04	$682.95

(3) Improved Return Loss for Effective Four-Wire Transmission

		Nonrecurring	
- Per Point of Termination		Initial	Subsequent
- Two-Wire	1.95	$13.59	$39.80
- Four-Wire	1.95	24.68	50.89

(4) Customer Specified Receive Level

		Nonrecurring	
- Per Two-Wire Point of Termination	None	Initial $9.63	Subsequent $35.84

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

		Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charge
(C)	Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)		
(5)	Multiplexing Voice to Telegraph Grade - Per Arrangement	$249.43	$ 292.47

			Nonrecurring	
(6)	Data Capability		Initial	Subsequent
	- Per Point of Termination	1.46	$9.43	$681.34

			Nonrecurring	
(7)	Telephoto Capability		Initial	Subsequent
	- Per Point of Termination	3.23	$9.13	$681.04

- In lieu of ++, substitute appropriate two digit code from following list to specify type of signaling.

AB
AC
CT
DX
DY
EA
EB
EC
EX
GO
GS
LA
LB
LC
LO
LR
LS
RV
SF

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.5 Voice Grade Service (Cont'd)

7.5.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

		Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charge
(C)	Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)		
(8)	Selective Signaling Arrangement - Per Arrangement	ICB	None
(9)	Transfer Arrangement (Key Activated* or Dial Up**) - Per Four Port Arrangement, including control circuit termination***	ICB	None
	- Per Five Port Arrangement, including control circuit termination***	ICB	None

* The key activated control circuit is rated as a Metallic Circuit Termination and Circuit Mileage, if applicable.

** The Dial-up option requires the customer to purchase the Controller Arrangement from 8.7(A) following.

*** An additional Circuit Termination charge will apply whenever a spare circuit is configured as a leg to the customer's premises. Additional circuit mileage charges will apply when the transfer arrangement is not located in the customer premises serving wire center.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.6 Program Audio Service

7.6.1 Basic Circuit Description

A Program Audio circuit is a circuit measured in Hz for the transmission of a complex signal voltage. The actual bandwidth is a function of the channel interface selected by the customer. The nominal frequency bandwidths are from 50 to 15000 Hz, from 200 to 3500 Hz, from 100 to 5000 Hz or from 50 to 8000 Hz. Only one-way transmission is provided. Program Audio circuits are provided between customer designated premises or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub.

Facilities to used in connection with broadcast audio service must be ordered from the appropriate interstate tariff.

7.7 Video Service

7.7.1 Basic Circuit Description

A Video circuit is a circuit with one-way transmission capability for a standard 525 line/60 field monochrome, or National Television Systems Committee color video signal and one or two associated 5 or 15 kHz audio signal(s). The bandwidth for a video circuit is either 30 Hz to 4.5 MHz or 30 Hz to 6.6 MHz. The associated audio signal(s) may be either duplexed or provided as one or two separate circuits. The provision and the bandwidth of the associated audio signal(s) is a function of the channel interface selected by the customer. Video circuits are provided between customer designated premises or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub.

Facilities to be used in connection with broadcast video service must be ordered from the appropriate interstate tariff.

7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.8 Wideband Analog Service

7.8.1 Basic Circuit Description

A Wideband Analog circuit is a circuit with a bandwidth measured in kHz for the transmission of a wideband signal. The actual bandwidth is a function of the channel interface selected by the customer. The bandwidths are from 60 to 108 kHz (Group), from 312 to 552 kHz (Supergroup), from 564 to 3084 kHz (Mastergroup), from 300 Hz to 18 kHz, from 29 to 44 kHz or from 28 to 44 kHz. Wideband Analog circuits are provided between customer designated premises or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub.

7.8.2 Technical Specifications Packages

	Package WA-				
Parameter	1	2	2A	3	4
Amplitude Stability	X	X			
Background Noise	X	X	X	X	X
Frequency Shift	X	X	X		
Gain/Frequency Characteristics of:					
- Group Connections	X			X	X
- Supergroup Connections		X			
- Mastergroup Connections			X		
Impulse Noise	X	X	X		
Net Loss Variations	X	X	X	X	X
Pilot Slot	X	X	X		
Spurious Single Frequency Tone	X	X	X		

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.8 Wideband Analog Service (Cont'd)

7.8.3 Channel Interfaces

The following channel interfaces (CIs) define the bandwidths that are available for a Wideband Analog channel:

CI	Bandwidth
AH-B	60 kHz to 108 kHz (Group)
AH-C	312 kHz to 552 (Supergroup)
AD-D	564 kHZ to 3084 kHz (Mastergroup)
WD-1	300 Hz to 18 kHz
WD-2	29 kHz to 44 kHz
WD-3	28 kHz to 44 kHz

Compatible channel interfaces are set forth in 9. following.

7.8.4 Optional Features and Functions

(A) Central Office Multiplexing

(1) Mastergroup to Supergroup

An arrangement that converts a Mastergroup circuit to ten Supergroup circuits using frequency division multiplexing.

(2) Supergroup to Group

An arrangement that converts a Supergroup circuit to five Group circuits using frequency division multiplexing.

(3) Group to Voice

An arrangement that converts a Group circuit to twelve Voice Grade circuits using frequency division multiplexing.

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.8 Wideband Analog Service (Cont'd)

7.8.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(A) Central Office Multiplexing (Cont'd)

(4) Group to DS1

An arrangement that converts two Group circuit to DS1 circuit using analog to digital conversion.

The following table shows the technical specifications packages with which the optional features and functions are available.

	Available with Technical Specifications Package WA-				
	1	2	2A	3	4
Central Office Multiplexing:					
Mastergroup to Supergroup			X		
Supergroup to Group		X			
Group to Voice	X				
Group to DS1*					

7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.8 Wideband Analog Services (Cont'd)

7.8.5 Rates and Charges

(A) Circuit Termination
- Per Point of Termination

Monthly Rates and Nonrecurring Charges for the circuit termination rate element of Wideband Analog Service will be determined on an Individual Case Basis and filed in Section 7.12 following.

Frequency Bandwidths
60 kHz - 108 kHz
312 kHz - 552 kHz
564 kHz - 3084 kHz
300 Hz - 18 kHz
29 kHz - 44 kHz

(B) Circuit Mileage

Fixed and Per Mile Monthly Rates for the circuit mileage rate element of Wideband Analog Service will be determined on an Individual Case Basis and filed in Section 7.12 following.

Frequency Bandwidth
60-108 kHz
312-552 kHz
300 Hz-18 kHz
29-44 kHz

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7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.8 Wideband Analog Services (Cont'd)

7.8.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(C) Optional Features and Functions

(1) Multiplexing

Fixed and Per Mile Monthly Rates for the multiplexing rate element of Wideband Analog Service will be determined on an Individual Case Basis and filed in Section 7.12 following.

Available multiplexing arrangements are as follows:

Multiplexing Arrangement
Mastergroup to Supergroup
Supergroup to Group
Group to Voice
Group to DS1*

* Requires two 60-108 kHz Circuit Terminations and Circuit Mileage, one 1.544 Mbps Circuit Mileage and either a 1.544 Circuit Termination or a DS1 to Voice Multiplexing optional feature, depending on whether the service terminates at a customers premises or was purchased as a facility, to a Telephone Company hub for multiplexing to Voice Grade.

7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.9 Wideband Data Service

7.9.1 Basic Circuit Description

A Wideband Data circuit is an analog circuit for the transmission of synchronous serial data at the rate of 19.2, 50.0, or 230.4 kbps or of asynchronous serial data at rates of up to 19.2, 50.0, or 230.4 kbps. Optional arrangements are available for transmission of synchronous serial data at 18.75 or 40.8 kbps. The actual bit rate is a function of the channel interface selected by the customer. This service requires a 303 Data Station(s). The 303 Data Station provides coupling between the customers business machine and the wideband data transmission medium. A voice band coordinating channel is also provided. Wideband Data circuits are provided between customer designated premises.

7.9.2 Technical Specifications Packages

	Package WD-		
Parameter	1	2	3
Error-Free Seconds	X	X	X

While in service, the monthly average of error-free seconds will be equal to or greater than 98.75%.

7.9.3 Channel Interfaces

The following channel interfaces (CIs) define the bit rates that are available for a Wideband Data circuit:

CI	Bit Rate
WB-18S	18.75 kbps, synchronous
WB-19A	up to 19.2 kbps, asynchronous
WB-19S	19.2 kbps, synchronous
WB-23A	up to 230.4 kbps, asynchronous
WB-23S	230.4 kbps, synchronous
WB-40S	40.8 kbps, synchronous
WB-50A	up to 50.0 kbps, asynchronous
WB-50S	50.0 kbps, synchronous

Compatible channel interfaces are set forth in 9. following.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.9 Wideband Data Service (Cont'd)

7.9.4 Optional Features and Functions

(A) Key Activated Transfer Arrangement

An arrangement that affords the customer an additional measure of flexibility in the use of their access circuit(s). The arrangement can be utilized to transfer a leg of a Special Access Service to either a spare or working circuit that terminates in either the same or a different customer premises. A key activated control service is required to operate the transfer arrangement. A spare circuit, if required, is not included as a part of the option.

The following table shows the technical specifications packages with which the optional features and functions are available.

	Available with Technical Specifications Package WD-		
	1	2	3
Key Activated Transfer Arrangement	X	X	X

7.9.5 Rates and Charges

(A) Circuit Termination

Monthly Rates for the Circuit Termination rate element of Wideband Data Service will be determined on an Individual Case Basis and filed in Section 7.12 following.

Data Speed

18.75 kbps
19.2 kbps
230.4 kbps

(B) Circuit Mileage

Fixed and Per Mile Monthly Rates for the Circuit Mileage rate element of Wideband Data Service will be determined on an Individual Case Basis and filed in Section 7.12 following.

Available data speeds are as follows:

Data Speed

18.75 kbps
19.2 kbps
230.4 kbps

7. Special Access Services (Cont'd)

7.9 Wideband Data Service (Cont'd)

7.9.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(C) Optional Features and Functions

Monthly Rates and Nonrecurring Charges for optional features and functions for Wideband Data Service will be determined on an Individual Case Basis and filed in Section 7.12 following.

Available Optional Features and Functions are as follows.

Optional Features
and Functions

Key Activated
Transfer Arrangement
- Per Four Port
  Arrangement, including
  control circuit termination*

(D) 303 Data Station

Monthly Rates and Nonrecurring Charges for 303 Data Station will be determined on an Individual Case Basis and filed in Section 7.12 following.

303 Data Station
- Per Point of Termination

* The key activated control circuit is rated as a Metallic Circuit Termination and Circuit Mileage, if applicable.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.10 Digital Data Service

7.10.1 Basic Circuit Description

A Digital Data circuit is a circuit for duplex four-wire transmission of synchronous serial data at the rate of 2.4, 4.8, 9.6 or 56 Kbps. The actual bit rate is a function of the channel interface selected by the customer. The circuit provides a synchronous service with timing provided by the Telephone Company through the Telephone Company's facilities to the customer in the received bit stream. Digital Data circuits are only available via Telephone Company designated hubs and are provided between customer designated premises or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub.

The customer may provide the Channel Service Unit-type equipment or other Network Channel Terminating Equipment associated with the Digital Data circuit at the customer premises. The interim program for interconnection of such equipment is set forth in Technical Reference PUB AS No. 1.

7.10.2 Technical Specifications Packages

	Package DA			
Parameter	1	2	3	4
Error-Free Seconds	X	X	X	X

The Telephone Company will provide a circuit capable of meeting a monthly average performance equal to or greater than 99.875% error-free seconds while the circuit is in service, if it is measured through a CSU equivalent which is designed, manufactured, and maintained to conform with the specifications contained in Technical Reference PUB 62310.

Voltages which are compatible with Digital Data Service are delineated in Technical Reference PUB TR-NPL-000341.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.10 Digital Data Service (Cont'd)

7.10.3 Channel Interfaces

The following channel interfaces (CIs) define the bit rates that are available for a Digital Data circuit.

CI	Bit Rate
DU-24	2.4 Kbps
DU-48	4.8 Kbps
DU-96	9.6 Kbps
DU-565	56 Kbps

Compatible channel interfaces are set forth in 9. following.

7.10.4 Optional Features and Functions

(1) Central Office Bridging Capability

(2) Transfer Arrangement

An arrangement that affords the customer an additional measure of protection and/or flexibility in the use of their access circuit(s) on a 1xN basis. The arrangement can be utilized to transfer a leg of a Special Access Service to either a spare or working circuit that terminates in either the same or a different customer designated premises. This arrangement is only available at a Telephone Company designated hub. A key activated or dial-up control service is required to operate the transfer arrangement. A spare circuit, if required, is not included as a part of the option.

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.10 Digital Data Service (Cont'd)

7.10.5 Rates and Charges

		Monthly Rate
(A)	Circuit Termination	
	- Per Point of Termination	
	2.4, 4.8, & 9.6 Kbps	$ 54.20
	56.0	54.20

(B) Circuit Mileage

Mileage Bands	Monthly Rates Fixed	Monthly Rates Per Mile
2.4 Kbps		
0 to 4	$ 45.05	$ 1.23
Over 4 to 8	45.05	1.23
Over 8 to 16	49.21	.71
Over 16 to 25	49.21	.71
Over 25 to 50	54.46	.50
Over 50 to 100	54.46	.50
Over 100	59.46	.45
4.8 Kbps		
0 to 4	39.14	1.46
Over 4 to 8	39.14	1.46
Over 8 to 16	44.66	.77
Over 16 to 25	44.66	.77
Over 25 to 50	44.91	.76
Over 50 to 100	51.91	.62
Over 100	51.91	.62
9.6 Kbps		
0 to 4	47.21	1.37
Over 4 to 8	47.21	1.37
Over 8 to 16	51.77	.80
Over 16 to 25	54.49	.63
Over 25 to 50	54.49	.63
Over 50 to 100	60.49	.51
Over 100	60.49	.51
56 Kbps		
0 to 4	75.08	9.19
Over 4 to 8	93.44	4.60
Over 8 to 16	111.84	2.30
Over 16 to 25	130.24	1.15
Over 25 to 50	141.24	.71
Over 50 to 100	156.24	.41
Over 100	176.24	.21

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.10 Digital Data Service (Cont'd)

7.10.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(C) Optional Features and Functions

Monthly Rates and Nonrecurring Charges for the Optional Features and Functions of Digital Data Service are listed below.

Optional Features and Functions	Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charges	
(1) Bridging			
- Per Port	$ 7.72	$10.45	
(2) Loop Transfer Arrangement (Key Activated* or Dial-Up**)			
- Per Four-Port Arrangement***	16.92	Initial $ 87.96	Subsequent $186.33

* The key activated control is rated as a Metallic Circuit Termination and Circuit Mileage, if applicable.
The Dial-Up option requires the customer to purchase the Controller Arrangement from 8.7(A) following.

** An additional Circuit Termination charge will apply whenever a spare circuit is configured as a leg to the customer's premises. Additional Circuit Mileage charges will also apply when the transfer arrangement is not located in the

*** customer premises serving wire center.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service

7.11.1 Basic Circuit Description

A High Capacity circuit is a circuit for the transmission of nominal 64.0 kbps* or 1.544, 3.152, 6.312, 44.736, or 274.176 Mbps isochronous serial data. The actual bit rate is a function of the channel interface selected by the customer. High Capacity circuits are provided between customer designated premises or between a customer designated premises and a Telephone Company hub.

The customer may provide the Network Channel Terminating Equipment associated with the High Capacity circuit at the customer's premises. The interim program for interconnection of such equipment is set forth in Technical Reference PUB AS No. 1.

FT1 facilities are furnished for the transmission of isochronous bipolar serial data and are available at transmission rate groupings of N x 56 Kbps or N x 64 Kbps where N equals 2, 4, or 6. FT1 channels are contiguous within the network and can be used to create a wideband circuit using CPE. When N x 64 FT1 is ordered in conjunction with DS1 service for multiplexing purposes, the DS1 must have Clear Channel Capability as described in 7.11.4(4). FT1 Service at a rate of N x 64 Kbps will only be provided where Clear Channel Capability is available in the network. Where Clear Channel Capability is not available, N x 56 Kbps service can be provided in lieu of N x 64 Kbps.

7.11.2 Technical Specifications Packages

	Package HC					
Parameter	0	1	1C	2	3	4
Error-Free Seconds		X				

A circuit with technical specifications package HC1 will be capable of an error-free second performance of 98.75% over a continuous 24 hour period as measured at the 1.544 Mbps rate through a CSU equivalent which is designed, manufactured, and maintained to conform with the specifications contained in Technical Reference PUB 62411.

* Available only as a circuit of a 1.544 Mbps facility to a Telephone Company Digital Data hub or as a cross connect of two 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 56.0 or 64.0 kbps circuits of two 1.544 Mbps facilities to a Digital Data hub(s). The customer must provide system and channel assignment data.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.3 Channel Interfaces

The following channel interfaces (CIs) define the bit rates that are available for a High Capacity circuit:

CI	Bit Rate
DS-15*	1.544 Mbps (DS1)
DS-27	274.176 Mbps (DS4)
DS-31	3.152 Mbps (DSIC)
DS-44	44.736 Mbps (DS3)
DS-63	6.312 Mbps (DS2)

Compatible channel interfaces are set forth in 9.3.5 following.

7.11.4 Optional Features and Functions

(1) Automatic Loop Transfer

The Automatic Loop Transfer provides protection on a 1xN basis against failure of the facilities between a customer designated premises and the wire center serving that premises. Protection is furnished through the use of a switching arrangement that automatically switches to a spare circuit line when a working line fails. The spare circuit is not included as a part of the option. This option requires compatible equipment at both the serving wire center and the customer premises. The customer is responsible for providing the equipment at its premises. Equipment at the customer premises will be provided under tariff only if it existed in the Telephone Company inventory as of November 18, 1983.

(2) Transfer Arrangement

An arrangement that affords the customer an additional measure of flexibility in the use of their access circuit(s). The arrangement can be utilized to transfer a leg of a Special Access Service to either a spare or working circuit that terminates in either the same or a different customer designated premises. A key activated or dial-up control service is required to operate the transfer arrangement. A spare circuit, if required, is not included as part of the option.

* A 64.0 kbps circuit is available as a circuit(s) of a 1.544 Mbps facility to a Telephone Company hub.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service (Cont'd)

7.11.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(3) Central Office Multiplexing

(a) DS4 to DS1

An arrangement that converts a 274.176 Mbps circuit to 168 DS1 circuits using digital time division multiplexing.

(b) DS3 to DS1

An arrangement that converts a 44.736 Mbps circuit to 28 DS1 circuits using digital time division multiplexing.

(c) DS2 to DS1

An arrangement that converts a 6.312 Mbps circuit to four DS1 circuits using digital time division multiplexing.

(d) DS1C to DS1

An arrangement that converts a 3.152 Mbps circuit to two DS1 circuits using digital time division multiplexing.

(e) DS1 to Voice

An arrangement that converts a 1.544 Mbps circuit to 24 circuits for use with Voice Grade Services. A circuit at this DS1 to the hub can also be used for a Digital Data Service.

FT1 can be used in conjunction with DS1 to Voice Multiplexing in groupings of N x 56 Kbps or N x 64 Kbps where N = 2, 4 or 6, to a single DS1 digital circuit at a rate of 1.544 Mbps.

(f) DS1 to DS0

An arrangement that converts a 1.544 Mbps circuit to 23 64.0 kbps circuits utilizing digital time division multiplexing.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(3) Central Office Multiplexing (Cont'd)

(g) DSO to Subrate

An arrangement that converts a 64.0 kbps circuit to subspeeds of up to twenty 2.4 kbps, ten 4.8 kbps, or five 9.6 kbps circuits using digital time division multiplexing.

(4) Clear Channel Capability (CCC)

CCC provides a Bipolar with Eight Zero Substitution (B8ZS) encoding technique that allows a customer to transport 1.536 Mbps information rate signals over a 1.544 Mbps High Capacity Channel with no restraint on the quantity or sequence of one (mark) and zero (space) bits. This arrangement allows customers to derive 64 kbps clear channels. This service is provided only on 1.544 Mbps High Capacity Channels between two customer designated premises and is subject to availability of facilities. This arrangement requires the customer-provided multiplexing equipment to be compatible with the B8ZS line code as specified in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000054 and Technical Reference PUB TR-NPL-000342.

(5) The following table shows the technical specifications packages with which the optional features and functions are available.

	Available with Technical Specifications Package HC-					
	0	1	1C	2	3	4
Automatic Loop Transfer		X				
Central Office Multiplexing:						
DS4 to DS1						X
DS3 to DS1					X	
DS2 to DS1				X		
DS1C to DS1			X			
DS1 to Voice		X				
DS1 to DS0		X				
DS0 to Subrate*	X					
Transfer Arrangement		X				
Clear Channel Capability		X				

* Available only on a circuit of a 1.544 Mbps facility to a Telephone Company hub.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(6) Fractional T1 (FT1) Optional Payment Plan (OPP)

(a) General

(.1) The terms and conditions specified herein are applicable to Fractional T1 (FT1) Service.

(.2) Only the Circuit Termination rate element is available under an OPP. All other associated rate elements or additional features are available at the standard month-to-month tariffed rates and regulations.

(.3) FT1 rates will not be greater than standard month-to-month Circuit Termination rates.

(.4) Three-year and five-year OPP rates will be equal to or less than the one-year OPP rates. Decreases to the one-year OPP will flow through to the three-year and five-year OPP.

(.5) Payment periods of one-year, three-year, and five-years are available to all customers at the applicable rates set forth in 7.11.5 regardless of when they subscribe to an OPP arrangement.

(.6) The customer must designate on the ASR the payment period for the OPP.

(.7) Inside moves, provided in accordance with 7.2.1.(D)(3)(a) will not incur termination liability charges.

(.8) Outside moves provided in accordance with 7.2.1.(D)(3)(b) will allow the customer to retain the same OPP payment period. Any other move will be treated as a disconnect of the service and termination liability charges will apply.

(b) Changes in Length of OPP Period

Prior to the completion of the selected OPP period, the customer may elect to convert to a new OPP period of the same or different length, subject to the following conditions:

- No credit toward the new payment period will be given for payments made under the original OPP arrangement.
- If the new OPP period is shorter in length than the time remaining under the existing OPP, the change to the new OPP period constitutes a disconnect of the existing OPP service and termination liability charges apply.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(6) Fractional T1 (FT1) Optional Payment Plan (OPP) (Cont'd)

(c) Renewal Options

(.1) At the expiration of an OPP period, the Telephone Company will automatically renew the service at the same OPP period unless the customer chooses to convert to a different OPP period, convert to month-to-month rates or discontinue service.

(.2) Conversion to a different OPP period will require the customer to submit a change order ASR. Conversion to a different OPP period will be allowed without application of any nonrecurring or ordering charges.

(.3) Conversion to month-to-month rates will be treated as a disconnect of service and establishment of new service. If no other changes are ordered, no NRCs will apply.

(d) Notification of Discontinuance

An ASR for discontinuance of an OPP arrangement must be received by the Telephone Company at least thirty (30) days prior to actual disconnect of service. Monthly charges will apply for a period of thirty (30) days from the date the Telephone Company receives disconnect notification or until the requested disconnect date, whichever period is longer.

(e) Upgrade to Higher Speed Service

Customers may elect to upgrade service(s) to a higher speed during an OPP period, subject to the following conditions:

- The upgraded service will be subject to all appropriate nonrecurring charges.
- Termination liability charges will not apply as long as the upgraded service remains connected at the same point of termination(s) or meets the requirements set forth in 7.2.1(D)(3).
- If the upgrade involves establishing a multiplexing arrangement, termination liability charges will not apply if the hub wire center is the same one associated with the customer designated location.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.4 Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

(6) Fractional T1 (FT1) Optional Payment Plan (OPP) (Cont'd)

(f) Termination Liability

When an OPP service is discontinued prior to the end of the period, termination liability charges, as set forth below, will apply based on the remainder of the OPP period in effect at the time of disconnect.

One-Year OPP - 50% of any remaining portion of the first year's recurring charges.

Three-Year OPP - 50% of any remaining portion of the first year's recurring charges. In addition, for any remaining portion of the second and third years, the customer will be liable for 10% of the total monthly recurring charges in that time period.

Five-Year OPP - 50% of any remaining portion of the first year's recurring charges. In addition, for any remaining portion of the second through fifth years, the customer will be liable for 20% of the total monthly recurring charges in that time period.

Customer liability will be calculated as previously stated but will be limited to:

The dollar difference between 1) the amount the customer has already paid and, 2) any additional charges that the customer would have paid for service if the customer had taken a shorter term offering corresponding to the term actually used.

For example, if a customer with a five-year OPP discontinues service six months after the end of the third year, the customer liability will not exceed:

[(Three-year monthly rate - Five-year monthly rate) x 42 months]

(g) Termination Without Liability

During an OPP period, should the currently effective rate for a customer's service increase in excess of ten percent (10%), the customer may, at their option, terminate the OPP arrangement without penalty or liability.

(h) A customer may change the number of channels of an N x 56 Kbps or N x 64 Kbps service to another higher value of N (where N = 2, 4 or 6), subject to the following rate applications:

- The changed service will be subject to all appropriate nonrecurring charges.

- Termination liability charges will not apply as long as the changed service remains connected at the same point of termination(s) or meet the requirements of 7.2.1(D)(3).

- If the change involves establishing a multiplexing arrangement, termination liability charges will not apply if the hub wire center is the same one associated with the customer designated location.

7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T-1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.5 Rates and Charges

Fractional T1 Standard Arrangements

Customers subscribing to month-to-month Fractional T1 service, at rates set forth in 7.11.5, will be assessed a nonrecurring charge. The NRC is assessed per Circuit Termination for Fractional T1 service ordered by a customer between CDLs or a hub wire center.

Fractional T1 Optional Payment Plan (OPP) Arrangements

Customers subscribing to the Fractional T1 OPP arrangements, at rates set forth in 7.11.5, will not be assessed a nonrecurring charge (NRC) for initial installation of a Fractional T1 Circuit Termination.

		Monthly Rates
(A)	Circuit Termination - Per Point of Termination - 1.544 Mbps	$110.83

	Nonrecurring Charge	Monthly Rate
Fractional T1 (FT1) Circuit Termination	$ 460.00	
2 x 56 Kbbs (or) 2 x 64 Kbps		$162.00
4 x 56 Kbbs (or) 4 x 64 Kbps		166.00
6 x 56 Kbbs (or) 6 x 64 Kbps		168.00

Frequency bandwidths other than 1.544 mbps:

Monthly Rates and Nonrecurring Charges for the Circuit Termination rate element of High Capacity Service will be determined on an Individual Case Basis and filed in Section 7.12 following.

Available frequency bandwidths are as follows:

Frequency
Bandwidths

64 Kbps
3.152 Mbps
6.312 Mbps
44.736
274.176

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Rochester, New York

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

			Monthly Rate Fixed	Monthly Rate Per Mile
(B)	Circuit Mileage			
	- 1.544 Mbps	0 to 4	$38.02	$15.09
		Over 4 to 8	38.02	15.09
		Over 8 to 16	38.02	15.09
		Over 16 to 25	38.02	15.09
		Over 25 to 50	38.02	15.09
		Over 50 to 100	38.02	15.09
		Over 100	38.02	15.09

Fractional T1 (FT1) Service

- Circuit Mileage Fixed Rate

	Monthly Rate
2 x 56 Kbps (or) 2 x 64 Kbpx	$ -
4 x 56 Kbps (or) 4 x 64 Kbpx	-
6 x 56 Kbps (or) 6 x 64 Kbpx	-

- Circuit Mileage Rate Per Mile

2 x 56 Kbps (or) 2 x 64 Kbpx	2.01
4 x 56 Kbps (or) 4 x 64 Kbpx	4.03
6 x 56 Kbps (or) 6 x 64 Kbpx	6.04

- Circuit Mileage Termination Per End

2 x 56 Kbps (or) 2 x 64 Kbpx	18.78
4 x 56 Kbps (or) 4 x 64 Kbpx	37.55
6 x 56 Kbps (or) 6 x 64 Kbpx	56.33

For frequency bandwidths other than 1.544 Mbps:

Fixed and Per Mile Monthly Rates for the Circuit Mileage rate element of High Capacity Service will be determined on an Individual Case Basis and filed in Section 7.12 following.

Available frequency bandwidths are as follows.

Frequency Bandwidths
64 Kbps
3.152 Mbps
6.312 Mbps
44.736
274.176

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(C) Optional Features and Functions

Rates and charges for the Optional Features and Functions of High Capacity Service listed in this section apply to all jurisdictions of the Issuing Carriers.

		Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charges	
(1)	Multiplexing			
	DS4 to DS1			
	- Per arrangement	$2,815.56	$1,465.73	
	DS2 to DS1			
	- Per arrangement	99.92	182.96	
	DS1C to DS1			
	- Per arrangement	20.69	167.32	
	DS1 TO DSO			
	- Per arrangement	150.95	140.47	
	DSO to Subrates			
	- Per arrangement			
			Initial	Subsequent
	Up to 20 2.4 Kbps services	146.39	$88.66	$167.03
	Up to 10 4.8 kbps services	75.45	70.88	151.12
	Up to 5 9.6 kbps services	52.45	70.88	151.12

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(C) Optional Features and Functions (Cont'd)

		Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charges	
			Initial	Subsequent
(2)	Automatic Loop Transfer - Per arrangement*	$281.15	$68.27	$159.66
(3)	Transfer Arrangement (key activated** or dial up***) - Per four port arrangement including control channel termination****)	ICB	None	

* An additional Circuit Termination charge will apply whenever the spare line is provided as a leg to the customer premises.

** The key activated control circuit is rated as a Metallic Circuit Termination.

*** The Dial-up option requires the customer to purchase the Controller Arrangement from 8.7(A) following).

**** An additional Circuit Termination charge will apply whenever a spare circuit is configured as a leg to the customers premises. Additional circuit mileage charges will also apply when the transfer arrangement is not located in the customer premises serving wire center.

Fractional T1 (FT1) Optional Payment Plan (OPP)

(4)	One-Year Monthly Rate	Three-Year Monthly Rate	Five-Year Monthly Rate
- Circuit Termination			
2 x 56 Kbps or 2 x 64 Kbps	$ 158.00	$ 154.00	$ 150.00
4 x 56 Kbps or 4 x 64 Kbps	160.00	156.00	152.00
6 x 56 Kbps or 6 x 64 Kbps	162.00	158.00	154.00

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7. Special Access Service (Cont'd)

7.11 High Capacity Service/Fractional T1 (FT1) Service (Cont'd)

7.11.5 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(4) Fractional T1 (FT1) Optional Payment Plan (OPP) (Continued)

	One-Year Monthly Rate	Three-Year Monthly Rate	Five-Year Monthly Rate
- Circuit Mileage Fixed Rate			
2 x 56 Kbps (or) 2 x 64 Kbps	-	-	-
4 x 56 Kbps (or) 4 x 64 Kbps	-	-	-
6 x 56 Kbps (or) 6 x 64 Kbps	-	-	-
- Circuit Mileage Rate Per Mile			
2 x 56 Kbps (or) 2 x 64 Kbps	$2.01	$ 2.01	$ 2.01
4 x 56 Kbps (or) 4 x 64 Kbps	4.03	4.03	4.03
6 x 56 Kbps (or) 6 x 64 Kbps	6.04	6.04	6.04
- Circuit Mileage Termination Per End			
2 x 56 Kbps (or) 2 x 64 Kbps	18.78	18.78	18.78
4 x 56 Kbps (or) 4 x 64 Kbps	37.55	37.55	37.55
6 x 56 Kbps (or) 6 x 64 Kbps	56.33	56.33	56.33

7.12 Individual Case Filing

Rates and charges for Special Access Service provided on an individual case basis are filed following:

Reserved for future use.

8. Miscellaneous Services

In this section normally scheduled working hours are an employee's scheduled work period in any given calendar day (e.g., 7:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.) for the application of rates based on working hours. Basic Time is that time during normally scheduled working hours. Overtime is that time outside of normally scheduled working hours on scheduled working days. Premium Time is that time outside of normally scheduled working days.

A call-out of a Telephone Company employee at a time not consecutive with the employee's scheduled work period is subject to a minimum charge of four hours. Work subject to Premium Time is always subject to a minimum charge of four hours.

8.1 Additional Engineering

Additional Engineering will be provided by the Telephone Company at the request of the customer or when the Telephone Company determines that Additional Engineering is necessary to accommodate a customer's request.

Additional Engineering is provided when:

(A) A customer requests additional technical information beyond that normally included by the Telephone Company on the Design Layout Report (DLR) as set forth in 6.4(F) and 7.1.6.

(B) Additional engineering time is incurred by the Telephone Company to engineer a customer's specific written request for a customized service or additional engineering activities which are not normally performed in the provision of services under this tariff.

The Telephone Company will notify the customer that Additional Engineering charges, as set forth in 8.1.1 following, will apply before any additional engineering is undertaken. When it is required, the customer will be so notified and will be furnished with a written statement setting forth the justification for the Additional Engineering as well as an estimate of the charges. If the customer agrees to the Additional Engineering, a firm order will be established. If the customer does not want the service or facilities after being notified that Additional Engineering of Telephone Company facilities is required, the order will be withdrawn and no charges will apply. Once a firm order has been established, the total charge to the customer for the Additional Engineering may not exceed the estimated amount by more than 10%.

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8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.1 Additional Engineering (Cont'd)

8.1.1 Charges for Additional Engineering

The charges for Additional Engineering are as follows:

	Basic Time	Overtime
Per Engineer, Per Hour or Fraction Thereof	$ 34.64	$ 41.10

8.2 Additional Labor

Additional labor is that labor requested and authorized by the customer on a given service and agreed to by the Telephone Company as set forth in 8.2.1 through 8.2.5 following. The Telephone Company will notify the customer that additional labor charges as set forth in this tariff will apply before any additional labor is undertaken.

8.2.1 Overtime Installation
Overtime installation is that Telephone Company installation effort performed outside of normally scheduled working hours.

8.2.2 Overtime Repair

Overtime repair is that Telephone Company maintenance effort performed outside of normally scheduled working hours.

8.2.3 Stand by

Stand by includes all time in excess of one-half (1/2) hour during which Telephone Company personnel stand by to make installation acceptance tests or cooperative tests with a customer on a given service.

8.2.4 Maintenance with Other Telephone Companies

Additional labor charges apply to additional maintenance or repair of facilities which connect to facilities of other telephone companies. This is in addition to the normal efforts required to maintain or repair facilities provided solely by the Telephone Company, as set forth in 2.1.1(C).

8.2.5 Other Labor

Other labor is that additional labor not included in 8.2.1 through 8.2.4 preceding. This includes labor incurred to accommodate a specified customer request that involves only labor which is not covered by any other section of this tariff.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.2 Additional Labor (Cont'd)

8.2.5 Charges for Additional Labor

The charges for additional labor are as follows:

Per Technician, Per Hour, or Fraction Thereof

	Basic Time	Overtime	Premium Time*
Per Technician, Per Hour, or Fraction Thereof	$28.30	$33.20	$38.10

* A call-out of a Company employee at a time not consecutive with the employee's scheduled work period is subject to a minimum charge of four hours.

8.3 Maintenance of Service

(A) The customer will be responsible for reporting troubles sectionalized to Telephone Company facilities and/or equipment. When trouble cannot be clearly sectionalized to the Telephone Company facilities and/or equipment, the Telephone Company will test cooperatively or independently to assist in trouble sectionalization.

When a customer reports a trouble to the Telephone Company for clearance and no trouble is found in the Telephone Company's facilities, the customer shall be responsible for payment of a Maintenance of Service charge for the period of time from when Telephone Company personnel are dispatched to the customer's or customer's end user premises to when the work is completed. Failure of Telephone Company personnel to find trouble in Telephone Company facilities will result in no charge if the trouble is actually in those facilities, but not discovered at the time.

(B) The customer shall be responsible for payment of a Maintenance of Service charge when the Telephone Company dispatches personnel to the customer's premises, and the trouble is in equipment or communications systems provided by other than the Telephone Company or in detariffed CPE provided by the Telephone Company.

In either (A) or (B) preceding, no credit allowance will be applicable for the interruption involved if the Maintenance of Service Charge applies.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.3 Maintenance of Service (Cont'd)

(C) The charge for Maintenance of Service are as follows:

Maintenance of Service Periods	Per Technician
Per occurrence	The charges for Maintenance of Service are the same as those set for Additional Labor as set forth in 8.2 preceding.

8.4 Additional Testing

Testing Services provides for the use of a Telephone Company technician in performing specific tests authorized by the customer including additional testing of facilities which connect to facilities of other telephone companies. Testing Services offered under this section of the tariff are optional and are in addition to acceptance tests and in-service tests performed by the Telephone Company as described in 6.4 (G) and 7.1.8 preceding. Testing Services are made subject to the availability of the necessary qualified personnel and test equipment at the requested test locations.

Testing Services consist of Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing (ACAT) which is performed during installation of Access Services and Nonscheduled Testing (NST) which is performed after acceptance of Access Services by the customer. Rates and charges for Testing Service are set forth in 8.4(C) following.

The Telephone Company will provide, upon request, documentation that lists the results of the tests performed. Trunk test failures requiring customer participation for trouble resolution will be provided to the customer on an as-occurs basis.

(A) Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing

Rates and charges for Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing of Switched and Special Access Services apply per technician used.

(1) Switched Access Service

Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing (ACAT) of Switched Access Service is performed at the time of installation and involves the Telephone Company provision of a technician at its office(s) and the customer provides a technician at its premises, with suitable test equipment to perform the required tests. The Telephone Company may, at the request of the customer, supply a technician at the customer's premises to perform the required tests.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.4 Additional Testing (Cont'd)

(A) Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing (Cont'd)

(1) Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing may, for example, consist of the following tests:

- C-Notched Noise
- Impulse Noise
- Phase Jitter
- Signal to C-Notched Noise Ratio
- Intermodulation Distortion (Nonlinear)
- Frequency Shift (Offset)
- Envelope Delay Distortion
- Dial Pulse Percent Break

(2) Special Access Service

When a customer provides a technician at its premises or at an end user's premises, with suitable test equipment to perform the requested tests, the Telephone Company may provide a technician at its office for the purpose of conducting Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing on Voice Grade Services at the time of installation. At the customer's request, the Telephone Company may provide a technician at the customer's premises or at the end user premises: These tests may, e.g., consist of the following:

- Attenuation Distortion (i.e., frequency response)
- Intermodulation Distortion (i.e., harmonic distortion)
- Phase Jitter
- Impulse Noise
- Envelope Delay Distortion
- Echo Control
- Frequency Shift

(B) Nonscheduled Testing

Nonscheduled tests are performed by the Telephone Company "on demand." When a customer provides a technician at its premises with suitable test equipment to perform the required tests, the Telephone Company may provide a technician at its office for the purpose of conducting Nonscheduled Testing of Switched or Special Access services. At the customer's request, the Telephone Company may provide a technician at the customer's premises. Nonscheduled tests may consist of any tests, e.g., loss, noise, slope, envelope delay, which the customer may require. Rates and charges for Nonscheduled Testing apply per technician used.

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8. Miscellaneous Services

8.4 Additional Testing (Cont'd)

(C) Rates and Charges

The charges for Additional Testing are as follows:

	Basic Time	Overtime	Premium Time*
Per Technician, Per Hour, or Fraction Thereof	$28.30	$33.20	$38.10

* A call-out of a Company employee at a time not consecutive with the employee's scheduled work period is subject to a minimum charge of four hours.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.5 Balloting and Allocation Process for Equal Access

(A) IPIC Charge Application

In end offices converted to Equal Access new end users, end user agents, and resellers of Pay Telephones and multi-party end users who upgrade to individual lines must presubscribe to the end IPIC of their choice at the time an order is placed for service. The IPIC may be an IC or LEC (the Telephone Company or another LEC). Upon the end user, end user agent, or reseller's selection of the IPIC, at the time of placing an order, a confirmation notice will be sent identifying the IC selected as the IPIC. From the date of the confirmation notice, he will have 90 days to change his presubscription selection without a charge. If an IPIC is not chosen at the time the order for service is submitted, the end user, end user agent, or reseller will be sent a confirmation notice which contains a list of ICs with FGD or BSA-D providing interLATA service and/or a list of ICs and LECs providing intraLATA service, and will be informed that they have 90 days to contact the IC and/or LEC of their choice or the Telephone Company to apply for the IPIC arrangement. If notice is received by the Telephone Company within 90 days of the in-service date for local service or upgrade, no charge will be billed to the end user, end user agent, or reseller. If notice is received after 90 days, the end user, end user agent, or reseller will be billed a nonrecurring charge for each IPIC as in 8.5 (E). Until the end user, end user agent, or reseller receives service from the selected carrier, he may access the carrier of his choice by dialing the appropriate 101XXXX carrier identification code.

The Telephone Company will make post conversion changes in the end user's, end user agent's or resellers IPIC assignment pursuant to an IC or LEC provided list of Customers accepted by the Telephone Company. Should an end user, end user agent, or reseller dispute authorization of the change within two years of the IPIC assignment, the Telephone Company will place the end user on the previous carrier network where possible and the carrier will be billed according to 8.5(B).

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.5 Balloting and Allocation Process for Equal Access (Continued)

(B) Unauthorized Primary IntraLATA Carrier (IPIC) Restoral Change

An Unauthorized IPIC Change is a change in the preferred IPIC IC that the end user or Pay Telephone Service Provider denies authorizing.

If an end user or Pay Telephone Service Provider denies requesting a change of IPIC IC as submitted by the alleged unauthorized IC, the alleged unauthorized IC will be assessed the IPIC Charge as specified in 8.5 (E) for:

- Changing the end user or Pay Telephone Service Provider to the disputed IC, and

- Placing the end user or Pay Telephone Service Provider on their previous IC network or the IC network or their choice.

In accordance with the Federal Communications Commission's Slamming Liability Rules in CC Docket 94-129, if an alleged unauthorized carrier is ultimately exonerated of liability, the alleged unauthorized carrier is ultimately exonerated of liability, the alleged unauthorized IC is entitled to receive full payment from the end user or Pay Telephone Service Provider for all services provided. In such situations, IPIC Charges assessed against the alleged unauthorized IC by the Telephone Company are subject to rebilling to the end user or Pay Telephone Service Provider by the alleged unauthorized IC.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.5 Balloting and Allocation Process for Equal Access (Continued)

(C) Liability of the Telephone Company

If through the fault of the Telephone Company, the end user, end user agent, or reseller is not subscribed to its chosen IPIC, the nonrecurring charges in 8.5 (E) do not apply to reassign the end user, end user agent, or reseller to his chosen IPIC.

(D) Carrier Desired Due Date (ICDDD) for IPIC Installation

An IC or LEC may request a desired due date for IPIC installation for a specific, single end user, end user agent, or reseller acting on behalf of an end user post equal access conversion. This ICDDD is a mutually agree upon negotiated due date, determined to be between 3 and 45 business days from the date of receipt of the order. The carrier must coordinate the ICDDD with the Telephone Company prior to sending in the first order.

The ICDDD does not apply to routine lists provided by the carrier. The nonrecurring Charge for IPIC as set forth in 8.5 (E), applies to each line converted to the carrier requesting ICDDD. This charge will be billed to the carrier's end user Customer.

(E) Nonrecurring Charge for Primary IntraLATA Carrier (IPIC)

The nonrecurring charge for IPIC is as follows:

	Nonrecurring Charge
Per Telephone Company Local Service Line or Trunk	$ 5.00

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.5 Balloting and Allocation Process for Equal Access (Continued)

(E) (Continued)

	Nonrecurring Charge
(2) Per Telephone Company Public and Semipublic Pay Telephone and Public Coinless Telephone Lines	$22.45

8.5.1 End User/Agent Lists

(A) Presubscription List

(1) InterLATA Equal Access

Prior to conversion to equal access (i.e., introduction of FGD or BSA-D in an end office switch) an IC may request a list of the Telephone Company's end users and agents of record served from that end office switch. The Presubscription List will be provided as follows:

(a) The Telephone Company will provide a list from its customer data base. The list may be provided on magnetic tape, electronic transmission or paper printout, at the option of the IC, at rates provided in 8.5.1(A) Foreign listings, PBX stations, CU Centrex stations and numbers not in service will not be provided.

(1) The initial list will be provided to the IC no later than 30 days after receipt of the order and payment by the IC of charges as set forth in 8.5.1(A). The nonrecurring charge for the initial list applies per order. A single order may contain all end offices having the same equal access conversion date. The telephone number will not be provided if an end user or agent has a nonpublished number.

(2) The Account Activity List, which includes a listing of all changes to the customer data base, since the initial list was produced, will be provided on a cyclic basis. The Account Activity List will only include information for those end users and agents that are presubscribed to the IC (including end users and agents with nonpublished numbers) for the sole purpose of updating the IC's customer account information. There is no charge for this list.

(b) The IC agrees to use the Initial and Account Activity Lists for the sole purpose of either contacting potential customers/agents, or existing customers/ agents, regarding interexchange telecommunications services available through equal access to be obtained from the Telephone Company or for the purpose of updating IC customer/agent account information. The IC agrees not to sell, or reproduce in any manner, in whole or in part, the lists or permit such to be done.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.5 Balloting and Allocation Process for Equal Access (Continued)

8.5.1 End User/Agent Lists (Continued)

(A) Presubscription List (Continued)

(1) InterLATA Equal Access (Continued)

(c) The IC shall indemnify, protect and save harmless the Telephone Company from and against any and all loss, liability, damages and expense arising out of any demand, claim, suit or judgment for damages which may arise out of the Telephone Company's supplying of listing information, services or records.

(d) The Telephone Company and the IC agree that the mutual objective of the parties is to conduct their respective businesses to avoid confusion by the end users and agents as to the separate and independent identity of the respective companies and their services. Neither the Telephone Company nor the IC shall make any representation to end users, the public, prospective advertisers, expressed or implied, written or oral, which would imply that the IC is the same as, a part of, or associated with the Telephone Company.

(e) This service may be terminated by either the Telephone Company or the IC upon thirty (30) days' written notice. The Telephone Company reserves the right to terminate this service immediately upon written notice if the IC misuses the list information. Performance by the Telephone Company shall be excused in the event of strike, riot, act of God or any other cause beyond the reasonable control of the Telephone Company.

(2) IntraLATA Equal Access

Prior to conversion to intraLATA equal access an IC or LEC may request a list of the Telephone Company's end users of record served from that end office switch. A single Presubscription List will be provided to intraLATA toll providers as follows:

(a) The Telephone Company will provide a list from its Customer data base. The list may be provided on magnetic tape, electronic transmission or paper printout, at the option of the IC or LEC, at rates provided in 8.5.2(A) Foreign listings, PBX stations, CU centrex stations, public coin station and numbers not in service will not be provided.

(1) The Initial List will be provided to the IC or LEC no later than 30 days after receipt of the order and payment by the IC or LEC of charges in 8.5.2(A). The nonrecurring charge for the Initial List applies per order. A single order may contain all end offices having the same intraLATA equal access conversion date. The telephone number will not be provided if an end user has a nonpublished number.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.5 Balloting and Allocation Process for Equal Access (Continued)

8.5.1 End User/Agent Lists (Continued)

(A) Presubscription List (Continued)

(2) IntraLATA Equal Access (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

(2) The Account Activity List, which includes a listing of all changes to the Customer data base, since the Initial List was produced, will be provided on a cyclic basis. The Account Activity List will only include information for those end users that are presubscribed to the IC or LEC (including end users with nonpublished numbers) for the sole purpose of updating the IC's or LEC's customer account information. There is no charge for this list.

(b) The IC or LEC agrees to use the Initial List for the sole purpose of contacting potential customers, or existing customers, regarding intraLATA telecommunications services available through equal access to be obtained from the Telephone Company. The IC or LEC agrees not to sell, or reproduce in any manner, in whole or in part, the lists or permit such to be done.

(c) The IC or LEC shall indemnify, protect and save harmless the Telephone Company from and against any and all loss, liability, damages and expense arising out of any demand, claim, suit or judgment for damages which may arise out of the Telephone Company's supplying of listing information, services or records.

(d) The Telephone Company and the IC or LEC agree that the mutual objective of the parties is to conduct their respective businesses to avoid confusion by the end users as to the separate and independent identity of the respective companies and their services. Neither the Telephone Company nor the IC or LEC shall make any representation to end users, the public, prospective advertisers, expressed or implied, written or oral, which would imply that the IC or LEC is the same as, a part of, or associated with the Telephone Company.

(e) This service may be terminated by either the Telephone Company or the IC or LEC upon thirty (30) days' written notice. The Telephone Company reserves the right to terminate this service immediately upon written notice if the IC or LEC misuses the list information. Performance by the Telephone Company shall be excused in the event of strike, riot, act of God or any other cause beyond the reasonable control of the Telephone Company.

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8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.5 Balloting and Allocation Process for Equal Access (Continued)

8.5.1 End User/Agent Lists (Continued)

(B) Allocation Lists

(1) The Telephone Company will provide to the IC or LEC, at no charge, a list of end users and agents that have been allocated to the IC or LEC as described in 8.5(B). This list will be provided after the Balloting and Allocation Process occurs.

(2) A list of all end users and agents who have been allocated, in accordance with 8.5(B), will be available to an IC or LEC upon request. Charges in 8.5.2(A) will apply. The nonrecurring charge for the Allocation List applies each time the IC or LEC orders the service. A single order may contain all end offices having the same equal access conversion date.

8.5.2 End User/Agent Lists - Rates and Charges

(A) Initial and Allocation Lists

Nonrecurring Charge Per ASR	Initial List Per Customer Account*	Allocation List Per Listing*
$ 50.00	$ .03	$ .03

* For the purpose of the Initial Lists a customer and agent is defined in Section 2.6 preceding. For the purpose of the Allocation list, a listing is defined as an end user or agent record eligible for a Predesignated Interexchange Carrier Selection.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.6 (Reserved for Future Use)

8.7 Miscellaneous Equipment

(A) Controller Arrangement

This arrangement enables the customer to control up to 48 transfer functions at a Telephone Company central office via a remote keyboard terminal capable of either 300 or 1200 bps operation. Included as part of the Controller Arrangement is a dial-up data station located at the Telephone Company Central Office to provide access to the Controller Arrangement. This dial-up data station consists of a 212A DATAPHONE data set and an appropriate Telephone Company provided channel.

The Controller Arrangement must be located in the same Telephone Company central office as the transfer functions which it controls.

	Monthly Charge
- Per arrangement	$100.00

8.8 Telecommunications Service Priority

8.8.1 General

The Telephone Company will arrange a Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) installation and service restoration classification on receipt of certification in conformance with Part 64, Subpart D, Appendix A of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.

The TSP System is a service, developed to meet the requirements of the Federal Government, for the priority installation and/or restoration of NSEP telecommunications services. These include both Switched and Special Access Services. The TSP System applies only to NSEP telecommunications services and requires and authorizes priority action by the Telephone Company.

The TSP System shall be provided in accordance with the guidelines set forth in "Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) System for National Security Emergency Preparedness (NSEP) Service Vendor Handbook" (NCS) H 3-1-2 dated July 9, 1990 and "Telecommunications Security Emergency Preparedness (NSEP) Service User Manual" (NCS) M 3-1-1.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.8 Telecommunications Service Priority (Cont'd)

8.8.2 Priority Installation

Expedited order charges, as set forth in Section 5.3.1.(D), are applicable to access orders submitted with a TSP installation priority. Access orders requiring the special construction of facilities will be subject to the regulations, rates and charges of Tariff F.C.C. No. 4, Special Construction.

8.8.3 Priority Restoration

(A) New orders with priority level assignments will be provisioned in accordance with the guidelines established for TSP. The Telephone Company will not accept orders for new Restoration Priority System (RP) circuits after September 10, 1990. Applications for circuits previously provisioned under RP must be resubmitted for provisioning in accordance with the guidelines established for TSP during the 30-month transition period between September 10, 1990 through March 10, 1993. The Nonrecurring Charge as set forth in 8.8.4(B) will apply to RP orders resubmitted for provisioning under the TSP System. After the transition period, the Telephone Company will discontinue any RP assignments remaining on record.

(B) Under certain conditions it may be necessary to preempt one or more customer services with a lower or no restoration priority in order to install or restor NSEP telecommunications service(s) of a higher priority. If such preemption is necessary, and if circumstances permit, the Telephone Company will make reasonable effort to notify the preempted service customer of the action to be taken.

(C) No additional charge applies to the implementation of a Priority Restoration level submitted concurrent with the initial order to install the Switched or Special Access Service. The nonrecurring charge set forth in 8.8.4(B) following will apply to any request to change or add a Priority Restoration level on an existing Switched or Special Access Service.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.8 Telecommunications Service Priority (Cont'd)

8.8.4 Rates and Charges

The following rates and charges are in addition to all other rates and charges that may be applicable for other services that may be furnished the provisions of this tariff which operate in conjunction with the TSP System.

(A) Priority Installation of an Access Service.

(1)	Expedited Orders	Regulations, rates and charges are the same as those set forth in 5.3.1(D) preceding for Switched and Special Access Service.
(2)	Utilization of Specially Constructed Facilities.	Regulations, rates and charges are the same as those set forth in Tariff F.C.C. No. 4, Special Construction of facilities.

(B) Priority Restoration (PR) Level Implementation on an Access Service.

	Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charges
(1)	When the PR level is implemented concurrent with the initial ASR.	None
(2)	When the PR level is added or changed on an existing Access Service.	None

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.9 Billing Name and Address Service (BNAS)

The Telephone Company will, upon request, provide Billing Name and Address Services (BNAS) to a Telecommunications Service Provider (customer), or its authorized billing and collection agent. Telecommunications Service Providers include interexchange carriers, operator service providers, enhanced service providers, and any other provider of intrastate telecommunications services. There are three BNAS offerings available pursuant to this tariff, Per Call/Periodic BNA, Data Gathering Service (DGS), and End User Validation List.

(A) Per Call/Periodic BNA and Data Gathering Service

Per Call/Periodic BNA is the billing name and address information and Data Gathering is the billing telephone number, name, address and associated working telephone number information for customer provided ten digit end user telephone numbers required by the Telecommunications Service Provider customer to bill for calls placed within a specific time period. Per Call/Periodic BNA and DGS are offered subject to the conditions set forth in the following:

(1) A standard format for the receipt and provision of telephone number and billing name and address information will be established by the Telephone Company. Charges for each Per Call/Periodic BNA searched for and found or searched for and not found will be billed at rates in 8.9.1(A). Charges for each record accessed for DGS are set forth under 8.9.1(B). Per Call/Periodic BNA and DGS will be provided via magnetic tape, electronic transmission, or paper format, at the option of the customer, at rates in 8.9.1. The processing fee will be applied once per calendar year for BNAS processing done within that calendar year.

(2) The customer must order Per Call/Periodic BNA or DGS and provide test data tape at least 30 days prior to delivery of the first customer order.

(3) The frequency for receipt of the customer provided orders for Per Call/Periodic BNA or DGS will be no more than twice monthly and at intervals mutually agreed upon between the Telephone Company and the customer. The customer provided end user telephone numbers will be programmed by the Telephone Company with the proper end user's billing name and address contained in the Telephone Company's file at that time.

(4) Per Call/Periodic BNA and DGS information for nonlisted/nonpublished end user telephone numbers will be provided unless the nonlisted/nonpublished end user provides notice of nonconsent to the Telephone Company of nonconsent to the release of the BNA/DGS data. Within 30 days of receipt of such notice, the Telephone Company will discontinue disclosure of the nonlisted/nonpublished BNA/DGS data.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.9 Billing Name and Address Service (BNAS) (Cont'd)

(A) Per Call/Periodic BNA and Data Gathering Service (Cont'd)

(5) For other than electronic transmission, the output records will be sent to the customer via first class U. S. Mail. The output records will normally be made available for mailing ten workdays after receipt of the customer order or at an interval mutually agreed upon. Availability may be delayed in case of input errors in the customer provided order.

(6) The customer may request data be transmitted. Data transmission charges will be determined on an ICB. Data transmission hardware and software specifications will be mutually agreed upon by the Telephone Company and the customer.

(7) Per Call/Periodic BNA and DGS detail will not be retained by the Telephone Company longer than 45 days. If the customer requests that the output be made available on a second occasion, such request must occur within 30 days from the date the first was made.

(8) Any customer, provided Per Call/Periodic BNA or DGS pursuant to this tariff, agrees to abide by all applicable rules, decisions, orders, statutes and laws concerning the disclosure of published and nonpublished telephone numbers, and further agrees to use the information contained therein only for the purpose of billing for services provided to their end users.

(9) In no case shall any customer or authorized billing and collection agent of a customer disclose the billing name and address information of any subscriber to any third party, except that a customer may disclose BNA/DGS information to its authorized billing and collection agent or to governmental law enforcement agencies.

(10) Conditions regarding refusal or discontinuance of this service are set forth in 2.1.8.

(B) End User Validation List

End User Validation Lists provide for the disclosure of all or a portion of end user/agent data available from the Telephone Company's records, to a Telecommunications Service Provider (customer), for purposes other than billing, and in compliance with the conditions set forth in Part 64.1201(c)(1) of the FCC's Rules and Regulations. In addition, End User Validation List Service is offered subject to the conditions set forth in 8.9(A)(9) above, and the following:

(1) Standard End User Validation Lists will be provided in three (3) files, business, coin (semipublic and public paystations) and residence. Nonlisted/nonpublished information will be excluded, with the exception of nonlisted public paystations. The lists may be ordered on a national, multi-state or state level basis, at the option of the customer, for any of the Telephone Company's jurisdictions subject to this tariff, unless prohibited by state regulation or state statute. Rates for the standard End User Validation List are set forth under 8.9.1(C).

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.9 Billing Name and Address Service (BNAS) (Cont'd)

(B) End User Validation List (Cont'd)

(2) Per calendar year, the customer may request up to two (2) lists per state for business, coin, and residence listings.

(3) A standard format will be established by the Telephone Company. Requests for special list sorts will be limited to an end user list separating those that are presubscribed to the requesting customer, and/or those that are not. The rate, per record, applicable to special sorts is set forth under 8.9.1(C).

(4) Each request shall be treated as a new request. Requests for updates from previous lists will not be provided.

(5) The customer shall have fifteen (15) business days from the date of delivery of a list to request any investigation of issues arising from the provision of the list.

(6) End User Validation Lists will normally be provided to the customer within thirty calendar days after receipt of a request and within ten (10) business days of extraction, or at an interval mutually agreed upon. The administrative fee set forth under 8.9.1(C) applies per request, whether ordered on a per state, multi-state, or national level.

(7) Conditions regarding refusal or discontinuance of this service are set forth in 2.1.8.

8.9.1 Rates and Charges

(A) Per Call/Periodic BNA

(1)	Billing Name and Address Found, each	$ .25
(2)	Billing Name and Address Not Found, each	.25
(3)	Processing Fee*, Paper Report, Electronic Transmission, or Magnetic Tape/Each	50.00

* Applies once per calendar year for BNA processing done within that calendar year.

8. Miscellaneous Services (Cont'd)

8.9 Billing Name and Address Service (BNAS) (Cont'd)

8.9.1 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(B) Data Gathering Service

(1)	Per Record Accessed	$ .18
(2)	Processing Fee*, Paper Report, Electronic Transmission, or Magnetic Tape/Each	75.00

(C) End User Validation List

(1)	Standard Sort, Per Record Provided	.034
(2)	Administrative Fee	
	Paper Report, Electronic Transmission or Magnetic Tape/Per Request	78.00
(3)	Special Sort, Per Record Provided	.054

* Applies once per calendar year for DGS processing done within that calendar year.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes

9.1 Local Transport Interface Groups

Ten Interface Groups are provided for terminating the Local Transport at the customer's premises. Each Interface Group provides a specified premises interface code (e.g., two-wire, four-wire, DS1, etc.). At the option of the customer and where transmission facilities permit, the individual transmission path between the customer's premises and the first point of switching may be provided with optional features as set forth in Section 6.3.1 preceding.

As a result of the customer's access order and the type of Telephone Company transport facilities serving the customer's premises, the need for signaling conversions or two-wire to four-wire conversions, or the need to terminate digital or high frequency facilities in channel bank equipment may require that Telephone Company equipment be placed at the customer's premises. For example, if a voice frequency interface is ordered by the customer and the Telephone Company facilities serving the customers premises are digital, then Telephone Company channel bank equipment must be placed at the customer's premises in order to provide the voice frequency interface ordered by the customer.

Interface Group 1 is provided with Type C Transmission Specifications, and Interface Groups 2 through 10 are provided with Type A or B Transmission Specifications, depending on the Feature Group or Basic Serving Arrangement and whether the Access Service is routed directly or through all access tandem. All Interface Groups are provided with Data Transmission Parameters.

Only certain premises interfaces are available at the customer's premises. The premises interfaces codes associated with the Interface Groups may vary among Feature Groups and Basic Serving Arrangements. The various premises interfaces codes which are available with the Interface Groups or Basic Serving Arrangements, and the Feature Groups with which they may be used, are set forth in Section 9.1.11 following.

For each of the ten Interface Groups described following, the transmission path between the point of termination at the customer's premises and the first point of switching may be comprised of any form or configuration of plant and equipment capable of and typically used in the telecommunications industry for the transmission of voice and associated telephone signals within the frequency bandwidth of 300 to 3000 Hz.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.1 Local Transport Interface Groups (Cont'd)

9.1.1 Interface Group 1

Interface Group 1 provides a two-wire voice frequency transmission path at the point of termination at the customer's premises. Interface Group 1 is not provided in association with FGC, FGD, BSA-C and BSA-D when the first point of switching is an access tandem. In addition, Interface Group 1 is not provided in association with FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C or BSA-D when the first point of switching can only provide four-wire terminations.

The interface is provided with loop supervisory signaling. When the interface is associated with FGA or BSA-A, such signaling will be loop start or ground start signaling. When the interface is associated with FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C or BSA-D, such signaling will be reverse battery signaling. When FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C or BSA-D access service is associated with a two-way calling interface, E&M signaling shall be used.

9.1.2 Interface Group 2

Interface Group 2 provides four-wire voice frequency transmission at the point of termination at the customer's premises. The interface is provided with loop supervisory signaling. When the interface is associated with FGA or BSA-A, such signaling will be loop start or ground start signaling. When the interface is associated with FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C or BSA-D, such signaling, except for two-way calling which is E&M signaling, will be reverse battery signaling.

9.1.3 Interface Group 3

Interface group 3 provides group level analog transmission at the point of termination at the customer's premises. The interface is capable of transmitting electrical signals between the frequencies of 60 to 180 kHz, with the capability to channelize up to 12 voice frequency transmission paths. Certain frequencies within the bandwidth of the Interface Group are reserved for Telephone Company use, e.g., pilot and carrier group alarm tones. Before the first point of switching, the Telephone Company will provide multiplex equipment to derive 12 transmission paths with a frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz.

The interface is provided with SF supervisory signaling for each individual transmission channel.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.1 Local Transport Interface Groups (Cont'd)

9.1.4 Interface Group 4

Interface group 4 provides supergroup level analog transmission at the point of termination at the customer's premises. The interface is capable of transmitting electrical signals between the frequencies of 312 to 552 kHz, with the capability to channelize up to 60 voice frequency transmission paths. Certain frequencies within the bandwidth of the Interface Group are reserved for Telephone Company use, e.g., pilot and carrier group alarm tones. Before the first point of switching, the Telephone Company will provide multiplex and channel bank equipment to derive 60 transmission paths with a frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz.

The interface is provided with SF supervisory signaling for each individual transmission channel.

The provision of Interface Group 4 facilities will be continued for existing customers only.

9.1.5 Interface Group 5

Interface Group 5 provides mastergroup level analog transmission at the point of termination at the customer's premises. The interface is capable of transmitting electrical signals between the frequencies of 564 to 3084 kHz, with the capability to channelize up to 600 voice frequency transmission paths. Certain frequencies within the bandwidth of the Interface Group are reserved for Telephone Company use, e.g., pilot and carrier group alarm tones. Before the first point of switching, the Telephone Company will provide multiplex and channel bank equipment to derive 600 transmission paths with a frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz.

The interface is provided with SF supervisory signaling for each individual transmission channel.

The provision of Interface Group 5 facilities will be continued for existing customers only.

9.1.6 Interface Group 6

Interface Group 6 provides DS1 level digital transmission at the point of termination at the customer's premises. The interface is capable of transmitting electrical signals at a nominal 1.544 Mbps, with the capability to channelize up to 24 voice frequency transmission paths. Before the first point of switching, when analog switching utilizing analog terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide multiplex and channel bank equipment to derive 24 transmission paths with a frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. When digital switching or analog switching with digital carrier terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide, at the first point of switching, a DS1 signal in D3/D4 format.

The interface is provided with bit stream supervisory signaling for each individual transmission channel.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.1 Local Transport Interface Groups (Cont'd)

9.1.7 Interface Group 7

Interface Group 7 provides DS1C level digital transmission at the point of termination at the customer's premises. The interface is capable of transmitting electrical signals at a nominal 3.152 Mbps, with the capability to channelize up to 48 voice frequency transmission paths. Before the first point of switching, when analog switching utilizing analog terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide multiplex and channel bank equipment to derive up to 48 voice frequency transmission paths with a frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. When digital switching or analog switching with digital carrier terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide, at the first point of switching, DS1 signals in D3/D4 format.

The interface is provided with bit stream supervisory signaling for each individual transmission channel.

The provision of Interface Group 7 facilities will be continued for existing customers only.

9.1.8 Interface Group 8

Interface Group 8 provides DS2 level digital transmission at the point of termination at the customer's premises. The interface is capable of transmitting electrical signals at a nominal 6.312 Mbps, with the capability to channelize up to 96 voice frequency transmission paths. Before the first point of switching, when analog switching utilizing analog terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide multiplex and channel bank equipment in its office to derive up to 96 transmission paths with a frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. When digital switching, or analog switching with digital carrier terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide, at the first point of switching, DS1 signals in D3/D4 format.

The interface is provided with bit stream supervisory signaling for each individual transmission channel.

Interface Group 8 is provided on an Individual Case Basis.

9.1.9 Interface Group 9

Interface Group 9 provides DS3 level digital transmission at the point of termination at the customer's premises. The interface is capable of transmitting electrical signals at a nominal 44.736 Mbps, with the capability to channelize up to 672 voice frequency transmission paths. Before the first point of switching, when analog switching utilizing analog terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide multiplex and channel bank equipment to derive up to 672 transmission paths with a frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. When digital switching, or analog switching with digital carrier terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide, at the first point of switching, DS1 signals in D3/D4 format.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.1 Local Transport Interface Groups (Cont'd)

9.1.9 Interface Group 9 (Cont'd)

The interface is provided with bit stream supervisory signaling for each individual transmission channel.

9.1.10 Interface Group 10

Interface Group 10 provides DS4 level digital transmission at the point of termination at the customer's premises. The interface is capable of transmitting electrical signals at a nominal 274.176 Mbps, with the capability to channelize up to 4032 voice frequency transmission paths. Before the first point of switching, when analog switching utilizing analog terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide multiplex and channel bank equipment to derive up to 4032 transmission paths with a frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. When digital switching or analog switching with digital carrier terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide, at the first point of switching, DS1 signals in D3/D4 format.
The interface is provided with bit stream supervisory signaling for each individual transmission channel.

Interface Group 10 is provided on an Individual Case Basis.

9.1.11 Available Premises Interface Codes

Following is a matrix showing which premises interface codes are available for each Interface Group as a function of the Telephone Company switch supervisory signaling and Feature Group. For explanations of these codes, see the Glossary of Channel Interface Codes in 9.3.1 following.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.1 Local Transport Interface Groups (Cont'd)

9.1.11 Available Premises Interface Codes (Cont'd)

Interface Group	Telephone Company Switch Supervisory Signaling	Premises Interface Code	Feature Group A	B	C	D
1	LO	2LS2	X			
	LO	2LS3	X			
	GO	2GS2	X			
	GO	2GS3	X			
	LO, GO	2DX3	X			
	LO, GO	4EA3-E	X			
	LO, GO	4EA3-M	X			
	LO, GO	6EB3-E	X			
	LO, GO	6EB3-M	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	2DX3		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4EA3-E		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4EA3-M		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	6EB3-E		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	6EB3-M		X	X	X
	EA, EB, EC	6EC3			X	X
	RV	2RV3-O		X	X	X
	RV	2RV3-T		X	X	X
2	LO, GO	4SF2	X			
	LO, GO	4SF3	X			
	LO	4LS2	X			
	LO	4LS3	X			
	LO	6LS2	X			
	GO	4GS2	X			
	GO	4GS3	X			
	GO	6GS2	X			
	LO, GO	4DX2	X			
	LO, GO	4DX3	X			
	LO, GO	6EA2-E	X			
	LO, GO	6EA2-M	X			
	LO, GO	8EB2-E	X			
	LO, GO	8EB2-M	X			
	LO, GO	6EX2-B	X			

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.1 Local Transport Interface Groups (Cont'd)

9.1.11 Available Premises Interface Codes (Cont'd)

Interface Group	Telephone Company Switch Supervisory Signaling	Premises Interface Code	Feature Group A	B	C	D
2 (Cont'd)	RV, EA, EB, EC	4SF2		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4SF3		X		
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DX2		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DX3		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	6DX2			X	
	RV, EA, EB, EC	6EA2-E		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	6EA2-M		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	8EB2-E		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	8EB2-M		X	X	X
	EA, EB, EC	8EC2-M			X	X
	RV	4RV2-O		X	X	X
	RV	4RV2-T		X	X	X
	RV	4RV3-O		X	X	
	RV	4RV3-T		X	X	
3	LO, GO	4AH5-B	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4AH5-B		X	X	X
4	LO, GO	4AH6-C	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4AH6-C		X	X	X
5	LO, GO	4AH6-D	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4AH6-D		X	X	X
6	LO, GO	4DS9-15	X			
	LO, GO	4DS9-15L	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DS9-15		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DS9-15L		X	X	X
7	LO, GO	4DS9-31	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DS9-32		X	X	X
	LO, GO	4DS9-31L	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DS9-31L		X	X	X

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.1 Local Transport Interface Groups (Cont'd)

9.1.11 Available Premises Interface Codes (Cont'd)

Interface Group	Telephone Company Switch Supervisory Signaling	Premises Interface Code	Feature Group A	B	C	D
8	LO, GO	4DSO-63	X			
	LO, GO	4DSO-63L	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DSO-63		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DSO-63L		X	X	X
9	LO, GO	4DS6-44	X			
	LO, GO	4DS6-44L	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DS6-44		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DS6-44L		X	X	X
10	LO, GO	4DS6-27	X			
	LO, GO	4DS6-27L	X			
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DS6-27		X	X	X
	RV, EA, EB, EC	4DS6-27L		X	X	X

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.2 Transmission Specifications for Switched Access Service

The Telephone Company will maintain existing transmission specifications on functioning service configurations installed prior to the effective date of this tariff except that service configurations having performance specifications exceeding the standards listed in this provision will be maintained at performance levels specified in this tariff.

The transmission specifications contained in this Section are immediate action limits. Acceptance limits are set forth in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000334. This Technical Reference also provides the basis for determining Switched Access Service maintenance limits.

9.2.1 Standard Transmission Specifications

Following are descriptions of the three Standard Transmission Specifications available with Switched Access Services. The specific applications in terms of the Switched Access Arrangements and Interface Groups with which the Switched Access Arrangement Standard Transmission Specifications are provided are set forth in 6.2 preceding.

(A) Type A Transmission Specifications

Type A Transmission Specifications is provided with the following parameters:

(1) Loss Deviation

The maximum Loss Deviation of the 1004 Hz loss relative to the Expected Measured Loss (EML) is ± 2.0 dB.

(2) Attenuation Distortion

The maximum Attenuation Distortion in the 404 to 2804 Hz frequency band relative to the loss 1004 Hz is -1.0 dB to +3.0 dB.

(3) C-Message Noise

The maximum C-Message Noise for the transmission path at the route miles listed is less than or equal to:

Route Miles	C-Message Noise
less than 50	32 dBrnCO
51 to 100	34 dBrnCO
101 to 200	37 dBrnCO
201 to 400	40 dBrnCO
401 to 1000	42 dBrnCO

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.2 Transmission Specifications for Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

9.2.1 Standard Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(A) Type A Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(4) C-Notch Noise

The maximum C-Notch Noise, utilizing a -16 dBmO holding tone, is less than or equal to 45 dBrnCO.

(5) Echo Control

Echo Control, identified as Impedance Balance for FGA, FGB, BSA-A and BSA-B and Equal Level Echo Path Loss for FGC, FGD, BSA-C and BSA-D and expressed as Echo Return Loss (ERL) and Singing Return Loss (SRL), and Singing Return Loss, is dependent on the routing, i.e., whether the service is routed directly from the customer's point of termination (POT) to the end office or via an access tandem. It is equal to or greater than the following:

	Echo Return Loss	Singing Return Loss
POT to Access Tandem	21 dB	14 dB
POT to End Office		
- Direct	N/A	N/A
- Via Access Tandem	16 dB	11 dB

(6) Standard Return Loss

Standard Return Loss expressed as Echo Return Loss and Singing Return Loss on two-wire ports of a four-wire point of termination shall be equal to or greater than:

Echo Return Loss	Singing Return Loss
5 dB	2.5 dB

(B) Type B Transmission Specifications

Type B Transmission Specifications is provided with the following parameters:

(1) Loss Deviation

The maximum Loss Deviation of the 1004 Hz loss relative to the Expected Measured Loss (EML) is ± 2.5 dB.

(2) Attenuation Distortion

The maximum Attenuation Distortion is the 404 to 2804 Hz frequency band relative to loss at 1004 Hz is -2.0 dB to +4.0 dB.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.2 Transmission Specifications for Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

9.2.1 Standard Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(B) Type B Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(3) C-Message Noise

The maximum C-Message Noise for the transmission path at the route miles listed is less than or equal to:

	C-Message Noise*	
Route Miles	Type B1	Type B2
less than 50	32 dBrnCO	35 dBrnCO
51 to 100	33 dBrnCO	37 dBrnCO
101 to 200	35 dBrnCO	40 dBrnCO
201 to 400	37 dBrnCO	43 dBrnCO
401 to 1000	39 dBrnCO	45 dBrnCO

(4) C-Notch Noise

The maximum C-Notch Noise, utilizing a -16 dBmO holding tone is less than or equal to 47 dBrnCO.

(5) Echo Control

Echo Control, identified as Impedance Balance for FGA and FGB and Equal Level Echo Path Loss for FGC and FGD, and expressed as Echo Return Loss (ERL) and Singing Return Loss (SRL), is dependent on the routing, i.e., whether the service is routed directly from the customer's point of termination (POT) to the end office or via an access tandem. The ERL and SRL also differ by Switched Access Service, type of termination, and type of transmission path. They are greater than or equal to the following:

* For Feature Groups C and D only Type B2 will be provided. For Feature Groups A and B, Type B1 or B2 will be provided as set forth in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000334.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.2 Transmission Specifications for Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

9.2.1 Standard Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(B) Type B Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(5) Echo Control (Cont'd)

	Echo Return Loss	Singing Return Loss
POT to Access Tandem - Terminated in 4-Wire trunk	21 dB	14 dB
POT to End Office - Terminated in 2-Wire trunk	16 dB	11 dB
POT to End Office		
- Direct	16 dB	11 dB
- Via Access Tandem		
For FGB and BSA-B access	8 dB	4 dB
For FGC and BSA-C access (Effective 4 Wire transmission path at end office)	16 dB	11 dB
For FGC and BSA-C access (Effective 2-Wire transmission path at end office)	13 dB	6 dB

(6) Standard Return Loss

Standard Return Loss, expressed as Echo Return Loss and Singing return Loss, on two-wire ports of a four-wire point of termination shall be equal to or greater than:

Echo Return Loss	Singing Return Loss
5 dB	2.5 dB

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.2 Transmission Specifications for Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

9.2.1 Standard Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(C) Type C Transmission Specifications

Type C Transmission Specifications is provided with the following parameters:

(1) Loss Deviation

The maximum Loss Deviation of the 1004 Hz loss relative to the Expected Measured Loss (EML) is ± 3.0 dB.

(2) Attenuation Distortion

The maximum Attenuation Distortion in the 404 to 2804 Hz frequency band relative to loss at 1004 Hz is -2.0 dB to +5.5 dB.

(3) C-Message Noise

The maximum C-Message Noise for the transmission path at the route miles listed is less than or equal to:

	C-Message Noise*	
Route Miles	Type B1	Type B2
less than 50	32 dBrnCO	38 dBrnCO
51 to 100	33 dBrnCO	39 dBrnCO
101 to 200	35 dBrnCO	41 dBrnCO
201 to 400	37 dBrnCO	43 dBrnCO
401 to 1,000	39 dBrnCO	45 dBrnCO

(4) C-Notch Noise

The maximum C-Notch Noise, utilizing a -16 dBmO holding tone is less than or equal to 47 dBrnCO.

* For FGC, FGD, BSA-C and BSA-D only Type C2 will be provided. For FGA, FGB, BSA-A and BSA-B, Type C1 or C2 will be provided as set forth in Technical Reference Publication TR-NPL-000334.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.2 Transmission Specifications for Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

9.2.1 Standard Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(C) Type C Transmission Specifications (Cont'd)

(5) Echo Control

Echo Control, identified as Return Loss and expressed as Echo Return Loss and Singing Return Loss is dependent on the routing, i.e., whether the service is routed directly from the customer's point of termination (POT) to the end office or via an access tandem. It is equal to or greater than the following:

	Echo Return Loss	Singing Return Loss
POT to Access Tandem	13 dB	6 dB
POT to End Office		
- Direct	13 dB	6 dB
- Via Access Tandem (For FGB and BSA-B only)	8 dB	4 dB

9.2.2 Data Transmission Parameters

Two types of Data Transmission Parameters, i.e., Type DA and Type DB, are provided for the Switched Access Service arrangements. The specific applications in terms of the Feature Groups with which they are provided are set forth in 6.2 preceding. In addition, the Combined Access Service Arrangement is provided with Data Transmission Parameters. Following are descriptions of each parameter.

(A) Data Transmission Parameters Type DA

(1) Signal to C-Notched Noise Ratio

The Signal to C-Notched Noise Ratio is equal to or greater than 33 dB.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.2 Transmission Specifications for Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

9.2.2 Data Transmission Parameters (Cont'd)

(A) Data Transmission Parameters Type DA (Cont'd)

(2) Envelope Delay Distortion

The maximum envelope Delay Distortion for the frequency bands and route miles specified is:

	604 to 2804 Hz
less than 30 route miles	500 microseconds
equal to or greater than 30 route miles	900 microseconds

	1004 to 2404 Hz
less than 50 route miles	200 microseconds
equal to or greater than 50 route miles	400 microseconds

(3) Impulse Noise Counts

The Impulse Noise Counts exceeding a 65 dBrnCO threshold in 15 minutes is no more than 15 counts.

(4) Intermodulation Distortion

The Second Order (R2) and Third Order (R3) Intermodulation Distortion products are equal to or greater than:

Second Order (R2)	33 dB
Third Order (R3)	37 dB

(5) Phase Jitter

The Phase Jitter over the 4-300 Hz frequency band is less than or equal to 5° peak-to-peak.

(6) Frequency Shift

The maximum Frequency Shift does not exceed -2 to +2 Hz.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.2 Transmission Specifications for Switched Access Service (Cont'd)

9.2.2 Data Transmission Parameters (Cont'd)

(B) Data Transmission Parameters Type DB

(1) Signal to C-Notched Noise Ratio

The signal to C-Notched Noise Ratio is equal to or greater than 30 dB.

(2) Envelope Delay Distortion

The maximum Envelope Delay Distortion for the frequency bands and route miles specified is:

	604 to 2804 Hz
less than 50 route miles	800 microseconds
equal to or greater than 50 route miles	1000 microseconds

	1004 to 2404 Hz
less than 50 route miles	320 microseconds
equal to or greater than 50 route miles	500 microseconds

(3) Impulse Noise Counts

The Impulse Noise Counts exceeding a 67 dBrnCO threshold in 15 minutes is no more than 15 counts.

(4) Intermodulation Distortion

The Second Order (R2) and Third Order (R3) Intermodulation Distortion products are equal to or greater than:

Second Order (R2)	31 dB
Third Order (R3)	34 dB

(5) Phase Jitter

The Phase Jitter over the 4-300 Hz frequency band is less than or equal to 7° peak-to-peak.

(6) Frequency Shift

The maximum frequency Shift does not exceed -2 to +2 Hz.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3 Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes

This section explains the Channel Interface codes and Network Channel codes that the customer must specify when ordering Special Access Service. Included is an example which explains the specific characters of the code, a glossary of Channel Interface codes, impedance levels, Network Channel codes and compatible Channel Interfaces.

Example: If the customer specifies a NT Network Channel Code and a 2DS8-3 Channel Interface at the customer's premises, the following is being requested:

NT = Metallic Circuit with a Predefined Technical Specification Package (1)
2 = Number of physical wires at customer premises
DS = Facility interface for direct current or voltage
8 = Variable impedance level
3 = Metallic facilities (DC continuity) for direct current/low frequency control signals or slow speed data (30 baud)

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3 Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3.1 Glossary of Channel Interface Codes and Options

Code	Option	Definition
AB -		accepts 20 Hz ringing signal at customer's point of termination
AC -		accepts 20 Hz ringing signal at customer's end user's point of termination
AH -		analog high capacity interface
-	B	60 kHz to 108 kHz (12 channels)
-	C	312 kHz to 552 kHz (60 channels)
-	D	564 kHz to 3084 kHz (600 channels)
CT -		Centrex Tie Trunk Termination
DA -		data stream in VF frequency band at customer's end user's point of termination
DB -		data stream in VF frequency band at customer's point of termination
-	10	VF for TG1 and TG2
-	43	VF for 43 Telegraph Carrier type signals, TG1 and TG2 DC -direct current or voltage
-	1	monitoring interface with series RC combination (McCulloh format)
-	2	Telephone Company energized alarm channel
-	3	Metallic facilities (DC continuity) for direct current/low frequency control signals or slow speed data (30 baud)
DD -		DATAPHONE Select-A-Station (and TABS) interface at customer's point of termination
DE -		DATAPHONE Select-A-Station (and TABS) interface at the customer's end user's point of termination
DS -		digital hierarchy interface
-	15	1.544 Mbps (DS1) format per PUB 41451 plus D4
-	15E	8-bit PCM encoded in one 64 kbps of the DS1 signal
-	15F	8-bit PCM encoded in two 64 kbps of the DS1 signal
-	15G	8-bit PCM encoded in three 64 kbps of the DS1 signal
-	15H	14/11-bit PCM encoded in six 64 kbps of the DS1 signal
-	15J	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3 Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3.1 Glossary of Channel Interface Codes and Options (Cont'd)

Code	Option	Definition
DS (Cont'd)		
-	15K	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451 plus extended framing format
-	15L	1.544 Mbps (DS1) with SF signaling
-	27	274.176 Mbps (DS4)
-	27L	274.176 Mbps (DS4) with SF signaling
-	31	3.152 Mbps (DS1C)
-	31L	3.152 Mbps (DS1C) with SF signaling
-	44	44.736 Mbps (DS3)
-	44L	44.736 Mbps (DS3) with SF signaling
-	63	6.312 Mbps (DS2)
-	63L	6.312 Mbps (DS2) with SF signaling
DU -		digital access interface
-	24	2.4 kbps
-	48	4.8 kbps
-	56	56.0 kbps
-	96	9.6 kbps
-	A	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451
-	B	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451 plus D4
-	C	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451 plus extended framing format
DX -		duplex signaling interface at customer's point of termination
DY -		duplex signaling interface at customer's end user's point of termination
EA -	E	type I E&M Lead Signaling. Customer at POT or customer's end user at POT originates on E Lead.
EA -	M	Type I E&M Lead Signaling. Customer at POT or customer's end user at POT originates on M Lead.
EB -	E	Type II E&M Lead Signaling. Customer at POT or customer's end user at POT originates on E Lead.
EB -	M	Type II E&M Lead Signaling. Customer at POT or customer's end user at POT originates on M Lead.

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3 Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3.1 Glossary of Channel Interface Codes and Options (Cont'd)

Code	Option	Definition
EC -		Type III E&M signaling at customer POT
EX -	A	tandem channel unit signaling for loop start or ground start and customer supplies open end (dial tone, etc.) functions.
EX -	B	tandem channel unit signaling for loop start or ground start and customer supplies closed end (dial pulsing,etc.) functions.
GO -		ground start loop signaling - open end function by customer or customer's end user.
GS -		ground start loop signaling - closed end function by customer or customer's end user
IA -		E.I.A. (25 pin RS-232)
LA -		end user loop start loop signaling - Type A OPS registered port open end
LB -		end user loop start loop signaling - Type B OPS registered port open end
LC -		end user loop start loop signaling - Type C OPS registered port open end
LO -		loop start loop signaling - open end function by customer or customer's end user
LR -		20 Hz automatic ringdown interface at customer with Telephone Company provided PLAR
LS -		loop start loop signaling - closed end function by customer or customer's end user
NO -		no signaling interface, transmission only
PG -		program transmission - no dc signaling
-	1	nominal frequency from 50 to 15000 Hz
-	3	nominal frequency from 200 to 3500 Hz
-	5	nominal frequency from 100 to 5000 Hz
-	8	nominal frequency from 50 to 8000 Hz

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3 Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3.1 Glossary of Channel Interface Codes and Options (Cont'd)

Code	Option	Definition
PR		protective relaying*
RV -O		reverse battery signaling, one way operation, originate by customer
-T		reverse battery signaling, one way operation, terminate function by customer or customer's end user
SF -		single frequency signaling with VF band at either customer POT or customer's end user POT
TF -		telephotograph interface
TT -		telegraph/teletypewriter interface at either customer POT or customer's end user POT
-2		20.0 milliamperes
-3		3.0 milliamperes
-6		62.5 milliamperes
TV -		television interface
-1		combined (duplexed) video and one audio signal
-2		combined (duplexed) video and two audio signals
-5		video plus one (or two) audio 5 kHz signal(s) or one (or two) two wire

* Available only for the transmission of audio tone protective relaying signals used in the protection of electric power systems during fault conditions.

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3 Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3.1 Glossary of Channel Interface Codes and Options (Cont'd)

Code	Option	Definition
-	15	video plus one (or two) audio 15 kHz signal(s)
WA -		wideband bandwidth interface at customer's end user POT
-	1	limited bandwidth
-	2	nominal passband from 29000 to 44000 Hz
WB -		wideband data interface at customer POT
-	18S	18.75 kbps, synchronous
-	19A	up to 19.2 kbps asynchronous
-	19S	19.2 kbps synchronous
-	23A	up to 230.4 kbps, asynchronous
-	23S	230.4 kbps, synchronous
-	40S	40.8 kbps, synchronous
-	50A	up to 50.0 kbps, asynchronous
-	50S	50.0 kbps synchronous
WC -		wideband data interface at customer's end user
-	18	POT 18.75 kbps, synchronous
-	19	for 12-wire interface: 19.2 kbps, synchronous
		for 10-wire interface: up to 19.2 kbps,
	23	asynchronous up to 230.4 kbps, asynchronous
-	23S	230.4 kbps, synchronous
-	40	40.8 kbps, synchronous
-	50	for 12-wire interface: 50.0 kbps, synchronous
		for 10-wire interface: up to 50.0 kbps, asyn-
WD -		chronous wideband bandwidth interface at customer POT
-	1	nominal passband from 300 to 18000 Hz
-	2	nominal passband from 28000 to 44000 Hz
-	3	nominal passband from 29000 to 44000 Hz

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3 Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3.2 Impedance

The nominal reference impedance with which the channel will be terminated for the purpose of evaluating transmission performance:

Value (ohms)	Code(s)
110	0
150	1
600	2
900	3+
135	5
75	6
124	7
Variable	8
100	9

\+ For those interface codes with a 4-wire transmission path at the customer's POT, rather than a standard 900 ohm impedance the code (3) denotes a customer provided transmission equipment termination. Such terminations were provided to customers in accordance with the F.C.C. Docket No. 20099 Settlement Agreement.

9.3.3 Digital Hierarchy Channel Interface Codes (4DS)

Customers selecting the multiplexed four-wire DSX-1 or higher facility interface option at the customer designated premises will be requested to provide subsequent system and channel assignment data. The various digital bit rates in the digital hierarchy employ the channel interface code 4DS8, 4DS9, 4DS0 or 4DS6 plus the speed options indicated below:

Interface Code and Speed Option	Nominal Bit Rate (Mbps)	Digital Hierarchy Level
4DS8-15	1.544	DS1
4DS9-31	3.152	DS1C
4DS0-63	6.312	DS2
4DS6-44	44.736	DS3
4DS6-27	274.176	DS4

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Service Designator/Network Channel Code Conversion Table

9.3.4

The purpose of this table is to show the relationship between the service designator codes (e.g. VGC, MT2, etc.) and the network channel codes that are used for various administrative purposes.

Service Designator Code	Network Channel Code
MTC	MQ
MT1	NT
MT2	NU
MT3	NV
TGC	NQ
TG1	NW
TG2	NY
VGC	LQ
VG1	LB
VG2	LC
VG3	LD
VG4	LE
VG5	LF
VG6	LG
VG7	LH
VG8	LJ
VG9	LK
VG10	LN
VG11	LP
VG12	LR
APC	PQ
AP1	PE
AP2	PF
AP3	PJ
AP4	PK
TVC	TQ
TV1	TV
TV2	TW

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3 Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3.4 Service Designator/Network Channel Code Conversion Table (Cont'd)

Service Designator Code	Network Channel Code
WA1	WJ
WA1T	WQ
WA2	WL
WA2A	WR
WA3	WN
WA4	WP
WD1	WB
WD2	WE
WD3	WF
DA1	XA
DA2	XB
DA3	XG
DA4	XH
HCO	HS
HC1	HC
HC1C	HD
HC2	HE
HC3	HF
HC4	HG

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces

9.3.5

The following tables show the channel interface codes (CIs) which are compatible:

Metallic

(A)

Compatible CIs		Compatible CIs	
4AH5-B	2DC8-1	4AH6-D	2DC8-2
4AH5-B	24C8-2	2DC8-1	2DC8-2
4AH6-C	2DC8-1	2DC8-3	2DC8-3
4AH6-C	2DC8-2	4DS9-*	2DC8-1
4AH6-D	2DC8-1	4DS9-*	2DC8-2

Telegraph Grade

(B)

Compatible CIs		Compatible CIs		Compatible Cis	
4AH5-B	10IA8	4AH6-D	4TT2-6	4DB2-43+	4TT2-2
4AH5-B	2TT2-2	2DB2-10	10IA8	4DS9-*	10IA8
4AH5-B	4TT2-2	2DB2-10	2TT2-2	4DS9-*	2TT2-2
4AH5-B	2TT2-6	2DB2-10	4TT2-2	4DS9-*	4TT2-2
4AH5-B	4TT2-6	2DB2-43+	10IA8	4DS9-*	2TT2-6
4AH6-C	10IA8	2DB2-43+	2TT2-2	4DS9-*	4TT2-6
4AH6-C	2TT2-2	2DB2-43+	2TT2-6	2TT2-2	2TT2-2
4AH6-C	4TT2-2	2DB2-43+	4TT2-2	2TT2-3	2TT2-2
4AH6-C	2TT2-6	4DB2-10	1OIA8	2TT2-3	4TT2-2
4AH6-C	4TT2-6	4DB2-10	2TT2-2	2TT2-6	2TT2-6
4AH6-D	10IA8	4DB2-10	4TT2-2	2TT2-6	4TT2-2
4AH6-D	2TT2-2	4DB2-43+	10IA8	4TT2-2	4TT2-2
4AH6-D	4TT2-2	4DB2-43+	2TT2-6	4TT2-6	2TT2-6
4AH6-D	2TT2-6				

* See 7.5.3 preceding for explanation.

\+ Supplemental Channel Assignment information required.

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade

(C)

Compatible CIs		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
4AB2	4AB2				
4AB2	4AC2	4AH5-B	6DA2	4AH6-D	2DY2
4AB3	4AC2	4AH5-B	4DA2	4AH6-C	9DY2
4AB2	2AC2	4AH5-B	2DA2	4AHG-C	9DY3
4AB3	2AC2			4AH6-C	6DY2
2AB2	2AC2	4AH6-D	4DE2	4AH6-C	6DY3
2AB3	2AC2	4AH6-C	4DE2	4AH6-C	4DY2
		4AH5-B	4DE2	4AH6-C	2DY2
4AB2	4SF2	4AH6-D	2DE2	4AH5-B	9DY2
4AB3	4SF2	4AH6-C	2DE2	4AH5-B	9DY3
		4AH5-B	2DE2	4AH5-B	6DY2
4AH6-D	4AC2			4AH5-B	6DY3
4AH6-D	2AC2	4AH6-D	4DX3	4AH5-B	4DY2
4AH6-C	4AC2	4AH6-C	4DX3	4AH5-B	2DY2
4AH6-C	2AC2	4AH5-B	4DX3		
4AH5-B	4AC2	4AH6-D	4DX2	4AH6-D	9EA2
4AH5-B	2AC2	4AH6-C	4DX2	4AH6-D	9EA3
		4AH5-B	4DX2	4AH6-D	6EA2-E
4AH6-D	2CT3			4AH6-D	6EA2-M
				4AH6-D	4EA2-E
4AH6-C	2CT3			4AH6-D	4EA2-M
4AH5-B	2CT3			4AH6-C	9EA2
4AH6-D	6DA2			4AJ7-C	9EA3
4AH6-D	4DA2	4AH6-D	9DY2	4AH6-C	6EA2-E
4AH6-D	2DA2	4AH6-D	9DY3		
4AH6-C	6DA2	4AH6-D	6DY2		
4AH6-C	4DA2	4AH6-D	6DY3		
4AH6-C	2DA2	4AH6-D	4DY2		

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
4AH6-C	6EA2-M	4AH6-D	6GS2	4AH6-D	2LO2
4AH6-C	4EA2-E	4AH6-D	4GS2	4AH6-C	2LO3
4AH6-C	4EA2-M	4AH6-D	2GS3	4AH6-C	2LO2
4AH5-B	9EA2	4AH6-D	2GS2	4AH5-B	2LO3
4AH5-B	9EA3	4AH6-C	6GS2	4AH5-B	2LO2
4AH5-B	6EA2-E	4AH6-C	4GS2		
4AH5-B	6EA2-M	4AH6-C	2GS3	4AH6-B	4LR2
4AH5-B	4EA2-E	4AH6-C	2GS2	4AH6-D	2LR2
4AH5-B	4EA2-M	4AH5-B	6GS2	4AH6-C	4LR2
		4AH5-B	4GS2	4AH6-C	2LR2
4AH6-D	8EB2-E	4AH5-B	2GS3	4AH5-B	4LR2
4AH6-D	8EB2-M	4AH5-B	2GS2	4AH5-B	2LR2
4AH6-D	6EB2-E				
4AH6-D	6EB2-M	4AH6-D	2LA2	4AH6-D	6LS2
4AH6-C	8EB2-E	4AH6-C	2LA2	4AH6-D	4LS2
4AH6-C	8EB2-M	4AH5-B	2LA2	4AH6-D	2LS2
4AH6-C	6EB2-E			4AH6-D	2LS3
4AH6-C	6EB2-M	4AH6-D	2LB2	4AH6-C	6LS2
4AH5-B	8EB2-E	4AHG-C	2LB2	4AH6-C	4LS2
4AH5-B	8EB2-M	4AH5-B	2LB2	4AH6-C	2LS2
4AH5-B	6EB2-E			4AH6-C	2LS3
4AH5-B	6EB2-M	4AH6-D	2LC2	4AH5-B	6LS2
		4AH6-C	2LC2	4AH5-B	4LS2
4AH6-D	2GO2	4AH5-B	2LC2	4AH5-B	2LS2
4AH6-D	2GO3				
4AH6-C	2GO2				
4AH6-C	2GO2			4AH5-B	2LS3
4AH5-B	2GO2	4AH6-D	2LO3		
4AH5-B	2GO3				

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible CIs		Compatible CIs		Compatible CIs	
4AH6-D	4NO2	4AH6-D	4TF2	2CT3	8EB2-E
4AH6-D	2NO2	4AJ7-D	2TF2	2CT3	8EB2-M
4AH6-C	4NO2	4AH6-C	4TF2		
4AH6-C	2NO2	4AH6-C	2TF2	2CT3	6482-E
4AH5-B	4NO2	4AH5-B	4TF2	2CT3	6EB2-M
4AH5-B	2NO2	4AH5-B	2TF2		
				2CT3	6EB3-E
			2CT3	4DS9-*	
				2CT3	8EC2
		2CT3	6DX2		
		2CT3	4DX2	2CT3	4SF2
		2CTS	4DX3	2CT3	4SF3
4AH6-D	4PR2	2CT3	9DY3	6DA2	6DA2
4AH6-D	2PR2	2CT3	6DY3	6DA2	4DA2
4AH6-C	4PR2	2CT3	9DT2	4DA2	4DA2
4AH6-C	2PR2	2CT3	6DY2		
4AH5-B	4PR2	2CT3	4DY3	4DB2	6DA2
4AH5-B	2PR2	2CT3	2DY2	4DB2	4DA2
				4DB2	2DA2
4AH6-D	4RV2-T	2CT3	9EA3	2DB3	2DA2
4AH6-D	2RV2-T	2CT3	9EA2	2DB2	2DA2
4AH6-C	4RV2-T	2CT3	6EA2-E	4DB2	4DB2
4AH6-C	2RV2-T	2CT3	6EA2-M	4DB2	4NO2
4AH5-B	4TV2-T	2CT3	4EA2-E	4DB2	2NO2
4AH5-B	2RV2-T	2CT3	4EA2-M	2DB2	2NO2
4AH6-D	4SF2			4DB2	4PR2
4AH6-C	4SF2			4DB2	2PR2
4AH5-B	4SF2			2DB2	2PR2
4AH6-D	4SF3				
4AH6-C	4SF3				
4AH5-B	4SF3				

* See 9.3.3 preceding for explanation.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
4DD3	4DE2	4DS8-*	9DY3
4DD3	2DE2	4DS8-*	9DY2
		4DS8-*	6DY3
4DS8-*	4AC2	4DS8-*	6DY2
4DS8-*	2AC2	4DS8-*	4DY2
		4DS8-*	2DY2
4DS8-*	6DA2		
4DS8-*	4DA2		
4DS8-*	2DA2	4DS8-*	9EA2
		4DS8-*	9EA3
4DS8-*	4DE2	4DS8-*	6EA2-E
4DS8-*	EDE2	4DS8-*	6EA2-M
		4DS8-*	4EA2-E
4DS8-*	4DX3	4DS8-*	4EA2-E
4DS8-*	4DX2		

* See 9.3.3 preceding for explanation.

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
4DS8-*	8EB2-E	4DS8-*	4NO2	4DX3	9DY2
4DS8-*	8EB2-M	4DS8-*	2NO2	4DX2	6DY3
4DS8-*	6EB2-E			4DX3	6DY3
4DS8-*	6EB2-M	4DS8-*	4PR2	4DX2	6DY2
		4DS8-*	2PR2	4DX3	6DY2
4DS8-*	2GO2			4DX2	4DY2
4DS8-*	2GO3	4DS8-*	4RV2-T	4DX3	4DY2
4DS8-*	6GS2	4DS8-*	2RV2-T	4DX2	2DY2
4DS8-*	4GS2			4DX3	2DY2
4DS8-*	2GS2	4DS8-*	4SF2		
4DS8-*	2GS3	4DS8-*	4SF3	6DX2	9EA3
				6DX2	9EA2
4DS8-*	2LA2	4DS8-*	4TF2	6DX2	6EA2-E
		4DS8-*	2TF2	6DX2	6EA2-M
4DS8-*	2LB2			6DX2	4EA2-E
		4DX2	4DX2	6DX2	4EA2-M
8DS8-*	2LC2	4DX3	4DX2	4DX2	9EA2
		4DX3	4DX3	4DX3	9EA2
4DS8-*	2LO2			4DX2	9EA3
4DS8-*	2LO3	6DX2	9DY3	4DX3	9EA3
		6DX2	9DY2	4DX2	6EA2-E
4DS8-*	4LR2	6DX2	6DY3	4DX3	6EA2-E
4DS8-*	2LR2	6DX2	6DY2	4DX2	6EA2-M
		6DX2	4DY2	4DX3	6EA2-M
4DS8-*	6LS2	6DX2	2DY2	4DX2	4EA2-E
4DS8-*	4LS2	4DX2	9DY3	4DX3	4EA2-E
4DS8-*	2LS2	4DX3	9DY3	4DX2	4EA2-M
4DS8-*	2LS3	4DX2	9DY2	4DX3	4EA2-M

* See 9.3.3 preceding for explanation.

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
6DX2	8EB2-E	4DX2	6LS2	9DY2	6DY3
6DX2	8EB2-M	4DX3	6LS2	9DY3	4DY2
6DX2	6EB2-E	4DX3	4LS2	9DY2	4DY2
6DX2	6EB2-M	4DX2	4LS2	9DY2	2DY2
4DX2	8EB2-E	4DX3	2LS3	9DY3	2DY2
4DX2	8EB2-M	4DX2	2LS3	6DY3	6DY3
4DX3	8EB2-E	4DX3	2LS2	6DY3	6DY2
4DX3	8EB2-M	4DX2	2LS2	6DY2	6DY2
4DX2	6EB2-E	2DX3	2LS2	6DY3	4DY2
4DX2	6EB2-M	2DX3	2LS3	6DY3	2DY2
4DX3	6E82-E			6DY2	4DY2
4DX3	6EB2-M	4DX3	4RV2-T	6DY2	2DY2
		4DX2	4RV2-T	4DY2	2DY2
4DX2	2LA2	4DX3	2RV2-T	4DY2	4DY2
4DX3	2LA2	4DX2	2RV2-T		
2DX3	2LA2			6EA2-E	4AC2
		6DX2	4SF2	6EA2-M	4AC2
4DX2	2LB2	4DX2	4SF2	6EA2-E	2AC2
4DX3	2LB2	4DX3	4SF2	6EA2-M	2AC2
2DX3	2LB2	4DX2	4SF3		
		4DX3	4SF3	9EA2	9DY3
4DX2	2LC2			9EA2	9DY2
4DX3	2LC2	9DY3	9DY3	9EA2	6DY3
2DX3	2LC2	9DY3	9DY2	9EA2	6DY2
		9DY2	9DY2	9EA2	4DY2
4DX2	2LO3	9DY3	6DY3	9EA2	2DY2
4DX3	2LO3	9DY3	6DY2	9EA3	9DY3
2DX3	2LO3	9DY2	6DY2		

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis		Compatible CI		Compatible Cis	
9EA3	9DY2	4EA2-M	9DY2	4EA3-E	9EA2
9EA3	6DY3	4EA2-M	6DY3	4EA3-E	9EA3
9EA3	6DY2	4EA2-M	6DY2	4EA2-M	4EA2-M
9EA3	4DY2	4EA2-M	4DY2		
9EA3	2DY2	4EA2-M	2DY2	9EA2	8EB2-E
6EA2-E	9DY3			9EA2	8EB2-M
6EA2-E	9DY2	9EA2	9EA2	9EA2	6EB2-E
6EA2-E	6DY3	9EA2	9EA3	9EA2	6EB2-M
6EA2-E	6DY2	9EA2	6EA2-E	9EA3	8EB2-E
6EA2-E	4DY2	9EA2	6EA2-M	9EA3	8E82-M
6EA2-E	2DY2	9EA2	4EA2-E	9EA3	6EB2-E
6EA2-M	9DY3	9EA2	4EA2-M	9EA3	6EB2-M
6EA2-M	9DY2	9EA3	9EA3	6EA2-E	8EB2-E
6EA2-M	6DY3	9EA3	6EA2-E	6EA2-E	8EB2-M
6EA2-M	6DY2	9EA3	6EA2-M	6EA2-E	6EB2-E
6EA2-M	4DY2	9EA3	4EA2-E	6EA2-E	6EB2-M
6EA2-M	2DY2	9EA3	4EA2-M	6EA2-M	8EB2-E
4EA2-E	9DY3	6EA2-E	6EA2-E	6EA2-M	8E82-M
4EA2-E	9DY2	6EA2-E	6EA2-M	6EA2-M	6EB2-E
4EA3-E	9DY3	6EA2-M	6EA2-M	6EA2-M	6EB2-M
4EA3-E	9DY2	6EA2-E	4EA2-E	4EA2-E	8EB2-E
4EA3-E	6DY3	6EA2-E	4EA2-M	4EA2-E	8EB2-M
4EA3-E	6DY2	6EA2-M	4EA2-E	4EA3-E	8EB2-E
4EA3-E	4DY2	6EA2-M	4EA2-M	4EA3-E	8E82-M
4EA3-E	2DY2	4EA2-E	4EA2-E	4EA2-E	6EB2-E
4EA2-E	6DY3	4EA3-E	6EA2-E	4EA2-E	6EB2-M
4EA2-E	6DY2	4EA3-E	6EA2-M	4EA3-E	6EB2-E
4EA2-E	4DY2	4EA3-E	4EA2-E	4EA3-E	6EB2-M
4EA2-E	2DY2	4EA3-E	4EA2-M	4EA2-M	8EB2-E
4EA2-M	9DY3	4EA2-E	4EA2-M		

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible CI	
4EA2-M	8EB2-M	9EA3	43F2	6EB3-E	9DY2
4EA2-M	6EB2-E	9EA2	4SF2	6EB3-E	9DY3
4EA2-M	6EB2-M	6EA2-E	4SF3	6EB2-E	6DY2
		6EA2-M	4SF3	6EB3-E	6DY2
6EA2-E	2LA2	6EA2-E	4SF2	6EB2-E	6DY3
6EA2-M	2LA2	6EA2-M	4SF2	6EB3-E	6DY3
		4EA3-E	4SF2	6EB2-E	4DY2
6EA2-E	2LB2	4EA2-E	4SF2	6EB3-E	2DY2
6EA2-M	2LB2	4EA2-M	4SF2	6EB3-E	4DY2
				6EB2-M	9DY2
6EA2-E	2LC2	8EB2-E	4AC2	6EB2-M	9DY3
6EA2-M	2LC2	8EB2-M	4AC2	6EB2-M	6DY2
		8EB2-E	2AC2	6EB2-M	6DY3
6EA2-E	2LO3	8EB2-M	2AC2	6EB2-M	4DY2
6EA2-M	2LO3			6EB2-E	2DY2
		8EB2-E	9DY3	6EB2-M	2DY2
6EA2-E	6LS2	8EB2-E	9DY2		
6EA2-M	6LS2	8EB2-E	6DY3	6EB3-E	9EA2
6EA2-E	4LS2	8EB2-E	6DY2	6EB3-E	9EA3
6EA2-M	4LS2	8EB2-E	4DY2	6EB3-E	6EA2-E
6EA2-E	2LS2	8EB2-E	2DY2	6EB3-E	6EA2-M
6EA2-M	2LS2	8EB2-M	9DY3	6EB3-E	4EA2-E
6EA2-E	2LS3	8EB2-M	9DY2	6EB3-E	4EA2-M
6EA2-M	2LS3	8EB2-M	6DY3		
		8EB2-M	6DY2	8EB2-E	8EB2-E
6EA2-E	4RV2-T	8EB2-M	4DY2	8EB2-E	8EB2-M
6EA2-M	4RV2-T	8EB2-M	2DY2	8EB2-M	8EB2-M
6EA2-E	2RV2-T	6EB2-E	9DY2	8EB2-E	6EB2-E
6EA2-M	2RV2-T	6EB2-E	9DY3	8EB2-E	6EB2-M

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
8EB2-M	6EB2-E	8EB2-E	4RV2-T	8EC2	8EB2-M
8EB2-M	6EB2-M	8EB2-M	4RV2-T	8EC2	6EB2-E
6EB2-E	6EB2-E	8EB2-E	2RV2-T	8EC2	6EB2-M
6EB2-E	6EB2-M	8EB2-M	2RV2-T		
6EB3-E	8EB2-E			8EC2	4SF2
6EB3-E	8EB2-M	8EB2-E	4SF2	6EX2-B	2GO3
6EB2-M	6EB2-M	8EB2-M	4SF2	6EX2-A	6GS2
		8EB2-E	4SF3	6EX2-A	4GS2
8EB2-E	2LA2	8EB2-M	4SF3	6EX2-A	2GS2
8EB2-M	2LA2	6EB3-E	4SF2	6EX2-A	2GS3
		6EB2-E	4SF2		
8EB2-E	2LB2	6EB2-M	4SF2	6EX2-B	2LA2
8EB2-M	2LB2				
		8EC2	9DY2	6EX2-B	2LB2
8EB2-E	2LC2	8EC2	9DY3		
8EB2-M	2LC2	8EC2	6DY2	6EX2-B	2LC2
		84C2	6DY3		
8EB2-E	2LO3	8EC2	4DY2	6EX2-B	2LO2
8EB2-M	2LO3	8EC2	2DY2	6EX2-B	2LO3
8EB2-E	6LS2	8EC2	9EA2	6EX2-B	4LR2
8EB2-M	6LS2	8EC2	9EA3	6EX2-B	2LR2
8EB2-E	4LS2	8EC2	6EA2-E		
8EB2-M	4LS2	8EC2	6EA2-M	6EX2-A	6LS2
8EB2-E	2LS2	8EC2	4EA2-E	6EX2-A	4LS2
8EB2-M	2LS2	8EC2	4EA2-M	6EX2-A	2LS2
8EB2-E	2LS3			6EX2-A	2LS3
8EB2-M	2LS3	8EC2	8EB2-E		

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
6EX2-A	4SF2	6LO2	6LS2	4LR2	4SF2
6EX2-B	4SF2	6LO2	4LS2	4LR3	4SF2
		6LO2	2LS2		
6GO2	6GS2	6LO2	2LS3	6LS2	2LA2
6GO2	4GS2	4LO2	6LS2	4LS2	2LA2
6GO2	2GS2	4LO2	4LS2	4LS3	2LA2
6GO2	2GS3	4LO3	6LS2	2LS2	2LA2
4GO2	6GS2	4LO3	4LS2	2LS3	2LA2
4GO3	6GS2	4LO3	2LS3		
4GO2	4GS2	4LO3	2LS2	6LS2	2LB2
4GO3	4GS2	4LO2	2LS2	4LS2	2LB2
4GO2	2GS2	4LO2	2LS3	4LS3	2LB2
4GO2	2GS3	2LO3	2LS3	2LS2	2LB2
4GO3	2GS2	2LO3	2LS2	2LS3	2LB2
4GO3	2GS3	2LO2	2LS2		
2GO2	2GS2	2LO2	2LS3	6LS2	2LC2
2GO3	2GS2			4LS2	2LC2
2GO2	2GS3	6LO2	4SF2	4LS3	2LC2
2GO3	2GS3	4LO2	4SF2	2LS2	2LC2
		4LO3	4SF2	2LS3	2LC2
6GO2	4SF2				
4GO2	4SF2	4LR2	4LR1	6LS2	2LO3
4GO3	4SF2	4LR3	2LR2	6LS2	2LO2
		4LR2	4LR2	4LS2	2LO2
6GS2	2GO2	4LR2	2LR2	4LS2	2LO3
4GS2	2GO2	2LR2	2LR2	4LS3	2LO2
4GS3	2GO2	2LR3	2LR2	4LS3	2LO3
4GS2	2GO3				

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
6LS2	4SF2	4SF3	9DY2	4SF3	2LA2
4LS3	4SF2	4SF2	9DY3		
		4SF3	6DY3	4SF2	2LB2
4NO2	6DA2	4SF2	6DY3	4SF3	2LB2
4NO2	4DA2	4SF2	6DY3		
4NO2	2DA2	4SF3	6DY2	4SF2	2LC2
2NO2	2DA2	4SF2	4DY2	4SF3	2LC2
		4SF3	4DY2		
4NO2	4DE2	4SF3	2DY2	4SF2	2LO3
4NO2	2DE2	4SF2	2DY2	4SF3	2LO3
4NO2	4NO2	4SF3	9EA2	4SF2	2LR2
4NO2	2NO2	4SF3	9EA3	4SF3	4LR2
2NO2	2NO2	4SF3	4EA2-E	4SF3	2LR2
2NO3	2NO2	4SF3	4EA2-M		
				4SF3	6LS2
2NO3	2PR2	4SF3	6EB2-E	4SF2	4LS2
		4SF3	6EB2-M	4SF3	4LS2
4RV2-0	4RV2-T	4SF3	2GO3	4SF2	2LS2
4RV2-0	2RV2-T	4SF3	6GS2	4SF2	2LS3
4RV2-0	2RV2-T	4SF2	6GS2	4SF3	2LS2
		4SF2	6GS2	4SF3	2LS3
4RV2-0	4SF2	4SF3	4GS2		
		4SF2	2GS2	4SF3	4RV2-T
4SF2	4AC2	4SF2	2GS3	4SF2	4RV2-T
4SF2	2AC2	4SF3	2GS2	4SF2	2RV2-T
		4SF3	2GS3	4SF3	2RV2-T
4SF3	9DY3				
4SF2	9DY2	4SF2	2LA2	4SF3	4SF3

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3 Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5 Voice Grade (Cont'd)

(C)

Compatible Cis	
4SF3	4SF2
4SF2	4SF2
4TF2	4TF2
4TF2	2TF2
2TF3	2TF2

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Program Audio

(D)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
4AH5-B	2PG1-3	4AH6-D	2PG1-3	4DS8-I5F	2PG2-5
4AH5-B	2PG1-5	4AH6-D	2PG1-5	4DS8-I5G	2PG2-8
4AH5-B	2PG1-8	4AH6-D	2PG1-8	4DS8-15H	2PG2-1
4AH5-B	2PG2-3	4AH6-D	2PG2-3	2PG2-1	2PG1-1
4AH5-B	2PG2-5	4AH6-D	2PG2-5	2PG2-1	2PG2-I
4AH5-B	2PG2-8	4AH6-D	2PG2-8	2PG2-3	2PGI-3
4AH6-C	2PG1-3	4DS8-15E	2PG1-3	2PG2-3	2PG2-3
4AH6-C	2PG1-5	4DS8-15F	2PG1-5	2PG2-5	2PG1-5
4AH6-C	2PG1-8	4DS8-15G	2PG1-8	2PG2-5	2PG2-5
4AH6-C	2PG2-3	4DS8-15H	2PG1-1	2PG2-8	2PG1-8
8AH6-C	2PG2-5	4DS8-15E	2PG2-3	2PG2-8	2PG2-8

Video

(E)

Compatible CIs		Compatible Cis	
2TV6-1	4TV6-15	4TV7-5	4TV6-5
	4TV7-15		4TV7-5
2TV6-2	6TV6-15	4TV7-15	4TV6-15
	6TV7-15		4TV7-15
2TV7-1	4TV6-15	6TV6-5	6TV6-5
	4TV7-15		6TV7-5
2TV7-2	6TV6-15	6TV6-15	6TV6-15
	6TV7-15		6TV7-15
4TV6-5	4TV6-5	6TV7-5	6TV6-5
		4TV7-5	6TV7-5
4TV6-15	4TV6-15	6TV7-15	6TV6-15
	4TV7-15		6TV7-15

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9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Wideband Analog

(F)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
4AH5-B	4AH5-B			4WD5-I	4WA5-1
4AH6-C	4AH5-B			4WD5-2	4WA5-I
4AH6-C	4AH6-C	4AH6-D	4AH6-D	4WD5-3	4WA5-2
	4AH6-D	4AH5-B	4AH5-B	4DS8-15	
	4AH6-D	4AH6-C	4AH5-B	4DU8-A,B, or C	
	4AH6-C	4DU8-A,B, or C			
		4AH6-D	4DU8-A,B, or C		

Wideband Data

(G)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
8WB5-18S	12WC6-18	8WB5-23A	1OWC6-23	8WB5-5OA	1OWC6-50
8WB5-19A	1OWC6-19	8WB5-23S	12W6-23S	8WB5-5OS	12WB6-50
8WB5-19S	12WC6-19	8WB5-4OS	12W6-40		

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

Digital Data

(H)

Digital Data

(1)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
			4DS8-15	6DU5-48	
4DS8-15	4DU8-15+	4DS8-15	6DU5-56	4DU5-96	4DU5-96
4DS8-15	4DU8-24	4DS8-15	6DU5-96	6DU5-24	6DU5-24
4DS8-15	4DU8-48	4DU5-24	4DU5-24	6DU5-48	6DU5-48
4DS8-15	4DU8-56	4DU5-48	4DU5-48	6DU5-56	6DU5-56
4DS8-15	6DU5-96	4DU8-56	4DU5-56	6DU5-96	6DU5-96
4DS8-I5	6DU5-24				

+ Available only as a cross connect of two digital circuits at appropriate digital speeds at a Telephone Company hub.

9. Interface Groups, Transmission Specifications and Channel Codes (Cont'd)

Channel Interface and Network Channel Codes (Cont'd)

9.3

Compatible Channel Interfaces (Cont'd)

9.3.5

High Capacity

(I)

Compatible Cis		Compatible Cis	
		4DS8-15	4DU8-8
4DSO-63	4DSO-63	4DS8-I5J	6DU8-A
4DSO-63	6DU8-A,B or C	4DS8-15J	4DU8-A
4DSO-63	4DU8-A,B or C	4DS8-15K	6DU8-B
4DS6-27	4DS6-27	4DS8-I5K	4DU8-B
4DS6-27	6DU8-A,B or C	4DS8-15K	6DU8-C
4DS6-27	4DU8-A,B or C	4DS8-15K	4D78-C
4DS6-44	4DS6-44	4DS9-31	4DS9-31
4DS6-44	6DU8-A,B or C	4DS9-31	6DU8-A,B or C
4DS6-44	4DU8-A,B or C	4DS9-4DU8-A,B or C	
4DS8-15	4DS8-15+	4DU9-A,B or C	4DU8-A,B or C
4DS8-15	6DU8-B		

+ Available only as a cross connect of two individual circuits of 1.544 Mbps facilities at a Telephone Company hub.

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10. Special Federal Government Access Services

10.1 General

This section covers Special Access Services that are provided to a customer for use only by agencies or branches of the Federal Government and other users authorized by the Federal Government. Services provided to state emergency operations centers are included. These services provide for command and control communications, including communications for national security, emergency preparedness and presidential requirements. They are required to assure continuity of Government in emergency and crisis situations and to provide for national security. The restoration of services provided in accordance with the Federal Government's Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) System will be implemented in accordance with the regulations set forth in Section 8.8.

Services for command and control communications and for national security and emergency preparedness sometimes require short notice and short duration service provisions. These provisions are especially needed to meet presidential requirements or in response to natural, man-made, or declared emergencies. Requirements of this type cannot be forecasted and are usually needed for a relatively short period. The provision of service under these conditions may require the availability of facilities, such as portable microwave equipment, which are provided on a temporary basis by the Telephone Company or customer.

10.2 Emergency Conditions

These services will be provided on the date requested or as soon as possible thereafter when the emergency falls into one of the following categories:

- State of crisis declared by the National Command Authorities (includes commitments made to the National Communications System in the "National Plan for Emergencies and Major Disasters").

- Efforts to protect endangered U.S. personnel or property both in the U.S. and abroad. (Includes space vehicle recovery and protection efforts.)

- Communications requirements resulting from hostile action, a major disaster or a major civil disturbance.

- The director (Cabinet level) of a Federal department, Commander of a Unified/Specified Command, or head of a military department has certified that a communications requirement is so critical to the protection of life and property or to the National Defense that it must be processed immediately.

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10. Special Federal Government Access Services (Cont'd)

10.2 Emergency Conditions (Cont'd)

- Political unrest in foreign countries which affect the national interest.

- Presidential service.

10.3 Intervals to Provide Service

Services provided under the provisions of this section of the tariff are provided on an individual case basis. Therefore, orders for such service shall be placed under the Negotiated Interval provisions set forth in 5.1.7 preceding.

10.4 Safeguarding of Service

10.4.1 Facility Availability

In order to insure communications during periods of emergency, the Telephone Company will, within the limits of good management, make available the necessary facilities to restore service in the event of damage or to provide temporary emergency service as set forth in 8.8 preceding.

In order to meet the requirements of agencies or branches of the Federal Government, the Telephone Company may utilize government-owned facilities, when necessary to provide service.

10.5 Federal Government Regulations

In accordance with Federal Government Regulations, all service provided to the Federal Government will be billed in arrears. However, this provision does not apply to other customers that obtain services under the provisions of this tariff to provide their services to the Federal Government.

10.6 Service Offerings to the Federal Government

The following unique services are provided to a customer for use only by agencies or branches of the Federal Government, other authorized users and state emergency operations centers. The rates and charges for these services shall be developed on an individual case basis and shall be consistent with the rates and charges for services offered in other sections of this tariff.

10. Special Federal Government Access Services (Cont'd)

10.6 Service Offerings to the Federal Government (Cont'd)

10.6.1 Type and Description

(A) Voice Grade Special Access Services

(1) Voice Grade Secure Communications Type I

Approximate bandwidth of 10-50,000 Hertz. Furnished for two-point secure communications on two-wire or four-wire metallic facilities between an IC premises and an end user's premises. Services are conditioned as follows:

T-3 Conditioning - The absolute loss (referenced to 1 milliwatt) with respect to frequency shall not exceed:

15 dB at 10 Hz
13 dB at 100 Hz
9 dB at 1,000 Hz
20 dB at 10,000 Hz
30 dB at 50,000 Hz

Additional conditioning (available in one or two directions on four-wire facilities only) to provide the following characteristics:

The absolute loss (referenced to one milliwatt) with respect to frequency shall not exceed:

0 db at 1,000 Hz
± 1 dB between 1,000 Hz and 40,000 Hz
± 2 dB between 10 Hz and 50,000 Hz
(+ means more loss)

The net loss of the conditioned service (with or without additional conditioning) shall not vary by more than four dB at 1,000 Hz from the levels specified above. Voice frequency signaling or supervisory tones can be transmitted.

(2) Voice Grade Secure Communications Type II

Approximate bandwidth 10-50,000 Hz. Furnished on four-wire metallic facilities for duplex operation for two-point secure communications between an IC premises on an end user's premises and an end user's premises. Services are conditioned as follows:

G-1 Conditioning - The absolute loss with respect to frequency and the net loss variation shall be the same as Voice Grade Secure Communications Type I services without additional conditioning. Voice frequency signaling or supervisory tones can be transmitted.

10. Special Federal Government Access Services (Cont'd)

10.6 Service Offerings to the Federal Government (Cont'd)

10.6.1 Type and Description (Cont'd)

(A) Voice Grade Special Access Services (Cont'd)

(3) Voice Grade Secure Communications Type III

Approximate bandwidth 10-50,000 Hz. Furnished on four-wire metallic facilities for duplex operation for two-point secure communications between an IC premises switch and an end user's premises. Services are conditioned as follows:

G-2 Conditioning - The absolute loss with respect to frequency and the net loss variation from the switch to an end user's premises shall be the same as Voice Grade Secure Communications Type I services without additional conditioning; from an end user's premises to the switch shall be the same as Voice Grade Secure Communications Type I services with additional conditioning. Voice frequency signaling or supervisory tones can be transmitted.

(4) Voice Grade Secure Communications Type IV

Approximate bandwidth 10-50,000 HZ. Furnished on four-wire metallic facilities for duplex operation for two-point secure communication between two IC premises switches. Services are conditioned as follows:

G-3 Conditioning - The absolute loss with respect to frequency and the net loss variation shall be the same in both directions of transmission as Voice Grade Secure Communications Type I services with additional conditioning. Voice frequency signaling or supervisory tones can be transmitted.

(B) Wideband Digital Special Access Service

Service arrangements for secured communications to accommodate the transmission of binary digital baseband signals in a random polar format.

(1) Wideband Secure Communications Type I

For transmission at the rate of 18,750 bits per second.

(2) Wideband Secure Communications Type II

For transmission at the rate of 50,000 bits per second.

10. Special Federal Government Access Services (Cont'd)

10.6 Service Offerings to the Federal Government (Cont'd)

10.6.1 Type and Description (Cont'd)

(B) Wideband Digital Special Access Services (Cont'd)

(3) Wideband Secure Communications Type III

To accommodate the transmission of restored polar two-level facsimile signals with a minimum signal element width of twenty microseconds at a rate of 50,000 bits per second.

To accommodate the transmission of binary digital baseband signals in a random polar format at the rate of 50,000 bits per second.

(C) Special Routing Access Service

Special Routing Access Service is furnished only to AT&T Communications (AT&T-C) for an agency or branch of the Federal Government. This service provides the customer's end users the ability to originate and terminate calls to or from the customer's premises utilizing a Special Routing Plan.

This service is an optional service which operates in conjunction with Trunk Side Premium Access Service furnished to AT&T-C under other provisions of this tariff.

10.6.2 Mileage Application

Mileage, when used for rate application between two customer premises, shall be determined by the V and H Coordinates Method as set forth in NATIONAL EXCHANGE CARRIER ASSOCIATION TARIFF F.C.C. No. 4 and administered as set forth in 7.5.5 preceding.

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10. Special Federal Government Access Services (Cont'd)

10.6 Service Offerings to the Federal Government (Cont'd)

10.6.3 Rates and Charges

(A) Voice Grade Special Access Service

The provision of T-3 and G conditioned services contemplates station and tandem switching operations, using customer provided equipment, as well as Special Access Service. Separate narrowband or voice grade services, where required by the customer provided equipment or switching operation, are furnished in accordance with the applicable sections of this tariff.

Voice Grade Secure Communications	Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charges	Termination Charges
Type I, each T-3 Conditioning,	ICB rates and charges apply		
Additional Conditioning, per service termination	ICB rates and charges apply		
Type II, each G-I Conditioning,	ICB rates and charges apply		
Type III, each G-2 Conditioning,	ICB rates and charges apply		
Additional Conditioning, per service termination	ICB rates and charges apply		

Voice Grade Secure Communications	Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charges	Termination Charges
Type VI, each G-3 Conditioning,	ICB rates and charges apply		
Additional Conditioning, per service termination	ICB rates and charges apply		

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10. Special Federal Government Access Services (Cont'd)

10.6 Service Offerings to the Federal Government (Cont'd)

10.6.3 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(B) Wideband Digital Special Access Service

Wideband Secure Communications	Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charges	Termination Charges
Type I, each	ICB rates and charges apply		
Type II, each	ICB rates and charges apply		
Type III, each	ICB rates and charges apply		

(C) Move Charges

(1) When service without a termination charge associated with it, as set forth in (A) and (B) preceding, is moved to a different building, the nonrecurring charge applies; when moved to a new location in the same building, a charge of one-half the nonrecurring charge applies.

(2) When service with a termination charge associated with it, as set forth in (A) and (B) preceding, is moved and is reinstalled at a new location, the customer may elect:

- to pay the unexpired portion of the termination charge for the service, if any, with the application of nonrecurring charge and the establishment of a new termination charge for such service at the new location, or

- to continue service subject to the unexpired portion of the termination charge, if any, and pay the estimated costs of moving such service, provided that the customer requests these charges be quoted prior to ordering the service move. Charges for moving such service will be based on estimated costs attributable to the move.

Move charges include the estimated costs of removal, of services or facilities necessitated by the move, transportation, storage, reinstallation, engineering, labor, supervision, materials, administration, and any other specific items of cost directly attributable to the move.

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10. Special Federal Government Access Services (Cont'd)

10.6 Service Offerings to the Federal Government (Cont'd)

10.6.3 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(D) Special Routing Access Services

The following rates and charges are in addition to all other rates and charges that may be applicable for other services that may be furnished under the provisions of this tariff to operate in conjunction with this service:

		Monthly Rates	Nonrecurring Charges
(1)	Special Routing Access Service Special Routing Plan Setup, per Switching System	-	ICB
(2)	Special Routing Access Service Trunk Group Setup, per End Office or Tandem Office, Switching System per occurrence	-	ICB
(3)	Special Routing Access Service Mode Selection (Active or Deactive), per Switching System per occurrence	-	ICB
(4)	Special Routing Access Service Maintenance and Administration, per Switching System per month	ICB	-

11. Special Facilities Routing of Access Services

11.1 Description of Special Facilities Routing of Access Services

The services provided under this tariff are provided over such routes and facilities as the Telephone Company may elect. Special Facilities Routing is involved when, in order to comply with requirements specified by the customer, the Telephone Company provides Switched Access Service, Special Access Service or Special Federal Government Access Service in a manner which includes one or more of the following conditions:

11.1.1 Diversity

Two or more services must be provided over not more than two different physical routes. Diversity is a Basic Service Element (BSE) under the Telephone Company's Open Network Architecture (ONA) Plan.

11.1.2 Avoidance

A service must be provided on a route which avoids specified geographical locations.

11.1.3 Cable-Only Facilities

Certain Voice Grade services are provided on Cable-Only Facilities to meet the particular needs of a customer.

Service is provided subject to the availability of Cable-Only facilities. In the event of service failure, restoration will be made through the use of any available facilities as selected by the Telephone Company.

Avoidance and Diversity are available on Switched Access Service as set forth in Section 6. preceding; Metallic and Telegraph Grade, Voice Grade and Wideband Analog Special Access Services as set forth in Sections 7.3, 7.4, 7.5 and 7.8 preceding and Special Federal Government Access Services as set forth in Section 10.6 preceding. CableOnly Facilities are available for Switched Access Service as set forth in Section 6. preceding; Voice Grade Special Access Services as set forth in Section 7.5 preceding and Special Federal Government Access Services as set forth in Section 10.6 preceding.

In order to avoid the compromise of special routing information, the Telephone Company will provide the required routing information for each specially routed service to only the ordering customer. If requested by the customer, this information will be provided when service is installed and prior to any subsequent changes in routing.

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11. Special Facilities Routing of Access Services (Cont'd)

11.1 Description of Special Facilities Routing of Access Services (Cont'd)

The rates and charges for Special Facilities Routing of Access Services as set forth in 11.2 following are in addition to all other rates and charges that may be applicable for services provided under other sections of this tariff.

11.2 Rates and Charges for Special Facilities Routing of Access Service

The rates and charges for Special Facilities Routing of Access Services are as follows:

Diversity

11.2.1 For each service provided in accordance with 11.1.1 preceding, the rates and charges will be developed on an individual case basis and filed following:

Avoidance

11.2.2 For each service provided in accordance with 11.1.2 preceding, the rates and charges will be developed on an individual case basis and filed following:

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11. Special Facilities Routing of Access Services (Cont'd)

11.2 Rates and Charges for Special Facilities Routing of Access Services (Cont'd)

11.2.3 Diversity and Avoidance Combined

For each service provided in accordance with 11.1.1 and 11.1.2 preceding, combined, the rates and charges will be developed on an individual case basis and filed following:

11.2.4 Cable-Only Facilities

For each service provided in accordance with 11.1.3 preceding, the rates and charges will be developed on an individual case basis and filed following:

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12. Specialized Service or Arrangements

12.1 General

Specialized Service or Arrangements may be provided by the Telephone Company, at the request of a customer, on an individual case basis if such service or arrangements meet the following criteria:

- The requested service or arrangements are not offered under other sections of this tariff.
- The facilities utilized to provide the requested service or arrangements are of a type normally used by the Telephone Company in furnishing its other services.
- The requested service or arrangements are provided within a LATA.
- The requested service or arrangements are compatible with other Telephone Company services, facilities, and its engineering and maintenance practices.
- This offering is subject to the availability of the necessary Telephone Company personnel and capital resources.

12.2 Rates and Charges

Rates and charges and additional regulations, if applicable, for specialized service or arrangements provided on an individual case basis are filed following:

(Reserved for Future Use)

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13. Exceptions to Access Service Offerings

The service offered under the provisions of this tariff are subject to availability as set forth in 2.1.4 preceding. In addition, the following exceptions apply:

(Paragraphs 13.1 through 13.5 following are reserved for future listing. In the meantime, in planning an end-to-end service, the customer should contact the Telephone Company in each customer premises city to assure itself that all of the service or service components required for a given customer service are currently available).

13.1 The following service(s) is (are) not offered in the operating territory of listed Issuing Carriers.

(Reserved for future use.)

13.2 The following offering(s) is (are) limited to existing locations. No inside moves, rearrangements or additions will be permitted.

(Reserved for future use.)

13.3 The following offering(s) is (are) limited to existing locations. Inside moves or rearrangements may be undertaken. However, no additions will be permitted.

(Reserved for future use.)

13.4 The following offering(s) is (are) limited to existing locations where additional units may be added for growth. Inside moves or rearrangements may be undertaken.

(Reserved for future use.)

13.5 The following offering(s) is (are) limited to existing locations where additional units may be added for growth. However inside moves or rearrangements will not be permitted.

(Reserved for future use.)

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14. Coin Services

14.1 General

This section contains the rules and regulations pertaining to the provision of 1+ Coin Presubscription Service for the handling of 1+ interLATA sent-paid traffic from the Telephone Company's pay telephones.

14.2 Service Description

1+ Coin Presubscription Service provides the routing of 1+ interLATA sent-paid calls from Telephone Company pay telephones to the presubscribed 0+ Interexchange Carrier (customer) directly, to its designated secondary service provider, or to the default carrier, provided said carrier continues to accept such default traffic. The default carrier option will expire when the default carrier ceases to accept such traffic or when the presubscribed 0+ provider is able to handle such calls or route them to secondary service provider, whichever comes first. The customer has the following options:

(1) to receive both 0+ and 1+ interLATA calls originated from Telephone Company pay telephones; or,

(2) to receive the 0+ interLATA calls and select one secondary service provider per LATA to receive the 1+ interLATA sent-paid traffic; or,

(3) to receive the 0+ interLATA calls and continue to default the 1+ interLATA sent-paid calls until the presubscribed 0+ provider is ready to handle (to receive both 0+ and 1+ interLATA calls or to receive 0+ interLATA calls and select a secondary service provider per LATA for 1+ interLATA calls) such calls.

The customer is solely responsible for all 0+ and 1+ interLATA calls originating from the Telephone Company pay telephone when it handles 1+ interLATA sent-paid traffic or selects a secondary service provider to handle the 1+ interLATA sent-paid calls.

The Telephone Company must receive written authorization from the customer prior to routing 1+ interLATA sent-paid calls to the selected secondary service provider. If the customer selects a secondary service provider to handle 1+ interLATA sent-paid traffic, any arrangements will be solely between the customer and its selected secondary service provider.

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14. Coin Services (Cont'd)

14.3 Service Provisioning

The Telephone Company will provide 1+ interLATA sent-paid access from equal access end offices to the customer's designated location via direct routed trunks from the end office or via the Traffic Operator Position System (TOPS) tandems. When the customer orders Modified Operator Services Signaling (MOSS) between a TOPS tandem and the customer's premises, the customer will be required to order a separate and final trunk group from the TOPS tandem to the customer's premises for each Numbering Plan Area (NPA) within a LATA to identify the coin originating NPA.

The Telephone Company will provide, where available, two types of call setup signaling from its pay telephone, MOSS and Exchange Access Operator Services System (EAOSS) signaling from the TOPS to the customer's premises. If the equal access end office is equipped with EAOSS functionality, MOSS or EAOSS signaling can be provided via direct trunking from the end office to the customer's premises at the customer's option. If the equal access end office is equipped with MOSS functionality, only MOSS will be provided for direct trunking from the end office to the customer's premises.

14. Coin Services (Cont'd)

14.4 Collection and Remittance of Coin Station Monies

When the customer is provided Operator Trunk-Coin or Combined Coin and Non-Coined or Operator Trunk-Full Feature Optional Features for sent-paid pay telephone access as set forth in Section 6., the Telephone Company will collect sent-paid monies from pay telephone stations and will remit monies to the customer as set forth in 14.6.4. The Telephone Company will provide message call detail format and bill periods used to determine the monies upon request from the customer.

14.5 Provision of Message Call Detail Concerning Coin Station Monies

Where Operator Trunk-Coin or Combined Coin and Non Coin or Operator Trunk-Full Feature Optional Features for sent-paid pay telephone access is provided to the customer and the customer wishes to receive the monies it is due for the monies collected by the Telephone Company from coin pay telephone stations, the customer shall furnish to the Telephone Company, at a location specified by the Telephone Company, the customer message call detail for the customer sent-paid (coin) pay telephone calls in accordance with the Telephone Company collection schedule. The customer message call detail furnished shall be in a standard format established by the Telephone Company. The Telephone Company will provide to the customer the precise details of the required standard format. If, in the course of Telephone Company business, it is necessary to change the standard format, the Telephone Company will provide notification to the involved customer six months prior to the change. If no customer message call detail is received from the customer for each bill period established by the Telephone Company, the Telephone Company will assume there were no customer sent-paid (coin) pay telephone calls for the period. In addition the customer shall furnish a schedule of its charges for sent-paid (coin) calls to the Telephone at a location and date as specified by the Telephone Company. Any change in the customer's schedule of charges shall be furnished to the Telephone Company one day after the change becomes effective.

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14. Coin Services (Cont'd)

14.6 Payment of Coin Sent-Paid Monies

The Telephone Company will collect the monies from coin pay telephone stations and will determine and remit amounts due to a customer which is provided Operator Trunk-Coin or Combined Coin and Non-Coin or Operator Trunk-Full Feature Optional Features from sent-paid pay telephone access as set forth in Section 6. as follows:

14.6.1 Bill Period Coin Revenue

The Telephone Company will establish a collection schedule for each coin pay telephone station and will collect the monies from the coin pay stations based on this collection schedule. The monies collected based on this schedule during each bill period established by the Telephone Company will be identified by coin pay telephone station and summed to develop the Bill Period Coin Revenue for each coin record day (i.e., the day a record is prepared and dated to show the amount due the customer).

14.6.2 Total Customer Coin Revenue

The interstate Total Customer Coin Revenue will be determined by the Telephone Company based on the customer message call detail received from the customer for each bill period and the customer's schedule of charges for sent-paid coin calls. Such Total Customer Coin Revenue will be developed each coin record day.

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14. Coin Services (Cont'd)

14.6 Payment of Coin Sent-Paid Monies (Cont'd)

14.6.3 Recourse Adjustments

For each coin record day, the Telephone Company will subtract from the Total Customer Coin Revenue an amount for coin station shortages. Coin Station shortages are amounts resulting from unauthorized calling at coin pay telephone stations, use of unauthorized coins (i.e., foreign coins, slugs and improper use of U.S. pennies), unauthorized removal of coins from coin pay telephone stations and coin refunds beyond the Telephone Company's control. Such amount for coin station shortages will be developed by the Telephone Company by multiplying the Total Customer Coin Revenue for each coin record day by a shortage factor. Such amount will be rounded to the nearest penny. The shortage factor will be determined by dividing the yearly total coin shortages amount by the yearly total coin revenue amount (i.e., total coin revenue equals the coin revenue due under exchange tariffs, state toll tariffs, and interstate toll tariffs). The total coin shortage amount and the total revenue amount will be determined by the Telephone Company through an annual special study.

14.6.4 Payment of Net Customer Coin Revenue

The Telephone Company will determine the Net Customer Coin Revenue for each coin record day by subtracting from the Total Customer Coin Revenue determined as set forth in 14.6.2 preceding the amount for coin station shortages determined as set forth in 14.6.3 preceding. On the date (payment date) determined by adding 45 days to the coin record day, the Telephone Company will remit payment to the customer for the Net Customer Coin Revenue.

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14. Coin Services (Cont'd)

14.6 Payment of Coin Sent-Paid Monies (Cont'd)

14.6.5 Audit Provisions

Upon reasonable written notice by the customer to the Telephone Company, the customer shall have the right through its authorized representative to examine and audit, during normal business hours and at reasonable intervals as determined by the Telephone Company, all such records and accounts as may under recognized accounting practices contain information bearing upon the determination of the amount payable to the customer. Adjustment shall be made by the proper party to compensate for any errors or omissions disclosed by such examination or audit. Neither such right to examine and audit nor the right to receive such adjustment shall be affected by any statement to the contrary, appearing on checks or otherwise unless such statement expressly waiving such right appears in a letter signed by the authorized representative of the party having such right and delivered to the other party.

All information received or reviewed by the customer or its authorized representative is to be considered confidential and is not to be distributed, provided or disclosed in any form to anyone not involved in the audit, nor is such information to be used for any other purpose.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES

17.1 General

17.1.1 Service Offerings

Ancillary Services are available in the following categories:

(A) Billing and Collection Services
- Call Recording Service
- Message Processing Service
- Assembly and Editing Service
- Call Record Provision Service
- Message Bill Processing Service
- Bill Rendering Service
- Message Investigation Service
- Online Bill Pay
- Fundamental Billing
- Program Development

Regulations, rates and charges as follows apply to Ancillary Services and shall not serve as a substitute for customer tariff offerings of services to end users. The provision of such Ancillary Services by the Telephone Company, as set forth following, does not constitute a joint undertaking with the customer for the furnishing of any service.

The Telephone Company's undertaking to provide Ancillary Services is made only in conjunction with intrastate services offered within its operating territory.

The regulations, rates and charges contained herein are in addition to the applicable regulations, rates and charges specified in other sections of this tariff and in other tariffs of the Telephone Company which are referenced herein.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.1 Service Offerings (Continued)

(A) Undertaking of the Telephone Company

(1) Provision of Ancillary Services

(a) The Telephone Company, to the extentAncillary Service is available, or can be made available with reasonable effort, will provide to the customer Ancillary Services as described in 17.1.3, at rates and charges as specified in 17.1.5.

(b) When the customer subscribes to Call Recording Service, as set forth in 17.1.3 (A)(1), and customer message detail is not available because the Telephone Company lost or damaged tapes or incurred recording system outages, the Telephone Company will estimate the volume of lost customer messages and associated revenue based on previously known values determined from historical data. In such events the extent of the Telephone Company's liability for damages shall be limited to the granting of a corresponding credit adjustment on the customer's bill representing amounts due to the customer for the unbilled revenue.

When the Telephone Company is notified that, due to error or omission, incomplete data has been provided to a customer, the Telephone Company will make every reasonable effort to locate and/or recover the data and provide new magnetic tapes to the customer at no additional charge. Such request to recover the data must be made within 30 days from the date the details were initially made available to the customer. If the data cannot be recovered, the extent of the Telephone Company's liability for damages shall be limited as set forth in the preceding paragraph.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.1 Service Offerings (Continued)

(A) Undertaking of the Telephone Company (Continued)

(1) Provision of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(c) The Telephone Company shall be responsible for contacts and arrangements with the end user concerning the billing, collecting, crediting and adjusting of the customer's service charges, when the Telephone Company provides Inquiry Service as set forth in 17.1.5(A)(11).

(d) Message Bill Processing, Bill Rendering, Online Bill Pay, Fundamental Billing and Inquiry Services will only be offered by the Telephone Company with the purchase of receivables. The Telephone Company will purchase the customer's receivables at a discount from face value. The exact contents of the discount factor and specific settlement procedures will be contained in individual contractual arrangements signed by each customer.

(2) Discontinuance and Refusal of Ancillary Services

(a) If the customer fails to comply with the provisions of this tariff, including any payments to be made by it on the dates or at the times herein specified, and fails within thirty (30) days after written notice via certified mail from the Telephone Company to an officer of the customer requesting payment for such noncompliance, the Telephone Company may discontinue the provision of the Ancillary Service. In case of such discontinuance, all applicable charges shall immediately become due.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.1 Service Offerings (Continued)

(B) Obligations of the Customer (Continued)

(2) Request for Service (Continued)

(b) Order Requirements (Continued)

When Message Bill Processing, Message Investigation, Online Bill Pay, Fundamental Billing and Inquiry Services are ordered for MTS/WATS services, the customer shall furnish the Telephone Company an estimate of the number of messages (message capacity) to be billed. The message capacity shall be provided by year. Separate estimates shall be furnished by the customer for MTS messages, bulk-billed messages (WATS/800 services) and invoice billing messages.

When Bill Rendering Service is ordered, the customer shall furnish the Telephone Company an estimate of the number of bills for which Bill Rendering Service will be provided. The bill capacity shall be provided by year. Separate estimates shall be furnished by the customer for MTS bills, bulk-billed (WATS/800) bills and invoice billing bills.

(C) Payment Arrangements

(1) Minimum Charges

(a) Call Recording, Message Processing, Message Bill Processing, Online Bill Pay, Bulk-Billed, Fundamental Billing and Inquiry Services are subject to minimum charges.

(b) Any minimum billings associated with the above services, will be filed on an individual case basis in Section 17.1.5(B) of this tariff.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.1 Service Offerings (Continued)

(C) Payment Arrangements (Continued)

(4) Minimum Period Disconnect Charges

Minimum period disconnect charges will apply, if service is discontinued prior to the expiration of the minimum period. For Call Recording Service, the Telephone Company will use the most recent 30 day period for which data is available to determine the total minimum monthly charge. The customer will only be billed for the adjusted amount due, if payment has been received for any portion of the discontinued service.

If, for Message Processing, Message Bill Processing, Bill Rendering, Online Bill Pay and Fundamental Billing, service is discontinued prior to the end of the period ordered, the customer will pay the minimum charges for the remaining months of the minimum order period specified in 17.1.2(B)(2) (a).

The monthly charge for Message Processing, Message Bill Processing, Bill Rendering, Online Bill Pay and Fundamental Billing, will be one-twelfth of the appropriate yearly message capacity (i.e., MTS service billed or bulk-billed capacity estimate) furnished by the customer as set forth above, times the appropriate Message Processing, Message Bill Processing, Bill Rendering, Online Bill Pay and Fundamental Billing Services rate.

(5) Payment of Charges

When the Telephone Company purchases Call Recording from another telephone company and/or Message Processing Services from another telephone company or entity for a customer, the rates and charges for such services contained in this tariff are applicable.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.1 Service Offerings (Continued)

(C) Payment Arrangements (Continued)

(6) Customer's End User Deposits

When Bill Rendering, Online Bill Pay and Fundamental Billing Services are ordered, the Telephone Company will determine and collect a deposit from the customer's end user in accordance with the Telephone Company deposit regulations. The Telephone Company will provide the customer with a copy of its deposit regulations upon request.

17.1.2 Description of Ancillary Services

Ancillary Services consist of (1) Billing and Collection Service and (2) Operator Services. Ancillary Services shall be furnished to subscribers to the Telephone Company's access services, and in addition other telecommunications service providers, including providers of telephone answering services or voice messaging services.

All subscribers of Ancillary Services are subject to the terms and conditions contained within this tariff. Should the customer choose to perform his/her own ancillary functions and require sufficient information to do so, listed customer information may be purchased consistent with state regulations governing any rights to privacy. Charges for such lists will be calculated on a individual case basis.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.2 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services

(1) Call Recording Service

The Telephone Company will provide Call Recording in Telephone Company suitably equipped end offices or tandems. Call recording is available only with FGC, FGD or similar Feature Group offerings, when used in the provision of MTS/ WATS services. Call Recording is the entering on magnetic tape or other acceptable media the details of customer messages originated through Switched Access Service or Switched Access-like service for which answer and disconnect supervision has been received. The Telephone Company will provide the customer, upon request, the recorded message detail, as agreed to by both parties, for each completed intrastate message generated by end users gaining access to the customer from the Access Area.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.2 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(1) Call Recording Service (Continued)

The equipment at the customer designated location shall provide such signals as may be required for the proper operation of the Telephone Company's automatic call recording equipment used to perform this function.

The Telephone Company may purchase Call Recording Service from another telephone company. Another telephone company or entity may purchase Call Recording Service from the Telephone Company.

A standard format for the provision of the recorded message detail will be established by the Telephone Company. The Telephone Company will provide to the customer the precise details of the format. If, in the course of Telephone Company business, it is necessary to change the format, the Telephone Company will provide notification to the customer six months in advance of the change.

(2) Message Processing Service

Message Processsing Service consists of the transformation of recorded customer message details into rated messages. Message Processing Service will be provided for each intrastate message generated by end users gaining access to the customer from the Access Area of the Telephone Company. Message Processing Service includes the following:

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.2 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(2) Message Processing Service (Continued)

(a) Assembly of Message Detail
This function consists of arranging the customer's recorded message details into a format required for subsequent processing.

(b) Editing of Message Detail
This function consists of examining individual message details and identifying the messages with errors or the messages which require further examination.

(c) Rating of Messages
This function consists of calculating the charges for messages based on the customer's schedule of charges and the message detail.

The Telephone Company will provide Message Processing Service only for customer messages originated within the Access Area.

For the purpose of performing Message Processing Service, the Telephone Company may purchase Message Processing Service from another telephone company or entity as set forth in 17.1.2 (C)(5). Another telephone company or entity may purchase Message Processing Service from the Telephone Company.

Where the customer provides its own message details, it must be in the standard format established by the Telephone Company. The Telephone Company will provide to the customer the precise details of the required format. If, in the course of Telephone Company business, it is necessary to change the format, the telephone company will provide notification to the customer six months in advance of the change.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.2 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(2) Message Processing Service (Continued)

Where the Telephone Company has rated customer messages which are to be billed to an end user by another telephone company or entity, the Telephone Company will enter the customer messages on a magnetic tape or data file and transmit the rated messages as set forth in 17.1.3 (A)(4).

(3) Assembly and Editing Service

Assembly is the aggregation of recorded message details to create individual messages for rating. Editing is the process of verifying that the assembled message data is in accordance with the Telephone Company standard format and prescribed Exchange Message Interface (EMI) specifications.

The editing function consists of examining individual message detail and identifying the messages with errors or the messages requiring further examination. The editing process includes the validation of data categories such as; but not limited to, the following:

- Called Telephone Number
- Calling Telephone Number
- Date

The assembled and edited recorded message detail will be provided to the customer as set forth in 17.1.3(A)(4).

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.2 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(4) Call Record Provision Service

Call Record Provision Service is the transmission and receipt of rated and unrated message data. It also includes the transmission of end user data as a result of customer generated activity (i.e., transmitting end user data during conversion activities, etc.)

The billing information and/or end user data may be transmitted or received on magnetic tape or other acceptable media via either of two principal methods:

- Hand carried recording media (i.e., magnetic tape).
- Direct interface (data link) to the Telephone Company billing center.

The Telephone Company will determine the number of magnetic tapes required to transmit message/ record data to the customer, another telephone company or billing entity.

(5) Message Bill Processing Service

Message Bill Processing Service is the accumulation, guiding and preparation of messages (including the application of taxes), for end user bill rendering for MTS/WATS services.

Message-Billed Message Bill Processing Service is the accumulation, guiding, posting and formatting of rated message detail for bill rendering. The telephone company will process Calling Plans (i.e., Directory Assistance, Optional Calling Plans, Dial-It calls, etc.) that require the application of a discount to aggregate MTS usage as a part of its Message-Billed Message Bill Processing Service.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.2 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(5) Message Bill Processing Service (Continued)

Bulk-Billed Message Bill Processing Service is the accumulation, guiding and posting of rated message detail where the individual message detail is not provided on the bill rendered to the end user.

The rating may have been done by the Telephone Company, another entity, or the customer. Where a customer subscribes to Message Processing Service as set forth in 17.1.3(A)(2), the rated customer messages will be used as the input. If the customer provides the rated messages, the end user account to be billed shall be identified and the records shall be provided in the standard format established by the Telephone Company and delivered, as set forth in this tariff, the location specified by the Telephone Company.

If the customer provided rated messages they must be converted by the Telephone Company to the standard format, and the Telephone Company agrees to make the conversion, program development charges as set forth in 17.1.5(A) apply for the hours required to design, develop, test and maintain the necessary programs. If, in the course of Telephone Company business, it is necessary to change the format, the Telephone Company will provide notification to the customer six months in advance of the change.

The Telephone Company will only provide Message Bill Processing Service when Bill Rendering Service and Record Keeping are ordered.

The Message Bill Processing Service rate band will be determined by the Telephone Company for each customer based on the total number of interstate and intrastate messages per year.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.3 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(5) Message Bill Processing Service (Continued)

The rate for Message Bill Processing Service shall be the rate corresponding to the Message Bill Processing Service rate for such volume of messages as set forth in 17.1.5(A) on a calendar year basis. As used in this tariff, the term calendar year shall mean the period from January 1 through December 31 (both dates inclusive) of a given year.

The Telephone Company will use the customer provided message capacity to determine the band and its associated rate, during the year of the initial minimum period. During the first quarter of the next year, the customer and the Telephone Company will determine the actual volume of messages for which the Telephone Company performed Message Bill Processing Service. Such actual volumes shall be compared to the Message Bill Processing Service bands as set forth in 17.1.5(A) to determine which band such actual volume of messages fall. If the actual volume is greater than or less than customer provided message capacity, the actual volume will be multiplied by the appropriate band rate and compared to the billed volume to determine either a charge or credit. This charge or credit will be applied to the customer's subsequent bill.

For each year thereafter, the Telephone Company and the customer shall utilize the previous years actual volumes of messages and the customer provided message capacity in an effort to determine the appropriate band for the next calendar year. In the first quarter of each year, the procedure described in the previous paragraph will be followed.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.3 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(6) Bill Rendering Service

Bill Rendering Service is the printing and mailing of statements showing amounts due from end users for services provided by the customer. Bill Rendering Service includes payment and remittance processing, treatment, denial of service and collection of deposits (where appropriate) and other monies due from the end user. Bill Rendering Service is provided on a per bill basis.

When the Telephone Company provides Bill Rendering Service, the customer's statement of the amount due may, at Telephone Company option, be included as part of the regular monthly bill for local exchange service mailed to the end user.

The Telephone Company may, in accordance with its deposit regulations, determine and collect a deposit from the end user for the customer's services as set forth in 17.1.2(C)(6). When necessary, the Telephone Company, in accordance with its treatment procedures, shall deny the customer's services and/or local exchange services to an end user. Where local exchange service access is denied, access to the customer services will also be denied.

Bill Rendering Service will only be provided in conjunction with the purchase of a customer's receivables. The Telephone Company will not be responsible for any customer's balance due from end users prior to the initial order period.

The Telephone Company will only provide Bill Rendering Service when Message Bill Processing Service with Record Keeping is ordered or when Fundamental billing is ordered.

The Bill Rendering Service rate band will be determined by the Telephone Company for each customer based on the total number of bills per year.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.3 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(7) Message Investigation Service

The Telephone Company will provide Message Investigation Service when requested by the customer. Message Investigation Service is that activity undertaken by the Telephone Company to secure, or attempt to secure proper billing information in an effort to sustain or recharge the customer's message. The Telephone Company will investigate, at the request of the customer, unbillable messages to correct message detail information to allow for the proper billing application.

The customer's request for Message Investigation Service shall identify the customer message, the date the customer message was billed and the amount of the customer message. Message Investigation Service is provided on a per message investigated basis.

Message Investigation Service will be provided for each intrastate message generated by end users gaining access to the customer MTS/WATS services from the Access Area of the Telephone Company.

(8) Online Bill Pay

Online Bill Pay Service includes the preparation of bills, mailing of the bills to the end users and the collection of deposits and monies due from the end users. Online Bill Pay Service also includes master file maintenance and inquiry when ordered by the customer.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.3 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(8) Online Bill Pay (Continued)

Online Bill Pay Service is provided on a per message billed basis (message-billed). The Telephone Company will process Calling Plan (i.e., Directory Assistance, Optional Calling Plans, Dial-It calls, etc.) that require the application of a discount to aggregate MTS usage as a part of its message-billed billing.

When Online Bill Pay Service is ordered, the Telephone Company will accumulate, guide and post rated messages in preparation for billing (includes the application of taxes). The Telephone Company will also print and mail statements showing amounts due from end users for MTS services provided by the customer.

Collection Service provided to the customer will include receiving payments from the customer's end users, treatment of receivables, treatment of accounts, master file maintenance and collection of deposits (where appropriate) as set forth in 17.1.2(C)(6). When necessary, the Telephone Company, in accordance with its treatment procedures, shall deny the customer's services and/or local exchange services to an end user. Where local exchange service access is denied, access to the customer services will also be denied.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.3 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(8) Online Bill Pay (Continued)

When the Telephone Company provides inquiry, the Telephone Company will be responsible for contacts and arrangements (either written or oral) with the customer's end users concerning the billing, collecting, crediting, adjusting and message investigation of the customer's service charges in accordance with written instructions furnished by the customer and agreed to by the Telephone Company. Billed messages removed from an end user's bill will be appropriately adjusted to the customer's account receivables as agreed to by both parties. Inquiry will be provided only when the customer is provided Online Bill Pay Service.

When the Telephone Company provides Online Bill Pay Service without inquiry, all contacts from the end users concerning the customer's billed messages and amounts will be referred to the customer. The Telephone Company will only be responsible for contacts with the customer's end users concerning the collection of customer service deposits and charges. The customer shall notify its end users through its tariffs or other appropriate means when the customer provides its own inquiry service.

When the customer does not order inquiry and desires credit adjustments be made to the end users balance due, the customer shall furnish an Exchange Carrier Memorandum (EC Memo), as set forth in 17.1.4(A)(11), for each end user's account where the credit is desired.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.3 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(8) Online Bill Pay (Continued)

The rating may have been done by the Telephone Company, another entity or the customer. Where the customer subscribes to Message Processing Service as set forth in 17.1.3(A)(2), the rated customer messages will be used as the input. If the customer or another entity provides the rated messages, the end used account to be billed shall be identified and the records shall be provided in the standard format established by the Telephone Company and delivered as set forth in 17.1.3(A)(4) or 17.1.4(A)(13).

Online Bill Pay Service will only be provided in conjunction with the purchase of a customer's receivables. The Telephone Company will not be responsible for any customer's balance due from end users prior to the initial order period.

(9) Fundamental Billing

Fundamental Billing Service is the centralized receipt of invoice ready billing records for inclusion on the end user bill.

Fundamental Billing Service includes the preparation of bills, mailing of statements of the amount due for services provided by the customer, and the collection of deposits (where appropriate) and monies due from the customer's end users. Fundamental Billing Service also includes account establishment, maintenance of accounts, and treatment of accounts.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.3 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(9) Fundamental Billing Service (Continued)

When the Telephone Company provides Fundamental Billing Service, the customer shall rate its end users messages, calculate the taxes and the total amount (surcharges, discounts, allowances, recurring fees, etc.) to be billed for services it provided to its end users, prior to sending the invoice billing records to the Telephone Company.

The customer's statement of the amount due may, at Telephone Company option, be included as part of the regular monthly bill for local exchange service mailed to the end user.

As a part of its treatment procedures, the Telephone Company shall have the final authority to make adjustments or deny service for disputed charges on the end user's account.

Fundamental Billing Service will only be provided in conjunction with the purchase of a customer's receivables. The Telephone Company will not be responsible for any customer's balance due from end users prior to the initial order period.

Call Record Provision charges, as set forth in 17.1.5(A), shall apply for the receipt of accepted messages and the return of rejected messages. Bill Rendering charges, as set forth in 17.1.5(A), shall apply for each bill rendered. In addition, the Fundamental Billing Service Charge as set forth in 17.1.5(A) shall apply.

(10) Program Development Service

Program Development Service consists of developing the customer's schedule of rates into a rating program and changing the bill format when requested by the customer.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.3 Description of Ancillary Services (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(10) Program Development Service (Continued)

Program Development Service also includes converting message data, transmitted to the Telephone Company by the customer or another entity, into the Telephone Company standard format for processing.

A Program Development Charge, as set forth in 17.1.5(A), applies for the programming hours required for software designing and coding.

A Program Implementation Charge applies for table updating, testing, administration, documenting program changes and other implementation activities.

Changes in the rate levels of customer charges to be billed will normally be implemented within 30 days after receipt of an order from the customer requesting such change. When modification to the rating program is required, a Program Development Charge will also apply. Changes in rate structure will normally be completed within six months of a customer's order.

The complexity of the structural change will determine the exact length of time necessary to fulfill the request. Rate structure changes will be made only when the Telephone Company can accommodate such changes.

17.1.4 Rate Regulations

(A) Billing and Collection Services

(1) Call Recording Service for MTS/WATS services includes the functions listed in 17.1.3(A)(1). The rate, as set forth in 17.1.5(A), applies per message recorded.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.4 Rate Regulations (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(2) Message Processing Service for MTS/WATS services includes the functions listed in 17.1.3(A) (2). The rate, as specified in 17.1.5(A), applies per message processed. In those locations where WATS services are metered, or the billing record is summarized by another telephone company, the Message Processing rate, as set forth in 17.1.5(A), will apply per billing record processed. For rating purposes, a billing record is defined as any record which is required to be processed to accomplish billing of a customer's WATS usage.

(3) Assembly and Editing Service for MTS/WATS services consists of the functions listed in 17.1.3(A)(3). The rates, as specified in 17.1.5(A), applies per message assembled and edited.

(4) When message detail is transmitted to or received from the customer, another telephone company or billing entity, a Call Record Provision charge will apply. For this purpose, a record is a logical grouping of information as described in the program that processes the information and loads the magnetic tape or data file. The rate, as specified in 17.1.5(A), applies per record transmitted or received. The Telephone Company will determine the Call Record Provision charge based on its count of the records transmitted or received.

(5) The Message Bill Processing Service charge applies whenever the Telephone Company performs the functions listed in 17.1.3(A)(5).

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.4 Rate Regulations (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(5) The rate for Message Bill Processing Service shall be the rate corresponding to the Message Bill Processing Service rate for such volume of messages as set forth in 17.1.5(A) on a calendar year basis. As used in this tariff, the term calendar year shall mean the period from January 1 through December 31 (both dates inclusive) of a given year. The Message Bill Processing Service rate band will be determined by the Telephone Company for each customer based on the total number of interstate and intrastate messages per year.

The Telephone Company will use the customer provided message capacity to determine the band and its associated rate the first year of the initial minimum period. During the first quarter of the next year, the customer and the Telephone Company will determine the actual volume of messages for which the Telephone Company performed Message Bill Processing Service. Such actual volumes shall be compared to the Message Bill Processing Service bands as set forth in 17.1.5(A) to determine which band such actual volume of messages fall. If the actual volume is greater than or less than customer provided message capacity, the actual volume will be multiplied by the appropriate band rate and compared to the billed volume to determine either a charge or credit. This charge or credit will be applied to the customer's subsequent bill.

For each year thereafter, the Telephone Company and the customer shall utilize the previous year's actual volume of messages and the customer provided message capacity in an effort to determine the appropriate band for the next calendar year. In the first quarter of each year, the procedure described in the previous paragraph will be followed.

The rate, as specified in 17.1.5(A) applies per message processed. The bulk-billed Message Bill Processing Service charge applies per WATS/800 message processed.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.4 Rate Regulations (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(6) Bill Rendering Service includes the functions listed in 17.1.3(A)(6). The rate for Bill Rendering shall be the rate corresponding to the Bill Rendering Service rate for such volume of bills for a particular Telephone Company Billing service as set forth in 17.1.5(A) on a calendar year basis. As used in this tariff, the term calender year shall mean the period from January 1 through December 31 (both dates inclusive) of a given year. The Bill Rendering Service rate band is determined by the Telephone Company for each customer based on the total number of bills per year.

The Telephone Company will use the customer provided bill capacity to determine the band and its associated rate the first year of the initial minumum period. During the first quarter of the next year, the customer and the Telephone Company will determine the actual volume of bills for which the Telephone Company performed Bill Rendering Service. Such actual volumes shall be compared to the Bill Rendering Service bands as set forth in 17.1.5(A) to determine which band such actual volume of bills fall. If the actual volume is greater than or less than the customer provided bill capacity, the actual volume will be multiplied by the appropriate band rate and compared to the billed volume to determine either a charge or credit. This charge or credit will be applied to the customer's subsequent bill.

For each year thereafter, the Telephone Company and the customer shall utilize the previous year's actual volume of bills and the customer provided bill capacity in an effort to determine the appropriate band for the next calendar year. In the first quarter of each year, the procedures described in the previous paragraph will be followed.

The rate, as specified in 17.1.5(A) applies per bill rendered. A factor, based on actual interstate and intrastate billed-messages, will be used by the Telephone Company to apportion the Bill Rendering charge by jurisdiction.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.4 Rate Regulations (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(7) Message Investigation Service consists of the functions listed in 17.1.3(A)(7). The rate, as specified in 17.1.5(A), applies per message investigated by the Telephone Company.

(8) Online Bill Pay Service consists of the functions listed in 17.1.3(A)(8). The rate, as set forth in 17.1.5(A), applies per message.

(9) Fundamental Billing Service consists of the functions listed in 17.1.3(A)(9). The rates, as set forth in 17.1.5(A), apply per message per bill.

(10) A Record Keeping Charge applies for each end user account maintained by the Telephone Company for the customer. An end user account is a record which has a name and address and a unique billing indentification number assigned by the Telephone Company to which a bill is rendered. The Record Keeping Charge, as specified in 17.1.5(A), applies per month for each account and/or line maintained. A factor, based on actual interstate and intrastate billed messages, will be used to apportion the Record Keeping charge by jurisdiction.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.4 Rate Regulations (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(11) An Exchange Carrier Memorandum (EC Memo) charge will be assessed each time the customer requests a manual adjustment to an end user account. The EC Memo charge, as specified in 17.1.5(A), applies per account adjusted per memo. When necessary, a factor (based on actual interstate and intrastate adjusted messages) will be used to apportion the EC Memo charge by jurisdiction.

(12) A Service Order Change Charge applies whenever a billing service order is accepted by the Telephone Company to update (i.e., add, change or delete) its billing file to implement the requested activity. The Service Order Change Charge, as set forth in 17.1.5(A), applies per order processed.

(13) A Centralized Message Dispersion charge will apply when the Telephone Company provides a single point for the receipt of customer message data. The Telephone Company will receive, edit, sort, disperse and confirm the number of accepted billable messages and the total amount due the customer for services provided to its end users. In addition, the rated and/or unrated message data is dispersed to the appropriate location for further processing and/or billing. The rates, as set forth in 17.1.5(A) will apply per message processed. Call Record Provision charges, as set forth in 17.1.5(A) will apply for the receipt of each billable message and the transmission of each unbillable message. This charge does not apply to Fundamental Billing Service.

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.5 Rates and Charges

(A) Billing and Collection Services

(1)	Program Development Charge: per Hour	$ 94.00
(2)	Program Implementation: per Hour	55.00
(3)	Service Order Change Charge: per Order	4.00
(4)	MTS/WATS/800 Services Call Recording Service: per Message	.0150
(5)	MTS/WATS/800 Services Message Processing Service: per Message	.0100
	Assembly and Editing Service: per Message	.0075
(6)	Call Record Provision Service Via Magnetic Tape, Per Message Record Transmitted or Received	.01
	Via Direct Interface, Per Message Record Transmitted or Received	.002
(7)	Message-Billed Message Bill Processing Service per Message	
	0 to 4,411,199	.0762
	4,411,199 to 5,881,599	.0400
	5,881,600 to 8,822,499	.0200
	8,822,500 to 13,233,699	.0170
	13,233,700 to 16,175,000	.0160
	Greater than 16,175,000	.0150
(8)	Bulk-Billed Message Bill Processing Service per Message	.0200

17. ANCILLARY SERVICES (Continued)

17.1 General (Continued)

17.1.5 Rates and Charges (Continued)

(A) Billing and Collection Services (Continued)

(9)	MTS/WATS/800/888 Service	
	Bill Rendering Service	
	per Bill	
	0 to 104,400	.3500
	104,401 to 150,800	.3000
	150,801 to 646,999	.2700
	647,000 to 694,000	.2500
	Greater than 694,000	.2300
(10)	MTS/WATS/800/888 Services	
	Message Investigation, per Message	2.50
(11)	Online Bill Pay Service	
	Per Message	.0634
	Inquiry Service, per Message	.0078
	Adjustment, per Message	2.00
(12)	Fundamental Billing, Per Message	
	Messages Per End User Account Per Month	
	1- 10 Messages	.0310
	Greater than 10 Messages	.0190
(13)	EC Memo, per Account	10.00
(14)	Record Keeping, per Account	.0300
(15)	Centralized Message Dispersion charge, per message	.002

(B) In accordance with 17.1.2(C)(1)(b), the rates and charges will be developed on an individual case basis and listed below.

(Reserved for Future Use)

(C) In accordance with 17.1.2(C)(1)(b), the rates and charges will be developed on an individual case basis and listed below:

(Reserved for Future Use)

ISSUED: June 18, 2010
BY: Vice President
Rochester, New York

EFFECTIVE: July 1, 2010

18 COLLOCATION SERVICE

18.1 General

New Communications of the Carolinas Inc. d/b/a Frontier concurs in the regulations governing Collocation Service as filed by New Communications of the Carolinas Inc. d/b/a Frontier in its Facilities for Intrastate Access Tariff, Section 18 and to amendments authorized by the South Carolina, Public Service Commission for applicable law.

18.2 Rates and Charges

New concurs in the rates and charges as filed by New Communications of the Carolinas Inc. d/b/a Frontier in its Facilities for Intrastate Access Tariff, Section 18.